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PRICE TWO CENTS

President Addresses Congress on Control of Trusts

ABBE LEMAIRE RESIGNS HONOR FROM CHAMBER

Veteran Member of French Parliament Declares Action Is Due, Not to Ecclesiastical Superiors, but to Associates

WHOLE COURSE TOLD

Says He Has Been Coerced by Clerical Members for His Republicanism—Possible Unseemly Conduct Actuates Him

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

PARIS.—Abbe Lemaire has resigned the vice-presidency of the Chamber, to which he was elected. He has taken the opportunity, however, of declaring that he has not given way to pressure of his ecclesiastical superiors but has acted solely with a view to preventing any parties in the chamber from feeling aggrieved.

Yesterday the abbe explained his position to a representative of the Daily Chronicle. He explained that for 20 years he had represented Hazebrouck in the Chamber. He took this step because the Pope, at that time Leo XIII., was preaching appeasement to the French Catholics and urging them to rally to the republic.

In this way he considered that he fulfilled exactly the wish of the Vatican. When, however, he took his seat amongst the clericals on the right of the Chamber he found that a priest who believed in the republic had no place there, and he also found that the bishop of his diocese disapproved of his action.

Four years ago it became impossible, owing to the action of the clericals, for him to retain his seat on the right of the Chamber. He moved to the left center, where he found himself in more congenial company.

During the time he has sat in the Chamber he has endeavored to reconcile the divorce of church and state, but his action has only made the enmity of his ecclesiastical superiors more pronounced. His clerical superiors have endeavored to coerce him into resigning his seat and suppressing his paper, *Cri des Flandres*. He has refused both these demands, recognizing that besides being a priest he is also a Frenchman.

He has worked systematically as a legislator in the cause of social reform, making a sustained effort to interest the people in their little gardens and to empty the cabarets in that way. His steady republicanism, however, only increased the anger of his opponents and the persecution became so marked that the Chamber made his cause their own and voted him one of the vice-presidencies. He realized, however, that his occupation of this office might be the cause of unseemly conduct on the part of the Right, and he therefore resigned his office.

"I am condemned," he wound up, "because I am a Republican. No one has ever been able to reproach me with an act or a word unworthy of a priest. But here I stand and, like MacMahon, here I shall remain."

LIGHT COMPANIES TO MOVE PLANTS

Surveys are being made by the Malden & Melrose Gaslight Company and the Malden Electric Company, located in Malden, of the marsh land in the Wellington section of Medford with a view to removing the plants to that locality. The Medford Board of Trade is at work to secure the companies for that city while the Malden Board of Trade, at a meeting tonight, will seek to have the plants remain in Malden.

MILITARISM IS UPHELD AT LEAGUE OF PRUSSIAN MEETING

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

BERLIN.—The League of Prussians, which was recently formed, held its first meeting yesterday on the anniversary of the proclamation of the King of Prussia as the first German Emperor. The series of speeches were made very largely in support of the military aspect of the empire.

Lieutenant-General von Wrochem, speaking of a monarchical army, declared that his army constituted the only university where today lessons of duty and obedience were taught and exercised, and he went on to declare that discussion of army affairs in the Reichstag was an impertinent attempt to interfere with the supreme power of the War Lord. He followed this up with a panegyric on the action of the troops under the command of Colonel von Reuter at Zabern, action which he declared had been received with execration in the Jewish press and amongst the assembly known as the Reichstag.

Dr. Roscoe, president of the Agrarian

NEW TURKISH WAR MINISTER LEADER IN TRIPOLI CAMPAIGN



(Copyright by Newspaper Illustrations)

Enver Bey, who is in charge of Porte's department of war

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON.—As already reported in the Monitor cable despatches, the well-known Young Turk officer Enver Pasha, better known as Enver Bey, has been appointed minister of war in succession to Izzet Pasha, who resigned a short time ago.

Enver Pasha has from the first been a prominent figure in the new regime. He

earned a great reputation for leadership in the Tripoli campaign, and he was largely instrumental in bringing about the rupture of the first peace negotiations between Turkey and the Balkan Alliance little over a year ago.

The Imperial irade announcing the appointment confers upon the hero of Tripoli the rank of Brigadier-General, which carries with it the title of Pasha.

FRANCE PRAISED BY M. VENEZELOS FOR AID IN WAR

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

PARIS.—M. Venezelos, who has reached Paris, lunched with M. Poincare yesterday. Premier Doumergue being present. In the evening he was entertained at a banquet by the Greek colony, when he made a speech in which he thanked those present for the services rendered their country during the Balkan war, and dwelt on the sympathy shown by France to Greece during the recent struggle.

With manifest allusion to the unfortunate accident of the King of Greece's reference to German influence on the Greek army, he went on to speak of the French military mission and to express the obligation of the Greek army to the French schools and for the training given to its officers.

PROTESTANTS IN COUNCIL INDORSE BISHOPS' ACTION

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

LONDON.—The Council of United Protestant Societies has just passed a resolution expressing its satisfaction at the essentially Christian spirit which moved the Kikuyu conference as a whole in accepting the action of the Bishops of Mombasa and Uganda in extending communion to all denominations present, and expressing regret at the attitude of the Bishop of Zanzibar in taking exception to their action.

League, who followed, insisted that democracy does not seek to govern by talent but always through money or mob, whilst Pastor Robenbeck declared that the mission of Prussia was a providential one ordained by Providence for the education of Germany into true nationalism.

Lieutenant-General von Kracht, whose speech has provoked the most criticism outside, inasmuch as he declared that at the Battle of Orleans the Bavarian regiments wavered and were being overwhelmed when the Prussian battalions came upon the scene, rescued them and restored their courage, whilst finally Major-General Rogge described Prussia's vocation as an anti-Democratic anti-Socialistic mission.

Lieutenant-General von Kracht's statement has already produced considerable criticism in Bavaria and the Munich press is full of protests and warnings against the speeches made which are described not only as impudent pretensions, but as glib and the Radical mill.

ULSTER LEADER STILL SEES HOPE OF AGREEMENT

Sir Edward Carson at Luncheon Given for Unionist Council Says, However, That Preparations to Fight Must Continue

RENEWS HIS APPEAL

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

BELFAST.—Yesterday Lord Londonderry entertained the Ulster Unionist council after the meeting in Ulster hall and previous to the general meeting in the evening. Amongst those present were the Duke of Portland, primate of Ireland and moderator of the Presbyterian church, as well as one of the leading ex-Unionist cabinet ministers, Mr. Long.

Speaking after the luncheon, Sir Edward Carson made a further appeal to those present to hold their own. He referred again to Mr. Chamberlain's now famous "Fight it out," and he declared that Ulster would fight it out. His declaration that further conversations with the government might be necessary showed that all hope of agreement had not been abandoned, but he went on to insist that preparations must continue side by side with those conversations.

At the Ulster hall meeting in the evening the principal speaker was Mr. Long, who declared that he believed that the Ulster volunteer force would prove in no way inferior to the regular army. If, however, the regular army was sent to fight the volunteer force there would be an end of the regular army for at least a generation.

Sir Edward, who followed him, spoke of the sacrifice that had been made by the Ulster volunteers and wound up his address with the phrase, "Peace but preparation."

GOV. WALSH MAY NOMINATE JUDGE

It was said at the executive office today that Governor Walsh may send to the executive council tomorrow the nomination of a judge to succeed the late Nathan D. Pratt of Lowell on the superior court bench.

Among the names which it was said the Governor is considering for the nomination are: James B. Carroll of Springfield, William H. Beut of Lowell, and Christopher T. Callahan of Holyoke, district attorney for the western district.

LEGISLATURE GETS DOWN TO ITS REAL WORK

Four Committees of General Court Hold Hearings on 18 Different Measures Which Are to Be Examined for Report

Although a few committee hearings have been held at the State House by the present Legislature, the real work of the committees began today, with four of them giving hearings on a total of 18 bills. Also, the committee on elections is to continue today its hearing on the contested election in the sixth Middlesex district.

It is expected that hearings will be given on fully 50 measures before the end of the week and that the committee reports thereon will begin in considerable number shortly afterward, so that by the middle of next week each branch probably will have material enough before it to warrant longer sessions and debates.

The committee on cities today gave a hearing on four measures including part of the recommendations of the Fall River police board and a bill to regulate volunteer fire departments.

Corporation Counsel Joseph J. Corbett, Representative John A. Anderson, Representative Lewis R. Sullivan and John Halloran appeared before the committee to request legislation enabling the city of Boston to pay an adequate sum of money to Mary Halloran, widow of the late Daniel M. Halloran, who was in the employ of the sewer division of the city. The committee voted to recommend that the city of Boston be authorized.

(Continued on page seven, column one)

LYNN SCHOOL BANK OPEN; FIRST DAY'S BUSINESS IS \$94.83

LYNN, Mass.—About 150 boys and girls pupils at the English high school deposited in the new school savings bank, which opened for the first time this morning, sums aggregating \$94.83. The fittings of the school banking office are typical of commercial institutions, the space allotted in the commercial department being equipped with counters, rails, wickets and desks.

This school depository is under the control of the Massachusetts bank commission and under the patronage of the Lynn Institution for Savings which receives the deposits of the pupils when they reach \$1. Banking hours are the first two recitation periods on Mondays and Wednesdays.

The officers of the bank are: President, Edward C. Holden; vice-president, Robert Farwell; cashier, Robert Brewster; receiving tellers, Ralph Rogers, Emory Locke, Thomas Maloney, Leland Perkins; paying tellers, Samuel F. Kinsman, Walter Munro and Frank Litch.

SOUTH AFRICAN STRIKE AT END; MORE ARRESTED

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

LONDON.—The South African strike may be said to be ended, but arrests of the men's leaders still continue to be made.

Yesterday, speaking to the commandoes, General Beyers declared that the rapidity of their mobilization had enabled South Africa to prove that she could manage her own affairs without the help of the imperial troops.

This utterance is significant in more ways than one, but though the strike appears to have been completely crushed for the time being, that is a very different thing from saying that the economic question has even begun to be settled.

The attention and thought shown young people in pointing out the Monitor to them as the newspaper best suited to turn to for general news, while it is appreciated now, will be valued far more in the years to come. It remains for later years to produce the harvest sown now by loving friends and believers in clean journalism.

WOMEN WIN A PROMISE FROM STREET RAILWAY

Road Agrees to Confer With Brockton Relative to Central Waiting Station and Loop

Representatives of the Bay State Street Railway Company are to petition the city of Brockton for a conference on the question of establishing a waiting room and loop in the center of the city to improve the service and provide more accommodations in the business section. They agreed to do this at a hearing before the public service commission today at 1 Beacon street called at the instance of 40 members of women's clubs and others.

The case was the first to come before the commission at its new quarters. It was asserted by the petitioners that the service at present given by the Bay State Railway Company was unsatisfactory and that the waiting room accommodations were inadequate.

Present at the hearing were Mayor Harry C. Howard of Brockton, Henry Poole, Arthur H. Andrews, Mrs. Henry Poole, former president of the Brockton Woman's Club, and others.

The company was represented by James F. Jackson, H. E. Reynolds, assistant superintendent of the road, and John Conway, division superintendent.

M. POINCARE TAKES PEACE STEP; WILL ATTEND GERMAN DINNER

Special Cable to the Monitor from its European Bureau

PARIS.—President Poincare has decided that he will attend the banquet to be given tonight at the German embassy. It will be the first time since M. Carnot held office that a President of the re-

Object of Law Reform, He Declares, Is to Provide Bulwarks for Business of Nation Whose Opinion Should Be Reflected

URGES INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION

Interlocking Directorates Held to Be Center of System for Better Control of Which Chief Executive Reads Message at Joint Session

WASHINGTON.—"We are now about to write the additional articles of our constitution of peace, the peace that is honor and freedom and prosperity."

So said President Wilson this noon in closing his address before a joint session of Congress on necessary legislation to clarify and make more effective the antitrust laws.

"The antagonism between business and government is over," he declared. "The government and business men are ready to meet each other half way in a common effort to square business methods with public opinion and the law. Our object is not to unsettle business or anywhere seriously to break its estab-

lished courses atwart. We desire the laws we are now about to pass to be bulwarks and safeguards of industry against the forces which have disturbed it. What we have to do can be done in thoughtful moderation, without any revolution of any untoward kind."

The President believes that interlocking directorates form the center of the trust system. He criticized the group of wealthy men who in themselves, he declared, by reason of their enormous holdings of stock in numerous corporations, constitute virtual monopolies. He practically told Congress it should decide whether large owners of stock in corporations should be compelled to choose in which one of them they will exercise their right to vote on the conduct of its affairs.

The President was emphatic in his declaration for the creation of an industrial commission. He held that public opinion has finally conquered big business so that the average business man is now convinced that the ways of liberty are also the ways of peace and the ways of success.

The address also favored the making of guilt personal in suits against trusts. The President's words were heard by a throng which filled the House chamber. More real interest was felt in the address than in any of the others he has delivered to Congress, with the possible exception of the message on Mexico. Tickets of admission were in great demand. Each member of the House and Senate received one ticket. Applause was frequent.

The House assembled at 12:30. Soon after the members of the Senate arrived. The President arrived at the Capitol.

MELROSE TO MAKE PARK OF ELL POND

Arrangements are being made by the finance committee of the board of aldermen of Melrose for a municipal carnival to be held on Ell pond. The plans involve turning the pond into a municipal skating park, electric illumination and music on some evenings.

The plans for the carnival were submitted by Joshua T. Nowell, and provide for the appointment of a committee of three members of the board of aldermen and an expenditure not to exceed \$300 for the affair. Plans for lighting the pond were submitted by Alderman Eugene L. Pack and provide for an expenditure of not more than \$200.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY SEEKS JUDGESHIP

ABINGTON, Mass.—The Plymouth County Bar Association has appointed a committee to wait upon Governor Walsh and urge that the vacancy upon the bench of the superior court be filled by an appointment from Plymouth county because that section is not now represented and that there has been but one person since the establishment of the court in 1839, namely, Robert O. Harris, who served from 1903-11.

Attorney William J. Coughlan of this town has been unanimously endorsed by the Plymouth county bar for the position.

PROTEST MADE ON SCHOOL PRAYERS

WASHINGTON.—Some Massachusetts citizens are protesting to their Congressmen against recitation of Protestant prayers in the public schools, and ask federal action on the theory that it is a violation of the constitution.

COUNCILOR'S ELECTION VOID
QUINCY, Mass.—Because he had not been a citizen for one year as required by the charter Alexander J. Cowie, recently elected to the city council, was barred from taking his seat last night. To fill the vacancy a special election will be held March 10.

WORCESTER HAS B. & M. FIRE
WORCESTER, Mass.—Fire in the administration building of the Boston & Maine railroad at Lincoln square early today caused a damage estimated at \$10,000.

BOX FACTORY BURNS
MEDWAY, Mass.—The Medway Box Company factory was burned today with a damage of \$25,000.

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Powers Have Crop of War Problems, Says Diplomat

RUSSIA PRAISED FOR WORK DONE IN THE BALKANS

British Ambassador at St. Petersburg Says Cooperation of Country Has Contributed to Maintenance of Peace in Europe

RELATIONS ARE TOLD

(Special to the Monitor)
ST. PETERSBURG, Russia—Speaking at the annual dinner of the New England Club at St. Petersburg recently, the British ambassador, Sir George Buchanan, said that the joint liquidation of the Balkan wars had produced a crop of questions that would keep the chancelleries of Europe employed for many a day to come.

The only redeeming feature in an otherwise deplorable situation had been the restriction of the conflagration within the confines of the Balkans, and the fact that despite their conflicting interests the Powers had never lost contact with each other. All this, the ambassador considered, bore testimony to the pacific disposition of the governments concerned, and was of good augury for the maintenance of the world's peace.

Going on to speak of Anglo-Russian relations, Sir George Buchanan said he

could but repeat what he had told them last year, namely, that though not so directly interested as Russia in the Balkans, Great Britain had cooperated loyally with her throughout, and both governments had worked together in the interests of peace.

"The two nations," he continued, "are, I think, being gradually brought into closer touch and are discovering how false were the prejudices, which at one time they entertained against each other. Diplomats can but prepare the ground for an understanding, which, if it is to be permanent, must be built on a solid foundation of mutual sympathy, mutual interests, and mutual confidence." It was for that reason, he added, that he rejoiced to see the growing interest taken by Englishmen in Russia, and Russian affairs.

M. Basile de Timirazeff, president of the Russo-British Chamber of Commerce, who also spoke, said that what had saved the situation during the recent crisis in the Near East, had, he firmly believed, been the loyal friendship and mutual support of England and Russia. A friendship which Russia associated with one of the greatest English foreign ministers, Sir Edward Grey, and with one of the best ambassadors, Sir George Buchanan.

The preservation of the blessings of peace, he declared, depended on the maintenance of good relations between the different groups of Powers, and English statesmanship was to be esteemed for the fact that out of the troubles of 1913 it had brought closer relations between England and Germany. Because of the value Russia set upon peace and because of the effort she made to preserve it they welcomed with the utmost satisfaction this better understanding between these two great nations.

GREEK INSCRIPTION OF 140 B. C. TELLS OF JEWS AT ALEXANDRIA

(Special to the Monitor)
ALEXANDRIA, Egypt—Joseph Offord, writing in the Egyptian Gazette, points out that the report presented by Signor Dr. Breccia to the municipality of Alexandria, upon the acquisitions by the museum during 1912, contains a newly found Greek inscription of importance to the history of Jewish residents in Egypt in Ptolemaic times. The text, which is engraved upon a block of marble, came from a mound called Kom-el-Akhdar, near Aboul Matenur, and reads as follows:

AT THE THEATERS

BOSTON
CASTLE—"The Whip," 7:45.
CORT—When Dreams Come True, 8.
HOLDS—John Drew, 8.
KITTIES—Vanderbilt, 2.
MAJESTIC—Little Women, 8:10.
PARK—The Argonauts, 8:10.
PLAYBOY—Under Cover, 8:05.
SHUBERT—All Aboard, 8.
TRIMONT—Years of Discretion, 8:15.

BOSTON CONCERTS
Tuesday, Steinmet Hall, 8:15 p. m., song recital, Harrison Bennett, bass.
Wednesday, Jordan Hall, 3 p. m., violin recital, Alexander Bloch.
Thursday, Jordan Hall, 3 p. m., piano recital, Miss Ruth Dey; Jordan Hall, 8:15 p. m., Longy Club of wind instruments.
Friday, Symphony hall, 2:30 p. m., thirteenth Symphony rehearsal, Anton Witke, soloist.
Saturday, Symphony hall, 8 p. m., thirteenth Symphony concert, Anton Witke, soloist.
Sunday, Symphony hall, 3:30 p. m., recital by Miss Julia Culp, soprano, and Miss Teresa Carreno, pianist.

BOSTON OPERA HOUSE
Wednesday, 8 p. m., "Tosca."
Friday, 7:30 p. m., first performance of Wagner's "Meistersinger."
Saturday, 1:45 p. m., "Louise"; 8 p. m., "Tales of Hoffmann."
Sunday, 8 p. m., concert by opera house artists.

NEW YORK
ASTOR—Seven Keys to Baldpate.
BELASCO—Miss Frances Starr.
BOOTH—Princess.
COHAN—Potash and Perlmutter.
CORT—Kitty Mackay.
CORT—Peg o' My Heart.
CRITCHFIELD—Young Widows.
EMPIRE—Miss Maude Adams.
GAIETY—Miss Elsie Ferguson.
GARRICK—Kiss Comes to Stay.
HARRISON—William Collier.
KNICKBOCKER—New Henrietta.
LITTLE—The Philanderer.
LIVELY—Omar.
MANHATTAN—Forbes Robertson.
PLAYHOUSE—Things That Count.
SHUBERT—A Thousand Years Ago.
WALLACKS—Cyril Maude in "Grumpy."
WEST END—At Bay.

CHICAGO
BLACKSTONE—"Fanny's First Play."
FINE ARTS—Repertory.
JULY—Miss Julia Widom.
POWERS—David Warfield.
STUBBART—"Her Own Money."

BRITISH WOMEN'S MILITANT MOVEMENT WORK REVIEWED

Social and Political Union in Record of Year Tells of Campaign Against Liberal Government and Refers to Efforts Made to Suppress Publication of Weekly

(Special to the Monitor)
LONDON—The campaign of militancy which has been forced on the women's suffrage movement in Great Britain owing to the methods of repression adopted by the government, and the breaking of promises made by them to the advocates of women's enfranchisement, furnishes ample material for the record of the year 1913, issued by the Women's Social and Political Union in the columns of the Suffragette.

The record consists of 10 columns mostly filled with the terse records of militant actions, of trials, of imprisonments, of hunger strikes and of forcible feeding. This remarkable compilation is the story in brief of a great fight, perhaps the most amazing part of which is the evidence of the methods of warfare adopted by the enemy, a Liberal government.

Forcible feeding heads the list, and upon this new use of physical force as a deterrent to political opinions, follows infringement of the right of free speech, the raiding and seizure of private property, the attempt to suppress the organ of the militant movement, and the threats, which had afterwards to be withdrawn, of prosecution of subscribers to that paper.

The section of the report dealing with the raid of Lincoln's Inn House and the attempt to suppress the Suffragette provides extraordinarily interesting reading. "On Wednesday, May 7," it states, "occurred one of the most important events in the history of the movement. This consisted of the great 'raid' upon Lincoln's Inn House and the arrest of the constitutional officials of the W. S. P. U.—Miss Kerr, Mrs. Sanders, Miss Rachel Barrett, Miss Lennox and Miss Lake. These ladies were charged with conspiracy, and included in that charge were Edwy Clayton and Miss Annie Kenney and Gen. Flora Drummond, the two last named, as it happened, being already in the toils of the law in connection with a less serious charge.

"Not content with raiding the offices of the Woman's Social and Political Union headquarters, the government attempted to suppress the Suffragette, and it being press day, they raided the printers and seized the copy. Happily, their purpose was frustrated, for another printing firm—namely, the Victoria House Printing Co., Ltd., was found to bring out the paper. The leading article had been saved from capture; other material was hastily got together and the famous raided issue of the Suffragette was brought out in triumph.

"In a manner which astounded both friends and foes the W. S. P. U. rallied from the blow which the government had dealt, and in an incredibly short time the announcement was made: 'Business as usual—the flag again flying.' The raid had been accompanied by every sort and description of illegality but the government could not go beyond a certain point and were compelled to relinquish possession of the headquarters at Lincoln's Inn House to those rightfully entitled to it. Infuriated at having failed to suppress the Suffragette, the government arrested Mr. Drew, the manager of the printing firm that had undertaken the printing for the raid issue. The National Labor Press, Ltd., then stepped forward and undertook to print the issue of May 9. The government at once ordered the arrest of its Manchester manager, Mr. Whiteley.

"Even this step did not avail to suppress this indomitable paper. To the everlasting honor of the printing trade, a third printer was found in the person of J. Edward Francis, who at great inconvenience to himself printed the issues of several ensuing weeks. Ultimately the printing of the paper was undertaken by the Utopia Press.

"When the conspiracy trial was opened before the magistrate Mr. Bodkin had clearly stated that subscribers to W. S. P. U. funds were liable to prosecution and that the Suffragette must be stopped. These illegal threats were afterwards withdrawn by the government. The final settlement of the cases of Mr. Drew and Mr. Whiteley was this: That Mr. Drew, who had first been illegally coerced into signing an undertaking not in future to print the Suffragette or any other W. S. P. U. literature, was finally released from his undertaking.

and that Mr. Whiteley, who was convicted of illegally conspiring with the militant Suffragists, was sentenced to a nominal term of imprisonment equivalent to instant release."

The closing paragraph of the 1913 report gives in a few lines the "militancy of the closing days of the year." This consisted of the "burning of a mansion at Wemyss bay, valued at £60,000, an attempt to fire Argyle House, near Shannon; the burning of the Rushmore Exhibition Hall at Manchester and the scene railway at Liverpool; the setting fire to St. Anne's Church, Aigburth, a gigantic fire in a timber yard at Devonport (the biggest ever known in the Three Towns); an explosion at Holloway prison; and the burning down of mansions at Bath and Cheltenham.

GLASGOW SCHOOL BOARD ADVANCES PAY OF MASTERS

(Special to the Monitor)
GLASGOW, Scotland—At a recent meeting of the Glasgow school board a scheme was unanimously approved for raising the salaries of headmasters in elementary schools according to the size of the school. St. Mungo claims to be the premier board in Scotland as regards numbers.

The new scheme provides for a maximum salary of £450 where the average attendance is 1200 and over, of £400 where the attendance is between 1000 and 1200, of £350 where the attendance is over 700, and of £300 where there are fewer than 700 on the attendance roll. It was recommended that on all the groups the salaries be considered annually.

When it is recalled that 79 per cent of the teaching profession in Scotland receive less than £100 a year it can only be hoped that this move in the right direction will extend itself shortly to those insufficiently paid members of the staff who work under the headmaster.

CALCUTTA MUSEUM DESCRIBED AS MOST INTERESTING IN ASIA

Bengal Governor Advises Public to Visit Institution Containing Collections of a Century Including Specimens Connected with Civilizations That Swept Over India

(Special to the Monitor)
CALCUTTA, India—It is a remarkable fact that, as Lord Carmichael, governor of Bengal, observed recently in presiding over a lecture by Sir Asutosh Mukherjee on the Indian museum, "the people of Calcutta do not seem to have so great an opinion of their own museum as people who live outside Calcutta."

The governor went on to say that he had heard this museum praised a great deal more outside Asia than he had heard it praised in Calcutta. He concluded his speech by advising the public to visit the museum.

Such a speech, and the accuracy which characterized it, are certainly very flattering to the citizens of Calcutta. The Indian museum is by far the most interesting and valuable institution of its

kind in Asia. It was founded just a century ago, and its early history was attended by the vicissitudes which so often surround the beginnings of great institutions.

Sir Asutosh Mukherjee, who is a judge of the high court and one of the most intellectual men in India, stated in his lecture that the museum owed its inception to a Dane, Dr. Wallich, who was taken prisoner by the British when Serampore, the Danish settlement, about a dozen miles up the Hooghly, was captured. Dr. Wallich was released by his captors in recognition of his attainments in natural science, and devoted a number of years to promoting research in British India.

In 1814 he proposed to the Asiatic Society that a museum should be started, and he offered not merely to act as honorary curator, but also to supply duplicates from his own valuable collections, to form a nucleus of exhibits. The museum was accordingly called into existence by the Asiatic Society, which maintained it until 1836, when the failure of the great banking house of Palmer & Co., involved it in financial difficulties, and it had to ask for help from the government. The government agreed, and thus began its official connection with the Indian museum, which culminated in 1862, when the present impressive building was erected, and the Indian museum housed in it.

The Indian museum is a magnificent structure, and with the additions which were made two years ago presents a lofty and extensive frontage to Chowringhee, which flanks the great Maidan, or plain of southern Calcutta, and is undoubtedly one of the noblest boulevards in the world. It is richly stored alike with archaeological and with economic treasures. The geological antiquities of India have been by no means thoroughly exploited, but fossil remains of extraordinary interest have been sent to enrich the museum.

All the numerous civilizations that have swept over India are represented in its antiquarian section. During the last decade and a-half the Greco-Buddhist excavations that have been going on in northern India have provided it with an enormous mass of remains eloquent of the influence which the wave of Grecian invasion pioneered by Alexander had upon the life and art of Hindustan 2000 years ago.

Not the least interesting, and from a practical point of view certainly the most valuable section of the museum, is the economic section. This section presents an exhibition in miniature of all the industries that have ever flourished in India, special attention being devoted to those which exist today. Not merely is it an exhibition, but it is an elaborately organized bureau of commercial and economic information, which has only to be consulted to furnish the inquirer with answers to every conceivable question as to production and consumption and markets.

The Indian museum is a triumph of insight and enthusiasm and its fame has spread all over India. The natives call it the Jagadgur, or "wonder house," and no one of the myriad pilgrims who flock to Calcutta to pay their devotions at the shrine of Kalkat, or elsewhere, omits to explore its treasures. India as a whole appreciates the museum, even if Calcutta does not.

OPERA BY SINDING TO BE PRODUCED

(Special to the Monitor)
LONDON—A Berlin correspondent of the London Times states that the Norwegian composer, Sinding, who is at present living in Berlin, has composed an opera in two acts called "Der Heilige Berg." This is Sinding's first opera, and it is expected that it will be performed for the first time in the Court Opera house at Dessau, the capital of Anhalt, at Easter.

DIARIES FOR 1914

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Tasmania city and broad expanse of landlocked water which makes it important Australian port

BRITISH RIFLEMEN ASKED TO CHANGE BISLEY PROGRAM

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—A letter was recently sent to the National Rifle Association by Gen. C. W. Douglas, chairman of the war office committee on rifle associations, urging a modification of the program of the next Bisley meeting in order to bring it into harmony with the military regulations for the territorial force.

The proposed alterations have still to be discussed at the general meeting of the association, which will not be held for some time, but it is possible that the association may not see its way to modify its Bisley program.

If this proves to be the case a Territorial Force Rifle Association might be formed, but it has already been denied that the war office proposes to set up a rival meeting to Bisley unless the proposals embodied in General Douglas' letter are adopted.

SWEDES RESENT RUSSIAN ACTION

(Special to the Monitor)

STOCKHOLM, Sweden—Russian designs with regard to Sweden continue to agitate the leading newspapers of the latter country. The Ny Dagligt Allehanda recently stated that members of the Russian legation in Stockholm recently tried to land at the Karlsborg fortress during a cruise from Stockholm to Gothenburg.

The same paper complained of Russian espionage and advised the government to act firmly even toward its most powerful neighbors. The Aftonbladet, another important Stockholm newspaper, dealt in a recent article with Russian military preparations in Finland and stated that those preparations were aimed at Sweden.

CHINESE POLITICAL COUNCIL IS OPENED

(Special to the Monitor)

PEKING, China—The Political Council recently set to work after several postponements. In the course of a long speech the chairman pointed out that the decisions of the Council, unlike those of the Legislature, would not be final, as it would merely advise the President on questions submitted to it by him. The speaker attributed the failure of the Assembly to the fact that obstruction had been indulged in instead of cooperation. The Council, he added, would bear public opinion in mind, but would deliberate unhurriedly.

NEW STEAMER ADDED TO SYDNEY FERRIES FLEET

(Special to the Monitor)

SYDNEY, New South Wales—Another important addition to the fleet of the Sydney Ferries, Ltd., was recently launched at David Drakes' yard, Bald Rock, Balmain.

The new steamer is 170 feet long, with a 35 foot beam and a draft of 11 feet. She is the largest of the company's boats and can carry 1600 passengers. Constructed in accordance with the new regulations of the department of navigation she has six fore-and-aft bulkheads and five transverse bulkheads.

Another large vessel recently completed is that built by Messrs. T. E. Morrison and Sinclair, Balmain, for the Illawarra and South Coast S. N. Company. This vessel, the Benandra, is 130 feet long and has a beam of 29 feet. She is designed for cargo but has in addition accommodation for 18 passengers.

LONDON LYCEUM CLUB HONORS OLIVE SCHREINER

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—A dinner was given at the Lyceum Club recently in honor of Olive Schreiner. The president, Mrs. Montefiore, in welcoming Mrs. Schreiner, said that her popularity in this country, particularly among the members of the Lyceum club, was attested by the number of letters which had been received declaring the writer's indebtedness to their guest's "Story of an African Farm" for inspiration and cheer.

Jerome K. Jerome, who supported the toast, said that the three women in literature who had been of the most assistance to him were Charlotte Bronte, George Eliot and Olive Schreiner.

British Chancellor Calls for Action on War Expense

LIBERALS URGED TO CUT THE COST OF ARMAMENTS

Mr. Lloyd George Says Common Sense of Industrial Classes of World Has Risen Against This Organized Expenditure

COMPARISONS MADE

(Special correspondence of the Monitor.) LONDON.—In a recent issue of the Daily Chronicle there appeared, by permission of Mr. Lloyd George, the substance of a conversation which the chancellor of the exchequer had with a visitor during his December holiday at Criccieth. A summary of this conversation has already been cabled to The Christian Science Monitor.

Dealing with the armaments problem, Mr. Lloyd George pointed out that had the expenditure of Great Britain on armaments remained at a figure which Lord Randolph Churchill in 1887 considered bloated and prodigal, a saving would have been effected equivalent to 4s. in the pound in the local rates. He mentioned local rates rather than imperial taxes because this would bring the armaments question more effectively home to the people.

Some means of lightening the burden of rates, he said, would have to form an essential part of the program of both political parties in the immediate future, but he almost despaired of either party achieving any substantial success in this direction, unless there was a real effort made to reduce the overwhelming extravagance of the expenditure on armaments. The saving, however, so far as the imperial taxes were concerned would have had the effect that the whole of the duties on tea, sugar, coffee, and cocoa could have been swept away and the income tax reduced to 2d. in the pound.

There was one aspect of the question that could not be overlooked, the chancellor continued, and that was that no country had gained in strength as a result of the growth of expenditure on armaments. They were all relatively exactly where they were. No country had reaped any advantage and he could think of a good deal of harm that had been done to all countries. He considered, for three reasons, that the present was the most favorable opportunity for overhauling Great Britain's war expenditure that had occurred during the last 20 years.

The first reason was that their relations with Germany were far more friendly now than they had been for years and both countries now appeared to realize that they had nothing to gain and everything to lose by a quarrel, and everything to gain and nothing to lose by reverting to the old policy of friendliness which had been maintained until within recent times between Germany and Great Britain.

The Agadir incident, Mr. Lloyd George continued, brought home to the people of both countries the perils involved in the atmosphere of suspicion which had been created and maintained by the politicians, the press, and certain interests.

The second reason was that the experience of the last two years had reminded Germany that she could not afford to take any chances of allowing herself to be invaded, overrun and devastated. Germany had nothing like the 60 per cent superiority over France alone with regard to military strength which Great Britain insisted upon with regard to naval strength. And in addition she had to reckon with Russia on her eastern border.

That was why he felt convinced that if Germany ever had any idea of challenging Great Britain's supremacy at sea the exigencies of the military situation must necessarily put it completely out of her head. In these circumstances it seemed to him that England could afford quietly to maintain its present superiority without making feverish efforts to increase it still further.

The third reason was the most hopeful of all. It was the spread of the revolt against military oppression throughout the whole of Christendom, certainly

throughout the whole of western Europe. Events in France and Germany had shown the same temper among the people of these lands as was shown at the meeting of the National Liberal Federation at Leeds. The common sense of the industrial classes had risen against this organized expenditure. The present was therefore a propitious moment for reconsidering the question of armaments and unless Liberalism seized the opportunity it would be false to its noblest traditions. The new temper among the peoples of Western Europe was a fundamental consideration for a Liberal government to take into account and act upon.

Two or three years ago the position was different. If then, or even a year ago, they had taken a bold and independent step towards restricting the growth of armaments, a reaction would have been provoked which would have been fatal to any real endeavor towards economy for many years to come. Interested parties would have tried to work up a panic, and what was more to the point, would have succeeded. If they attempted it now, as they assuredly would, they would fail. People had had enough of them in all lands for the moment, were familiar with their methods, and were profoundly distrustful of their aims.

GERMANY PLANS REARRANGEMENT OF FLEET APRIL 1

New Schedule Indicates That Widening of Kaiser Wilhelm Canal Will Be Soon Completed

(Special to the Monitor.) BERLIN, Germany.—On April 1, 1914, the third squadron of the Imperial navy will have its chief quarters in Kiel harbor; all the vessels of the Reconnoitering union are to be stationed at Wilhelmshaven.

The High Seas fleet will be distributed in the following manner: the first squadron goes to Wilhelmshaven, the reconnoitering ships of the second and third squadrons to Kiel. Thus the greater part of the warships of the High Seas fleet will be situated in the North Sea.

Thirteen dreadnoughts and eight small cruisers will be apportioned to Wilhelmshaven, while the Kiel squadron represents at the present time only five dreadnoughts and eight smaller warships. This number will remain unchanged for the present, as for every new dreadnought that enters the service a small vessel is removed.

It is evident by this new arrangement of the fleet that the widening of the Kaiser Wilhelm canal will be very shortly completed, otherwise ships of the larger type could not remain in the Baltic.

FUTURE OF SOUTH AFRICA DISCUSSED

(Special to the Monitor.) CAPE TOWN, South Africa.—In the course of an interesting speech at the dinner of the Old Bristolians in Cape Town recently, Dr. Merriman remarked that things in South Africa had a great many things to be thankful for. They had the richest country in the world; they had a beautiful country hardly developed; they were only beginning with the development of the country.

But, he added, it was not the richest country that would make the best nation. The best thing a country could produce was men, and they had to see that their men were fitted for the great tasks thrust upon them. For himself he had not the slightest doubt of it that they would rise to their opportunities and advantages.

SOUTH AFRICAN OIL COMPANY STARTED

(Special to the Monitor.) CAPE TOWN, South Africa.—It is reported that an English financial group interested in South African oil has acquired prospecting rights over a large stretch of territory on the eastern side of the country. The promoters, it is stated, have already proved the existence of the deposit, the development of which, it is asserted, will form an important asset of the empire.

GOOD HIGH SCHOOL FOR GIRLS URGED AT BOMBAY CONFERENCE

(Special to the Monitor.) BOMBAY, India.—Speaking at the fourth annual Zoroastrian conference held at Bombay recently, H. J. Bhabha, the president, dealt with the educational problems of the community. "A very great deal of discussion, he said, had of late been going on in the Parsi papers of Bombay about the urgent educational wants of the community. He expressed his warmest sympathy with much that was said about the improvement of primary, secondary and higher education, the provision of technical schools and workshops, and of boarding schools for boys and girls.

He emphasized the need of a model girls' high school, for both boarders and day scholars under the management of an able European headmistress of experience and university distinction, and of both European and Indian assistant mistresses. It seemed to him that a good high school for girls would be of far

greater use at the present time than an arts college for women.

There were at present, he went on to explain, three small boarding schools for Parsi boys at Deolali, Lonavli and Panchgani, each fairly good in its way. In place of the three scattered schools, however, he advocated one good public school on the model of some of the best schools in England, like those of Bedford and Cheltenham and suitable for the needs of Parsi middle class families.

Referring to the disadvantages of public instruction, which has hitherto run too much in the narrow grooves, he said no system of education could be said to fulfill its object that did not provide such instruction as would suit the environments of the local industry. In 1912 he had referred to trade schools of Munich and Leeds, which provided trade schools for theoretical and practical instruction in the various local trades.

He thought there was endless scope for similar schools for artisans and craftsmen in Bombay.

ITALY PLANS ADOPTION OF MARRIAGE LAW

Need of Civil Measure to Regulate Questions Relating to Property Is to Be Urged in Coming Parliament Session

OPPOSITION EXPECTED

(Special to the Monitor.)

FLORENCE, Italy.—While Parliament is not sitting, there is a good deal of discussion of the various measures that the government proposes to bring forward when the sitting is resumed. One of these measures is a law for the definite precedence of the civil marriage over the religious; that is to say, a law that shall insure that in any circumstances couples shall be married under the law and by the proper government officials.

The establishment of civil marriage in Italy is no novel thing and goes back to the year 1805. But this did not establish the relative legal positions of civil marriage and religious, nor was the subject one of an easy solution at a time when the papacy was more openly hostile to Italy than it is today.

The consequence has been that in the absence of a direct legal command to insure the civil marriage, a very great number of religious ceremonies have taken place without any civil marriage. For this reason, the question of devolution of property among others, has been raised in such cases, although the contracting parties in many instances have been quite innocent.

In addition to these features of the situation that fall within the list of practical relations among citizens, there is another of a constitutional and political hue. The Italian state, like any other modern state, recognizes the force of the axiom, that it can be no state at all unless it possess the paramount authority in all matters relating to the civil economy of its subjects. Among the prime elements of that economy are the composition and stability of the family, as a unit necessary to the state, and the secure and natural enjoyment of property rights.

The state must settle the laws of marriage without consulting any other authority. But the papacy claims that no marriage celebrated without its rites is legal. Consequently, those that come within the categories of "atheists, Protestants, Jews and sectarians" are not married in the eyes of the papacy unless by a Roman Catholic priest.

There are some who do not fully share this view, and among these is the Italian state, for the reason that it is neither ecclesiastical nor theological. Atheist Italians, Protestant Italians, Jewish Italians, sectarian Italians, one and all are subject to the same state as the Roman Catholic Italians. Therefore there must be one law for all, insuring the rights of all and obeyed by all, and that law must give first place to the civil marriage.

It is probable that with the resump-

LORD BURNHAM IS HONORED BY JOURNALISTIC PROFESSION

London Newspaper Proprietor Receives Illuminated Address Bearing 253 Signatures, Including Those of British, Continental and Colonial Editors

(Special correspondence of the Monitor.) LONDON.—Lord Burnham, principal proprietor of the Daily Telegraph, was recently presented at his residence, Hall Barn, Buckinghamshire, with an illuminated address. The document contained the signatures of 253 members of the journalistic profession including British, continental, and colonial editors.

Lord Northcliffe presented the address, which, after congratulating Lord Burnham, went on to say that he had shown one of the rarest gifts in any sphere of affairs and his colleagues admired nothing more than that he had never stood still in former ways, however successful, but by signal strokes of promptitude and courage had shown how journalism might readapt itself to the changing circumstances both of its own technical conditions and of the world which it reflects. His connection with Fleet street for 60 years had made his personal career a notable part of the history of journalism.

After reading the address, Lord Northcliffe said that the 253 signatures, which represented a great part of the activity of their profession, were accompanied by almost 253 letters of a most enthusiastic and affectionate nature. They came from the owners and editors of newspapers, not only in England but abroad and in the colonies, and in all the things with which he had been associated since he entered the profession he never saw anything in which there was such real enthusiasm and delight as in that presentation.

In reply Lord Burnham expressed his thanks to those present and particularly to Lord Northcliffe who, he had heard, had originated the enterprise and furthered it with all that remarkable power of organization which he, in so wonderful a degree possessed. It was a genial and a generous idea. It was accepted as such by all the notable men who had

tion of business, a bill will be presented to the Chamber embodying provisions on the subject. In 1899 a bill was drafted inserting provisions in the Civil Code by which penalties were provided for omitting the civil marriage, a fine and certain disabilities being prescribed for the contracting parties. The minister was to be fined if he omitted to exact the certificate of the civil ceremony.

The expected bill will no doubt have like provisions, but the only way in which the civil marriage can be given its proper place in the constitutional

life of Italians, is a specific statutory denial of legality to all marriage lacking the civil ceremony. Whether such a bill could be passed, would depend on the degree of support that the Chamber could be persuaded to give to the claims of the papacy in the premises.

BRITISH EAST AFRICA MISSION STIRS CONTROVERSY



(Copyright by Newspaper Illustrations)

Bishop of Mombasa with party of his followers on preaching tour through his diocese

NATIVE UGANDA CHURCH PLAN IS AROUSING WIDE ATTENTION

Form of Common Prayer Upon Which Various Denominations Unite for Missionary Purposes Stirs Up Discussion Finally Reaching Archbishop of Canterbury

(Special correspondence of the Monitor.) LONDON.—Kikuyu is a small town in British East Africa. A missionary conference held in this place in June last, has been very far reaching in its effects, having aroused the widest attention.

At the conference referred to, the question of a united native church of Uganda was discussed by those present, including Anglicans, Presbyterians, Baptists, Congregationalists and Methodists. The main object of the proposal was to further the missionary work by all uniting in one solid effort. Certain conditions were laid down and a form of common prayer was included among other proposals. The circumstance has given rise to very sharp criticism in various quarters.

An illustration of the importance attached to the proceedings is found in the fact that the Bishop of Zanzibar has accused the two bishops who administered a united communion service in a Scottish Presbyterian church, at which the Bishop of Mombasa officiated

and the Bishop of Uganda, among others, took part, of what amounts practically to heresy.

Referring to the matter, the Bishop of Zanzibar has stated in his open letter to the Bishop of St. Albans, that he charges the Bishops of Mombasa and Uganda with heresy in their teaching of the meaning and value of episcopacy. He adds also, that in his opinion they and their followers are "as seriously wrong in remaining in an episcopal ministry which is to them merely an outward form, and to their Protestant neighbors a rock of offense." The Bishop of Zanzibar has also appealed to the Archbishop of Canterbury begging that the matter of the Kikuyu conference be heard and judged before him.

The crux of the whole matter is the often discussed question as to whether every Christian British subject belongs to the Church of England whether he conforms to its teachings or not, or whether he merely becomes a member of that church, after having been baptized and confirmed. Many of those who attach the utmost importance to the matter, agree with the attitude of the Bishops of Uganda and Mombasa, whilst others are equally emphatic in declaring that the bishops wrongfully committed the Church of England by administering holy communion to non-conformists.

Dr. Gore, the Bishop of Oxford, considers the situation of great importance, declaring that he considers that the cohesion of the church has never been more seriously threatened, because three sections of the church are pursuing their own principles to a point where they become really intolerable to the main body of their fellow members. Those who support the action of the Bishops of Uganda and Mombasa, include the Bishop of Durham, Prof. Canon Scott-Holland and others. In the meantime further developments are being watched with considerable interest by those principally concerned.

ITALIAN DEMAND FOR TUNISIA TRIPOLITANS IS NOT FAVORED

(Special to the Monitor.) PARIS, France.—The Corriere della Sera has published an article by Signor Luzzatti on the subject of the Tripolitans in Tunisia, in which he points to the advisability of a speedy settlement of the question based on the reciprocal goodwill of the two countries.

The difficulty has been brought about by the presence of from 35,000 to 40,000 Tripolitans in Tunisia, and by the demand of the Italian government that these natives who, under Turkish domination were under the jurisdiction of native tribunals, should now have access to French legal institutions.

To grant such a request would be to create a difficult situation. It would engender jealousies among the natives caused by the preferential treatment accorded Italian subjects. It would also result in the Tripolitans being placed beyond the authority of the Tunisian kais who perform police duty.

The Italians in putting their demand before the French government state that they are only asking for the treatment accorded to the Algerian Muhammadans to be extended to their Tripolitan subjects. But, as is pointed out in the

life of Italians, is a specific statutory denial of legality to all marriage lacking the civil ceremony. Whether such a bill could be passed, would depend on the degree of support that the Chamber could be persuaded to give to the claims of the papacy in the premises.

NEW STONE BRIDGE IS TO BE ERECTED OVER RIVER TWEED

Total Cost of Proposed Structure Is £40,000, to Be Divided Among the Places Interested

(Special to the Monitor.)

BERWICK-ON-TWEED, Eng.—The old bridge connecting the English and Scottish banks of the river Tweed, which has dealt with pedestrian and other traffic since the days of Charles I., is likely to be supplanted soon by a new stone bridge.

The town council of Berwick have for several years been drawing the attention of the government to the inadequacy of the old bridge, particularly since the development of motor traffic, and Sir Edward Grey, the member for Berwick, has been interested in the matter.

Sir George Gibb, chairman of the road board, has also considered various means of dealing with the increasing traffic across the river and a scheme has now been evolved of which the total cost is estimated at £40,000.

The old Border Bridge will remain as it is and a new bridge will be erected probably a few hundred feet to the west. Towards the cost Berwick will be asked to contribute £6,000 and the county councils of Northumberland and Berwickshire £30,000 each.

It is fortunate that the scheme which has been evolved for dealing with the heavy pedestrian and vehicular traffic across the river does not involve the demolishing of the old bridge, which is one of the most interesting structures in the country. It took 24 years to build, is 1194 feet in length, and contains 15 arches. Some £15,000 had been spent on it by the time it was opened in 1634 in the tenth year of King Charles I.'s reign.

ROYAL BELGIAN SOCIETY SHOWS WATER COLORS

(Special correspondence of the Monitor.)

BRUSSELS, Belgium.—The fifty-fourth annual exhibition of the Royal Belgian Society of Painters in Water Colors was recently inaugurated by the King, at the Palace of Fine Arts. The exhibition is one of the most interesting as yet held by this society, containing in all 145 works, among which are special exhibits of the works of the English painter Miss Clara Montalba.

The list of contributors comprises such well-known names as Henry Cassier, Emile Claus, Pierre Dierck, Mme. Gilsoul-Hoppe, Maurice Hageman, Alexandre Murceth, Alphonse Pequeureux, Louis Reckelbus, Victor Uytendaele, George Herbert Vickery and Charles W. Bartlett.

CLYDE SHIPBUILDING IN 1913 SHOWS ALL RECORDS BROKEN

(Special to the Monitor.)

GLASGOW, Scotland.—The Clyde shipbuilding returns for 1913 show that all records have again been broken, both in tonnage and in horsepower. Three hundred and seventy vessels were launched, representing about 757,000 tons, while the engines constructed make a total of about 1,117,000 h. p. There is an increase in tonnage over the previous best year—1912—of about 117,000 tons, and in horsepower of about 236,000.

For the first time the tonnage is over 700,000, and the horsepower over 1,000,000. The tonnage has been almost doubled within the last three years. In marine engineering the leading place is taken by Messrs. John Brown & Co. of Clydebank, with a total of 239,000 h. p., composed almost wholly of turbines.

Besides machinery for the vessels built at their own works they constructed engines for a Russian battleship built at Nicolaieff and a Chilean vessel built at Elswick. Their output seems to have been the highest in the world last year. The second highest is the firm of Schichau of Elbing and Danzig, Germany, and the third is also a Clyde firm, the Govan Fairfield Company.

The quadruple-screw turbine steamer

Alsatian, the first of the two 18,000-ton liners built last year on the Clyde for the Canadian mail service of the Allan line, was launched in March by Messrs. Beardmore & Co., Dalmuir, while her sister ship, the Calgarian, was launched at Fairhead a month later. They are expected to prove the largest, finest and fastest ships in the Canadian trade.

The Alsatian has now completed her trials, which consisted of tests of speed, steering and maneuvering capabilities, more than fulfilling the contract requirements. She attained on the measured mile a speed of 20.48 knots, or almost 1 1/2 knots beyond the contract stipulation. She then went round to Liverpool, from which port she will sail on her maiden voyage on Jan. 17. The fitting out of the Calgarian is nearing completion and she, too, will soon be ready for service.

BRITISH UNDERBID BY GERMANS FOR WORK IN LONDON

(Special to the Monitor.)

LONDON.—A good deal of comment has been occasioned by the action of the Port of London Authority in placing contracts with German firms for the construction of lock gates, a bascule bridge, swing bridges and a caisson, all of which works are connected with the building of the Royal Albert Dock extension (South) and the East India Dock improvement works.

At the headquarters of the Port of London Authority, it was stated that the contract was a purely business transaction which had been influenced by the saving of nearly 26 per cent when compared with the lowest British tenders.

It is stated in another quarter that the loss of the contracts to British firms is due to the high price of material and labor in England, and to the keenness of German firms to secure business abroad.

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President Reads Address on Antitrust Law Reform

(Continued from page one)

at 12:23. He was accompanied by members of his cabinet, who took seats reserved for them on the floor.

As usual the front rows of seats in the House chamber were occupied by the members of the Senate, who filed in, two by two, headed by Vice-President Marshall and Sergeant-at-Arms Higgins. While waiting in the office of Speaker Clark for the senators to take their seats, the President chatted with the committee from the Senate and House which had been named to escort him to the speaker's stand.

Every seat in the quadrangle of galleries was filled five minutes after the doors were thrown open at 11 o'clock, with the exception of those in the executive and diplomatic reservation. The members of the immediate family of the President, Mrs. Wilson, Miss Margaret Wilson, Miss Eleanor Wilson and Miss Helen Woodrow Bones, escorted by Dr. Cary N. Grayson, entered the gallery at 12:20. Miss Margaret Wilson took her accustomed seat in the front row.

Secretary of State William J. Bryan escorted half a dozen members of the diplomatic corps from South American countries to places within the diplomatic enclosure a few minutes before the members of the Senate filed into the House chamber.

For the first time since the President began delivering his messages in person there were fully as many men as women among the spectators. The importance of the utterances to the business world was indicated by the fact that among those who listened intently were many prominent eastern financiers.

At 12:30 Speaker Clark's gavel fell and the President entered the House, escorted by Senators Kern, Bacon and Gallinger and Representative Underwood, Fitzgerald and Mann. The chief executive was received with a round of applause.

Every word of the message was followed with closest attention. When the President stated that "the antagonism between business and government" was at an end, several of the Democratic leaders nodded in approval but there was none of the hand-clapping which had punctuated the last address of the President. It rather seemed from the silence that marked the delivery of the early part of the address, as though the legislators were somewhat in doubt as to just what it all meant. Even when the President insisted there must be an end to interlocking directorates there was no applause, but only a warm nodding of acquiescence from senators and representatives alike.

The first applause was started by Republican Leader Mann. As the President asserted that the people of the country were ready to welcome a law which would give the interstate commerce commission control over the financial policy of the railroad systems, the Illinois representative applauded warmly, and his example was followed by Democrats and Republicans alike.

The President's declaration that the business of production should be separated from the business of transportation received applause which was chiefly confined to western members.

There was a wait of about 20 seconds by the President after he launched his proposal that a trade commission be created, and the point was passed over in silence.

The warmest applause greeted the President's statement that "penalties and punishments should fall, not upon business itself, but upon the individuals who use the instrumentalities of business to do things which public policy condemns."

The proposal that suits for damages against monopolies be predicated on evidence brought out in federal suits was also applauded.

It was 12:33 when the President ended his speech and he was applauded at length as he left the room.

The Senate filed out immediately and the House resumed its regular routine.

The President went directly from the House to the Senate office building, where he inspected the exhibit on view there setting forth the industries and needs of Alaska.

The President said:

Gentlemen of the Congress:

In my report "on the state of the Union" which I had the privilege of reading to you on the second of December last, I ventured to reserve for discussion at a later date the subject of additional legislation regarding the very difficult and intricate matter of trusts and monopolies. The time now seems opportune to turn to that great question; not only because the currency legislation, which absorbed your attention and the attention of the country in December, is now disposed of, but also because opinion seems to be clearing about us with singular rapidity in this other great field of action. In the matter of the currency it cleared suddenly and very happily after the much-debated act was passed; in respect of the monopolies which have multiplied about us and in regard to the various means by which they have been organized and maintained it seems to be coming to a clear and all but universal agreement in anticipation of our action, as if by way of preparation, making the way easier to see and easier to set out upon with confidence and without confusion of counsel.

Atmosphere Has Cleared

Legislation has its atmosphere like everything else and the atmosphere of accommodation and mutual understanding which we now breathe with so much refreshment is matter of sincere congratulation. It ought to make our task very much less difficult and embarrassing than it would have been had we been obliged to continue to act amidst the atmosphere of suspicion and antagonism which has so long made it impossible to approach such questions with

dispassionate fairness. Constructive legislation, when successful, is always the embodiment of convincing experience and of the mature public opinion which finally springs out of that experience. Legislation is a business of interpretation, not of origination; and it is now plain what the opinion is to which we must give effect in this matter. It is not recent or hasty opinion. It springs out of the experience of a whole generation. It has clarified itself by long contest, and those who for long time battled with it and sought to change it are now frankly and honorably yielding to it and seeking to conform their actions to it.

Business View Changes

The great business men who organized and financed monopoly and those who administered it in actual every day transactions have year after year, until now, either denied its existence or justified it as necessary for the effective maintenance and development of the vast business processes of the country in the modern circumstances of trade and manufacture and finance; but all the while opinion has made head against them. The average business man is convinced that the ways of liberty are also the ways of peace and the ways of success as well; and at last the masters of business on the great scale have begun to yield their preference and purpose, perhaps their judgment also, in honorable surrender.

Antagonism Is Over

What we are purposing to do therefore, is happily not to hamper or interfere with business as enlightened business men prefer to do it, or in any sense to put it under the ban. The antagonism between business and government is over. We are now about to give expression to the best business judgment of America, to what we know to be the business conscience and honor of the land. The government and business men are ready to meet each other half way in a common effort to square business methods with both public opinion and the law. The best informed men of the business world condemn the methods and processes and consequences of monopoly as we condemn them; and the instinctive judgment of the vast majority of business men everywhere goes with them. We shall now be their spokesmen. That is the strength of our position and the sure prophecy of what will ensue when our reasonable work is done.

Safeguard Is Object

When serious contest ends, when men unite in opinion and purpose, those who are to change their ways of business joining with those who ask for the change, it is possible to effect it in the way in which prudent and thoughtful and patriotic men would wish to see it brought about, with as few, as slight, as easy and simple business readjustments as possible in the circumstances, nothing essential disturbed, nothing torn up by the roots, no parts rent asunder which can be left in wholesome combination. Fortunately no measures of sweeping or novel change are necessary. It will be understood that our object is not to unsettle business or anywhere seriously to break its established courses altwain.

On the contrary, we desire the laws we are now about to pass to be the bulwarks and safeguards of industry against the forces that have disturbed it. What we have to do can be done in a new spirit, in thoughtful moderation, without revolution of any untoward kind.

Changes Business Awaits

We are all agreed that "private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable," and our program is founded upon that conviction. It will be a comprehensive but not a radical or unacceptable program, and these are its items, the changes which opinion deliberately sanctions and for which business waits:

It waits with acquiescence, in the first place, for laws which will effectively prohibit and prevent such interlockings of the personnel of the directorates of great corporations—banks and railroads, industrial, commercial and public service bodies—as in effect result in making those who borrow and those who lend practically one and the same, those who sell and those who buy but the same persons trading with one another under different names and in different combinations, and those who affect to compete—in fact, partners and masters of some whole field of business. Sufficient time should be allowed, of course, in which to effect these changes of organization without inconvenience or confusion.

Effects Are Outlined

Such a prohibition will work much more than a mere negative good by correcting the serious evils which have arisen because, for example, the men who have been the directing spirits of the great investment banks have usurped the place which belongs to independent industrial management working in its own behalf. It will bring new men, new energies, a new spirit of initiative, new blood into the management of our great business enterprises. It will open the field of industrial development and origination of scores of men who have been obliged to serve when their abilities entitled them to direct. It will immensely hearten the young men coming on and will greatly enrich the business activities of the whole country.

Commerce Commission

In the second place, business men as well as those who direct public affairs now recognize, and recognize with painful clearness, the great harm and injustice which has been done to many if not

all, of the great railroad systems of the country by the way in which they have been financed and their own distinctive interests subordinated to the interests of the men who financed them and of other business enterprises which those men wished to promote. The country is ready therefore, to accept and accept with relief as well as approval, a law which will confer upon the interstate commerce commission the power to superintend and regulate the financial operations by which the railroads are henceforth to be supplied with the money they need for their proper development to meet the rapidly growing requirements of the country for increased and improved facilities of transportation. We cannot postpone action in this matter without leaving the railroads exposed to many serious handicaps and hazards; and the prosperity of the railroads and the prosperity of the country are inseparably connected. Upon this question those who are chiefly responsible for the actual management and operation of the railroads have spoken very plainly and very earnestly, with a purpose we ought to be quick to accept. It will be one step, and a very important one, toward the necessary separation of the business of production from the business of transportation.

More Clarity Is Sought

The business of the country awaits also, has long awaited and has suffered because it could not obtain, further and more explicit legislative definition of the policy and meaning of the existing anti-trust law. Nothing hampers business like uncertainty. Nothing daunts or discourages it like the necessity to take chances, to run the risk of falling under the condemnation of the law before it can make sure just what the law is. Surely we are sufficiently familiar with the actual processes and methods of monopoly and of the many hurtful restraints of trade to make definition possible, at any rate up to the limit of what experience has disclosed. These practices being now abundantly disclosed, can be explicitly and item by item forbidden by statute in such terms as will practically eliminate uncertainty, the law itself and the penalty being made equally plain.

For Trade Commission

And the business men of the country desire something more than that the menace of legal process in these matters be made explicit and intelligible. They desire the advice, the definite guidance and information which can be supplied by an administrative body, an interstate trade commission.

The opinion of the country would instantly approve of such a commission. It would not wish to see it empowered to make terms with monopoly or in any sort to assume control of business, as if the government made itself responsible. It demands such a commission only as an indispensable instrument of information and publicity as a clearing-house for the facts by which both the public mind and the managers of great business undertakings should be guided, and as an instrumentality for doing justice to business where the processes of the courts or the natural forces of conviction outside the courts are inadequate to adjust the remedy to the wrong in a way that will meet all the equities and circumstances of the case.

Producing industries, for example, which have passed the point up to which commission may be consistent with the public interest and the freedom of trade, can not always be dissected into their component units as readily as railroad companies or similar organizations can be. Their dissolution by ordinary legal process may often times involve financial consequences likely to overwhelm the security market and bring upon it breakdown and confusion.

Commission Is Urged

There ought to be an administrative commission capable of directing and shaping such corrective process not only in aid of the courts but also by independent proposal, if necessary.

Inasmuch as our object and the spirit of our action in these matters is to meet business half way in its processes of self-correction and disturb its legitimate course as little as possible of practical and sagacious men of affairs everywhere would applaud us if we did not see to it, that penalties and punishments should fall, not on business itself, but on the individuals who use the instrumentalities of business to do things which public policy and sound business practice condemn. Every act of business is done as the command or upon the initiative of some ascertainable person or group of persons. These should be held individually responsible and the punishment should fall upon them, not upon the business organization of which they make illegal use. It should be one of the main objects of our legislation to divest such persons of their corporate cloak and deal with them as with those who do not represent their corporations, but merely by deliberate intention break the law. Business men the country through would, I am sure, applaud us if we were to take effectual steps to see that the officers and directors of great business bodies were prevented from bringing them and the business of the country into disrepute and danger.

Interlocking Directorates

Other questions remain which will need very thoughtful and practical treatment. Enterprises in these modern days of great individual fortunes are oftentimes interlocked, not by being under the control of the same directors but by the fact that the greater part of their corporate stock is owned by a single person or group of persons who

are in some way intimately related in interest. We are agreed, I take it, that holding "companies" should be prohibited, but what of the controlling private ownership of individuals or actually cooperative groups of individuals? Shall the private owners of capital stock be suffered to be themselves in effect holding companies? We do not wish, I suppose, to forbid the purchase of stocks by any person who pleases to buy them in such quantities as he can afford, or in any way arbitrarily to limit the sale of stocks to bona fide purchasers.

Question of Voting

Shall we require the owners of stock, when their voting power in several companies which ought to be independent of one another would constitute actual control, to make election in which of them they will exercise their right to vote? This question I venture for your consideration.

There is another matter in which imperative considerations of justice and fair play suggest thoughtful remedial action. Not only do many of the combinations effected or sought to be effected in the industrial world ask an injustice upon the public in general; they also indirectly and seriously injure

the individuals who are put out of business in one unfair way or another by the many dissolving and exterminating forces of combination. I hope that we shall agree in giving private individuals who claim to have been injured by these processes the right to found their suits for redress upon the facts and judgments proved and entered in suits by the government where the government has upon its own initiative sued the combinations complained of and won its suit, and that the statute of limitations shall be suffered to run against such litigants only from the date of the conclusion of the government's action. It is not fair that the private litigant should be obliged to set up and establish again the facts which the government has proved. He cannot afford, he has not the power, to make use of such processes of inquiry as the government has command of.

Thus shall individual justice be done while the processes of business are rectified and squared with the general conscience.

I have laid the case before you, no doubt as it lies in your own mind, as it lies in the thought of the country. What must every candid man say of the suggestions I have laid before you, of the plain obligations of which I have

reminded you? That these are new, done, conscientious business men the country over, will be unsatisfied. They are in these things our mentors and colleagues. We are now about to write the additional articles of our constitution of peace, the peace that is honor the country. Until these things are and freedom and prosperity.

James McCreery & Co.

34th Street New York 6th Avenue

In the present Annual Sale unusual prices

in Gloves and Hosiery

insure unprecedented values

ON WEDNESDAY, JANUARY THE 21ST

HIGH CLASS FURS

Unusual Reductions

Foreign and Domestic Models in Fur Garments, Muffs and Neckpieces.

Furs include Broadtail with Ermine, Caracul with Natural Skunk, Hudson Seal with Fitch, Mink, Russian Sable, Persian Lamb and Mole Skin.

Persian Lamb Coats, 45 inches long, lustrous skins; heavy brocaded silk lining. formerly 225.00, 165.00
Hudson Seal Coats, 45 inches long. formerly 125.00, 85.00

Pony Skin Coats. formerly 95.00, 48.00
French Seal Coats with collar of contrasting fur. formerly 85.00, 55.00

Caracul Coats, 45 inches long. formerly 75.00, 45.00
Coats of various mixed fabrics, fur lined. formerly 42.50, 32.50

Moleskin Muffs. formerly 35.00, 25.00
Moleskin Scarfs. formerly 14.50, 10.50

Natural Skunk Muffs. formerly 37.50, 28.50
Natural Skunk Scarfs. formerly 25.00, 18.50

Black Fox Muffs. formerly 20.00, 14.50
Black Fox Scarfs. formerly 20.00, 14.50

Pointed Fox Muffs. formerly 42.50, 32.50
Pointed Fox Scarfs. formerly 38.00, 25.00

Silvered Kitt Fox Muffs. formerly 37.50, 27.50
Silvered Kitt Fox Scarfs. formerly 37.50, 27.50

French Seal Muffs. formerly 22.50, 15.00
French Seal Scarfs. formerly 14.50, 10.50

Ermine Muffs. formerly 65.00, 45.00
Ermine Scarfs. formerly 35.00, 25.00

WOMEN'S BLOUSES

For Spring 1914

Striped or All White Wash Silk Blouses; flat collar; hemstitched. value 4.00, 2.95

Crepe de Chine Blouses trimmed with Fur and silk cord; in White, Flesh, Maize or Rose. value 9.50, 7.75

Crepe de Chine Blouses in various models; White, Flesh, Gold or Maize. 4.95, 6.95 and 7.95 value 6.00 to 9.75

Taffeta Blouses with long shoulder, combined with hemstitching and lace trimming; in White, Flesh or Maize. value 7.50, 5.50

All-over Lace or Net Blouses,—attractive models. value 6.00 to 17.50, 4.95, 7.75 to 14.75

Voile or Lingerie Waists trimmed with various laces and embroideries; high or low collar. 2.00 and 2.95 values 2.95 and 4.00

DOMESTIC UNDERWEAR

Gowns of fine Nainsook,—low neck model, trimmed with Valenciennes lace or embroidery casing run with ribbon. 95c values 1.25 and 1.50

Gowns of Cotton Crepe, trimmed with Torchon lace and ribbon. value 1.50, 95c

Gowns of Cambric,—square neck models; trimmed with dainty embroidery insertion combined with tucks and embroidered medallion and ribbon. value 1.50, 95c

Gowns of sheer Nainsook,—trimmed with Valenciennes Lace and bow-knot medallions of Shadow Lace, combined with tucking and ribbon. value 2.25, 1.50

Gowns of fine Batiste,—slip-on model; trimmed with dainty net edging combined with medallions of eyelet embroidery and ribbon. value 3.95, 2.50

Gowns of sheer Mull in all White or Pink; yoke of Renaissance lace with shower rosette of ribbon. 2.95 value 4.50

Combinations of sheer Nainsook, trimmed with Bohemian lace and insertion, or fine embroidery with beading and ribbon. value 1.50, 95c

Combinations of sheer Nainsook, trimmed with fishery Valenciennes lace combined with ribbon. value 1.95, 1.50

Combinations of fine Nainsook, trimmed with dainty embroidery combined with ribbon. value 1.95, 1.50

BILL PROPOSES TO NEUTRALIZE THE PHILIPPINES

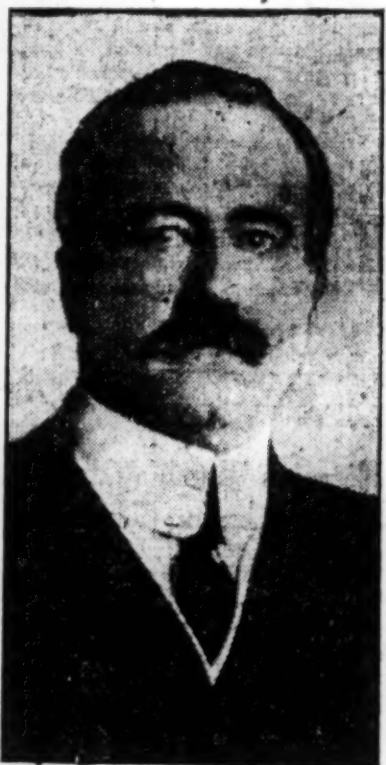
WASHINGTON—Senator Overman introduced a joint resolution on Monday which, if passed, would require the President to consider the expediency of effecting a treaty with the European powers for the neutralization of the Philippines and to protect an independent government there, when established.

It is said the purpose of the United States is to cease exercising sovereignty over the islands as soon as may be with honor, and to establish an independent government there. The treaty would provide that the independent government, when established, should be recognized and preserved by the European powers, and that, meanwhile, the islands should be regarded as neutral territory.

Senator Overman said he would press his bill and endeavor to enlist the support of the administration in its favor.

NEW COMPTROLLER IS FIRST MEMBER OF RESERVE BOARD

WASHINGTON—John Skelton Williams, confirmed as comptroller of the currency by the Senate Monday, prepared today to leave for the West to join the federal reserve system organization committee now holding a hearing in Chicago. Comptroller Williams is in reality the first member of the federal



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JOHN SKELTON WILLIAMS

reserve board named by the President, since his office requires him to serve ex officio with that body.

The only opposition to the confirmation of Mr. Williams was by Senators Bristow of Kansas and William Alden Smith of Michigan. Senator Bristow reviewed the action of Mr. Williams in depositing funds with the Munsey Trust Company, when it took over the United States Trust Company, in this city to avert a panic.

Sensors Reed of Missouri, Martin of Virginia, Mr. Williams' home state, and Chilton of West Virginia, praised the ability of the President's nominee.

There was no roll call on the confirmation and the only voice heard against it was that of Senator Bristow.

FAIRVIEW LODGE INSTALLS TONIGHT

Fairview lodge, A. O. U. W., will hold an installation in Fairview hall, Roslindale, tonight. Officers to be installed are: Master workman, Charles Edwards; foreman, W. D. Prescott; overseer, A. M. Fleischman; guide, D. F. Ingersoll; past master workman, Frank Bertram; inside watchman, H. F. Trethewey; outside watchman, H. Coppy; recorder, W. L. Trethewey; treasurer, A. F. P. Weeks; financier, J. B. Needham. Deputy J. J. Hickey of Roslindale will install the officers.

HOUSE DEMOCRATS TO CAUCUS UPON MINING INQUIRIES

WASHINGTON—House Democrats are expected to caucus Thursday night to pass upon congressional investigation of the Colorado and Michigan mining strikes. Representative Keating of Colorado procured more than sufficient signatures on a petition for a caucus.

The full membership of the House committee on rules will defer action to await the expression of party sentiment. The Democrats of the committee have already voted against an investigation. Representative Hill of Illinois introduced a resolution directing the House committee on labor to investigate conditions in the copper fields of Michigan.

CALUMET FUND TO BE RETURNED

HOUGHTON, Mich.—The Houghton county relief committee, which raised a fund of \$30,000 for the Italian hall sufferers, decided Monday to return all contributions, union officials having refused to permit members to accept outside aid.

MORE EFFICIENCY IS SEEN IN RANKS OF U. S. MILITIA

WASHINGTON—Conditions in militia organization are, on the whole, far from satisfactory, according to Brig.-Gen. A. L. Mills, chief of the division of military affairs of the war department, in his annual report.

General Mills declares, however, that despite a decrease in numerical strength in the militia, the past year was one of distinct improvement. The loss in number has brought about increased efficiency, and he believes the result will be an increase in strength both in organizations and personnel.

SOUTH BOSTON HAS DEDICATION

Mayor Fitzgerald addressed the citizens of South Boston at the dedication of the new municipal building in East Broadway last night. More than 1200 persons were present. Judge Edward L. Logan presided. The boys of the Frederic W. Lincoln school, under the direction of Miss M. Jeanette Grady, sang patriotic songs. A cornet solo by H. W. Treet and many selections by the orchestra furnished the rest of the musical program.

After Mayor Fitzgerald's address the cheering of the audience brought him back to sing "Sweet Adeline." The exercises closed with the singing of the "Star-Spangled Banner." After this the building was open to inspection.

MISS WILSON ASKS SCHOOL CENTERS

WASHINGTON—A plea that school houses of the country be opened to the public as "social centers" was made by Miss Margaret Woodrow Wilson, eldest daughter of the President, at a civic improvement meeting here Monday night.

She declared the social center movement in the final analysis is the fundamental principle of democracy. No matter how cultured we are we cannot get ideas alone and we must get together and get them from each other, she added.

CHARLES LOGUE HONORED BY CLUB

As a mark of appreciation and esteem, Boston City Club members tendered a dinner to Charles Logue, chairman of the schoolhouse commission of Boston, on the occasion of his retirement from the chairmanship of the house committee of the club. Mrs. Logue was presented with a basket of American Beauty roses in behalf of the club. Present at the exercises were Mr. Logue's four sons, Robert, John, Emmett and Louis.

Boston's New Theater Opened

"WHEN DREAMS COME TRUE"

Boston's new theater, the Cort, opened last night with a musical comedy, "When Dreams Come True," which was well liked in Chicago. Philip Bartholomew wrote the libretto and Silvio Hein the music. As a musical comedy it is of the unobjectionable type, from the songs and dances to the repartee.

The immigrant deck of an ocean liner forms a novel setting for the first scene, otherwise conventional. Kean Hodges, a young bouncer, is returning to America by steerage because supplies have been cut off by an irate father. He meets there his "dream girl." In the second scene, on the pier at midnight, Kean discovers that Beth, the dream girl, has been made an innocent accomplice in smuggling. A detective, who has been periodically "suspicious," precipitates the melodramatic thrill when the police search Kean and find on him the smuggled pearls which he has taken from Beth in order to shield her.

Kean discovers a switch, turns off the lights, directs Beth to escape to his automobile and have the chauffeur drive her "home," himself crawls into a barrel and is rolled overboard only to reappear in a thoroughly realistic "dripping" condition at the end of the act. Beth interprets "home" to be Kean's house, and arrives there, making the ensuing complications both numerous and logical. Two other potential fiancées, in the persons of Margaret Smith, whose mother plans her marriage with Kean for the sake of changing the family name, and Matilda, who is a cousin and has a "Black and White," in the form of a contract in which the fathers had agreed that the cousins should marry, and who comes to claim her husband, furnish sufficient material for the remaining two acts.

On the whole the libretto is neither particularly brilliant nor particularly original, except for the second act, which shows ingenuity and is constantly amusing. Much of the upstaging effect of this act is due, however, to the excellent management of stage business.

The music is tuneful and in some instances effective, although in most cases of the sentimental type and lacking in variety.

Probably the features of this comedy which will contribute most to its success are the acting of Mr. Santley and Miss Vokes and the unusual character of the dancing. The latter feature is of the acrobatic variety, which interests because of its apparent difficulty and the skill with which it is done, and is almost entirely lacking in grace.

After the play got under way last night the performance was smooth for an opening one. Miss Vokes made much of a well-written character part, acting with great ease and naturalness. Some of Mr. Santley's acting was done with more subtlety and variety than is usually required in musical comedy. In the particular form of dancing which this comedy affects, he excels.

"THE ARGYLE CASE"

Robert Hilliard as "Never-Sleep-Kay-ton" in "The Argyle Case" was presented to a Boston audience last night in the Park theater. Mr. Hilliard, around whose acting the plot revolved, presented a pleasing contrast to the generally accepted and expected stage detective. Throughout the play he maintained the ease and grace which is attributed to one who heads his profession.

As Asche Kayton, the head of the Kayton detective agency, Mr. Hilliard portrayed a type free from professional jealousy and unbending condescension toward his subordinates which so many authors have made inseparable to a real sleuth. In their place Kayton evinced a redeeming sense of humor that relieved every strained situation.

He was masterful, but was charitable to those whom he looked upon as victims of circumstances or of crime, which through resolute but kind administering of the law could be overcome. He characterized the detective as a protector of the innocent rather than a detector of the guilty.

While there was not one well defined weakness in the entire cast the dignity established by Mr. Hilliard was too strongly contrasted by other departments in that they were somewhat overdrawn and in many instances too emotional for the established standard of the main cast.

Miss Olive Oliver as Mrs. Martin, wife of Dr. Kreisler, who with her husband was implicated in the plots and counterplots, was strong throughout, though her portrayal of wretchedness in some instances seemed overdone and her mein was rather too intense to harmonize with the main theme. The same might be said of Miss Stella Archer as Mary Masure, who though showing her ability for heavy parts and in portraying intense feeling, would have been more realistic if a little less forceful.

W. T. Clark as Daniel Colt, a government expert, brought out the government agent who keeps his real merit hidden beneath a refreshing and disarming air of nonchalance, securing his own importance in the eyes of others by his ready and hearty appreciation of what by a lesser light might be looked on as a rival.

Gustav von Seyfertitz as Frederick Kreisler presented a good account of a biased and perverted German scholar.

Miss Agnes Everett in every appearance portrayed the glib, self-affirming spinster and though clever and laughable, was overdrawn and too vivid for the modest background presented by Mr. Hilliard. Edwin Holland as Mr. James T. Hurley was well balanced at all times and in the last scene was very realistic.

Harvey Clark as Bruce Argyle was good in every way except as to enunciation. The production was greeted by an appreciative audience. It is a capital melodrama, filled with thrills and laughs, and showing much detective local color in the course of the story of mystery.

"HAMLET"

Shakespeare has the best chance to tell a story on the local stage since the New Theater's production of "A Winter's Tale" here several years ago in John Craig's revival of "Hamlet." This week at the Castle Square theater. This is the result of Mr. Craig's restoration of the large part of the king's part, which is usually cut; his staging of the play with the emphasis on poetry and human interest, and his employment of Livingston Platt to provide a pictorial setting in the new imaginative manner that is being practised on the continent. The result is a performance novel and distinguished, beautiful.

First, he has boxed in his stage back to what is known in the theater as the third entrance, with walls painted according to the "pontilistic" method. That is, the walls are not painted in flat tones, but in dabs and splashes of blue, red and yellow, blended. This blending of color seems to take on the color of any light thrown upon them. Thus Mr. Craig paints his scenes with lights even more than with pigments.

The walls appear to be of towering granite. The picture is framed in for the audience by what appears to be a huge block of the same stone as the walls, carried straight across the stage, making unnecessary the use of the time honored sky borders. The sky itself is represented by a huge one-piece canvas, which, like the walls, takes on the green hues of night, the blue of day, the ruddy tints of sunrise, according to the color of the lights used.

And thus the scenes of the play were visualized with variety and in swift succession. For a hall in Polonius' house a curtain was dropped back of the portals. Ophelia sat at her embroidery, a girlish vision in pink and lavender. Laertes wore sturdy brown and green over his armor. Tapestries were dropped behind the second shoulder of masonry (second entrance) for the Queen's closet, and lighting was concentrated in two tall candles. Hamlet's father slipped elusively from the left portal through an opening between the hangings.

The side walls served as sidewalk for the churchyard, and a wall ran across the back. Statuary and the tops of Danish pines seen outlined against the sky provided an imagining setting for the gorgeous pageantry of Ophelia's obsequies. Mr. Platt might have painted this whole tableau so notable in its pictoriality; whether he did or not, he painted it as a harmony of costume and background color.

The performance is worth seeing for its pictorial setting and worth seeing again for Mr. Craig's admirable characterization of the title role. He has deepened, simplified and humanized it at every point. Always a vital Hamlet, Mr. Craig is now a gentle one as well in the varying moods of conscious self-analysis that cause his seeming irresolution.

He differentiates well the different attitudes Hamlet assumes to each of the persons of the court, yet he humanizes all his scenes. He reveals the honest aversion to his mother's weakness, while showing his intense love for her. There is reverential awe in his meetings with the specter; open-hearted objectivity in his talks with Horatio, subjective tenderness in his scenes with the simple Ophelia. He shows princely aversion to the king, contemptuous yet courteous pity for Polonius. Always Mr. Craig worked for the play rather than for self.

Miss Young was strongly in the pictorial key of the production, and, while keeping Ophelia humanly simple, wistful and maidenly, she did not neglect the visual appeal of a single moment in her play of draperies, and her well-thought-out poses. Like Mr. Craig, her responses showed her as thinking the role constantly, and, like him, her transitions of emotion were delicately made. Both were rewarded with appreciative applause.

Mr. Carleton kept Claudius in thought and pose the physical type that he is, and visualized the character well. Miss Colcord, while hardly attaining an illusion of majesty, succeeded on the human side. Mr. Walker was admirable in Polonius' scenes with Hamlet, the interplay of his thoughts with Mr. Craig being electrical. Irving Pichel, a Harvard actor who has been a feature of many college productions, made a Laertes which, in strong emotion expressed through a voice of unusual quality, gave the role the sturdy quality it needs.

Messrs. Meek and Roberts were altogether successful as the clowns. Mr. Christie as Oric and Miss Gill as the player queen played with skill, and all the others filled in with a fine feeling for the atmosphere of the play and for this particular staging of it.

OTHER BOSTON INTERESTS
George Copeland, generally acknowledged as the leading interpreter of Debussy's piano pieces, began a vaudeville engagement at B. F. Keith's theater Monday, and was highly appreciated.

He gave a performance on the same high plane that has won him recognition in concert. Mr. Copeland played a Spanish dance by Chabrier, Chopin's "Butterfly" etude, "The Minstrels" by Debussy, Liszt's "Harp" etude, the "Blue Danube" waltz and a Debussy piece for encore.

The surrounding bill is of the usual miscellaneous and varied worth. Miss Dorothy Kenton's playing of the harjo and the juggling Evans were worth while.

Seats for the Forbes-Robertson engagement at the Shubert went on sale today.

Beginning a series of Monday evening recitals by the faculty of the Leland Powers school, Miss Margaret McLean gave a finely finished interpretation of "Jean Valjean" last evening in the school hall, 177 Huntington avenue.

JOHN DREW IN TWO PLAYS

Hollis Street theater—"The Tyranny of Tears," a comedy in four acts by C. Had-don Chambers. The cast:

Mr. Parbury John Drew
George Gunning Ernest Lawford
Colonel Armitage Hubert Druce
Mrs. Parbury Walter Soderling
Miss Hyacinth Woodward Mary Boland
Caroline Helen Collier
"The Will," a play in three acts by J. M. Barrie; first time here. The cast:
Mr. Devizes, Sr. Hubert Druce
Mr. Devizes, Jr. Ernest Lawford
Philip Ross John Drew
Surtees Sidney Herbert
Sennet Walter Soderling
Creed Murray Ross
Mrs. Ross Mary Boland

Mr. Drew wholly sank himself within the character of Phillip Ross. In the first scene he appears as an honest if somewhat bumptious bridegroom, come with Mrs. Ross to make his will. She is a tender, tremulous creature, who bursts into tears at every mention of the document.

The second scene, 20 years later, shows the Rosses come to make a new will. She has grown very selfish, and he is callous with his money grubbing. She now jokes at the mention of the will, which made her cry years before. Miss Boland succeeded well in this scene, her somewhat self-conscious methods blending well with the character. Mr. Drew was almost unrecognizable, so successful was he in impersonating the prosperous and fat financier, well-satisfied with himself, contemptuously indulgent of Mrs. Ross' avarice.

The last scene is 10 years later, and now Sir Phillip Ross is alone. He is intensely unhappy in spite of vast riches. Despite all her calculations, the wife did not outlive her husband. His children are so reckless he has cut them off in his last will. He doesn't know whom to leave his money to.

He offers it to his lawyer, and to the lawyer's father to play with and babble over. In a sudden fury he dictates that the wealth go to the five men from whom he has won it in bitter business struggle. Here Mr. Drew revealed the strongest and most vivid emotional acting he has done in years. In its sincerity and powerful thinking his work throughout the playlet was worthy of comparison with the best the stage has to offer.

The piece comes to an end on a philosophizing note, provided by the lawyer's father, who sits nodding and babbling by the fire. His memories of the youthful Ross and a clerk (beautifully acted by Mr. Herbert), who appears in the first act, blend into a curious allegory which Ross applies to himself as an explanation of his unhappiness. He decides that the Ross wreck was caused by the growth within him and his wife of "an accused spot," which could have been eradicated had they known themselves and sought happiness in other than selfish channels. On this note, with its universal significance, the playlet ends.

"The Tyranny of Tears" is an admirable example of comedy, a trifle artificial, perhaps, in view of the unmerciful surface of one senses beneath the surface fabric of self-conscious fun.

Mr. Drew repeated his success of years ago in the role of the literary Mr. Parbury, whose domestic equanimity becomes so upset when he opposes his wife for the first time, and for the first time does not wilt under her clinching argument of tears.

Parbury gets decidedly on edge under the cynical questioning of George Gunning, a chum of his bachelor days, but banished, like the rest of Parbury's friends, by Mrs. Parbury's selfish monopoly of her husband's thoughts. She deepens the rut into which his literary activities tend to groove his life.

Mrs. Parbury even persuaded her husband to engage a woman as secretary, not wishing a man around to carry, her husband off to masculine diversions. Things went well until Mrs. Parbury tearfully conquers her husband's desire for a yachting holiday with Gunning. Then it was that Miss Woodward kissed her employer's photograph, and murmured "poor silly fellow," not aware that Mrs. Parbury was looking over her shoulder.

This is the natural and clever situation upon which the action revolves. And it is Mrs. Parbury's unexplained demand that the girl be dismissed that brings husband and wife to a deadlock, ending in Mrs. Parbury going off for an unwelcome visit to her father. Parbury and Gunning slip up most of the night recollecting pleasant features of their bachelor days, and arise next morning to remember the unpleasant things of the present.

This delicious comedy, at once human and satirical, ends in a rather arbitrary promise that the wife has awakened from her selfishness, and that henceforth their lives will include interest in others more than it has in the past under her domination.

There were many fine moments in Mr. Drew's performance of Parbury, and many a glint of intelligent well-bred humor he imparted to his auditors. He was particularly successful in illustrating the distresses of the perturbed Parbury, the abstractions and individualities of the man.

Miss Laura Hope Crews gave a brilliant interpretation of the bashful wife, showing all the mean little traits beneath the polite surface, indicating well the lesson borne in upon the woman in the last act when she becomes conscious of her selfishness. She expressed many bits of feminine subtlety. Miss Boland's snippy vocal methods is often unintelligible. She is a player of high intelligence and many gifts, not the least of which is her handsome presence, and has a keen instinct and skill for characterization.

Mr. Lawford, too, often accentuated

British mannerisms of speech to a point where it was a strain to understand him. He was admirable in his hints at the ideas back of speeches that did not mean just what they said, and he carried off with fervor the denouement in which the Parbury dilemma is solved by Gunning's winning of the secretary.

Mr. Druce did all possible with the one conventional role in the piece. His acting of the kindly old lawyer in "The Will" had a moving and veracious human interest. The play is at once popular in its surface, satire and contrast of types in neatly comic situations, but also in its literary quality of line by a master of English, one to whom words are as living things, with individual powers of comedy.

"YEARS OF DISCRETION"

Tremont—"Years of Discretion," a comedy in three acts, by Frederic Hat-ton and Fanny Locke Hatton, presented by David Belasco, with this cast:
Christopher Dallas Herbert Kelcey
Michael Doyle John Flood
John Strong Louis Massen
Amos Thomas Robert McWade, Jr.
Farrell Howard, Jr. Grant Mitchell
Metz Frank R. Barnes
Mrs. Farrell Howard Effie Shannon
Mrs. Margaret Brinton Alice Putnam
Anna Merkel Camilla Dalberg
Lilly Newton Grace Moore

For just short of half a century Mrs. Farrell Howard had been penned within a puritanical circle. She had eaten breakfast with her father by candlelight, with her husband by gaslight and with her son by electric light. She had calmly and incessantly kept house and knitted. For her, home was all. Yet deep within was a burning dislike for New England, from its stylish suburbs to its pumpkin pies. She yearned for what youth had denied her, freedom.

The trifling fact that she was beyond youth did not impede her progress. The way to reach the gaiety of New York was to run away from the stolidity of Brookline. She dropped her knitting needles and ran, pausing only for a moment to buy nearly all the gowns from a model's show. In New York she added to her equipment rouge, false hair, a French maid and a reckless viewpoint on things unconventional. No longer was she a dowdy. With one dainty, but determined step, and in a shoe that pinched, she bridged the years and became a beauty. Her own son knew her not. "She's quite wonderful," he admitted, "but not mother."

His mother that was, as Mrs. Brinton's guest, had already singed the wings of three moths when the decorous son arrived to take the flame back to its secluded Brookline fireplace. But there was something in the affection of these men that fortified her against even a faint desire to resent the step she had taken. Even a dotting son, the embodiment of propriety, could not persuade one unnatural blush from that smiling cheek, or snatch one strand of hair from that blonde head. Mrs. Howard would not leave the game even to mother her son.

This game she played with Amos, and he in the cavernous depths of his bombshell nature would never forget the wonderful afternoon they had at the anarchists' club. She played it with Michael, and the Irish he bubbled over with blarney through which one day the heart of him said its say. She played it with Dallas, and that man of many friendships, who longed for just one more, found in her that one, yet the one of all the rest. With two only did she not play it: with John, whose wooing of Mrs. Brinton through 10 years had become a habit that barred a newcomer, and with Metz, the butler, whose words were never his, but always the cook's.

Mrs. Howard makes her choice. It falls upon Dallas. A wonderful round-the-world trip is decided upon. But in the last act both parties waver; it would be so much more comfortable to stay in Brookline. And finally the realization that they are both middle-aged comes to them, and they drop the sham, get out the skullcap and the knitting needles, and the curtain falls on two very happy persons.

All of the piece is entertaining. The story is well built. Creation of an atmosphere at the beginning of each act is vivid. The dialogue is crisp with satire; the situations always productive of keen interest.

The actors make of the story a delicious bit of art. There is Miss Shannon's delicate delineation of the woman who shamed youth only to find joy in riper years. Into this role the actress threw a sympathetic appreciation of the possibilities that did not ignore the opportunity either to arouse a laugh or to start a tear.

Opposite Miss Shannon Mr. Kelcey played with a fine understanding. His first approach toward Mrs. Howard, his growing affection for her, and finally the content with which he sat down to a stay-at-home life with a woman knitting beside him were all skillfully painted.

Mr. Flood's enthusiastic Michael was a rover, who dispensed everywhere with unctuous humor and outspoken good will. Mr. McWade seemed unnecessarily harsh in his first scene, but later added much to the farcical character of certain situations. Mr. Mitchell was an adequate pampered son, while Mr. Massen and Mr. Barnes were effective in their parts. Miss Putnam was a good foil for Miss Shannon, and Miss Dalberg's maid was an attractive bit.

Little need be said of the settings, if it is remembered that Mr. Belasco was responsible for them. The two rich interiors, perfect as to detail, were out-matched by the third act Brookline garden scene. Under the spreading tree, within the circle of light cast from the veranda lamp, the contented couple who are seen back from city gaiety to the housekeeping of a quiet home.

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BIRTHDAY SALE

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WEDNESDAY

1395 Bargain Lots Are Offered

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We ask the indulgence of our patrons regarding deliveries at this time, as undoubtedly there will be some unavoidable delays, and request them to take small parcels whenever possible.

Jordan Marsh Company

MORE FACTORIES FOR BOSTON AIM OF MAYOR-ELECT

NEW YORK—After a conference with Mayor Mitchell Monday, Mayor-elect James M. Curley of Boston announced that he will give one tenth of his \$10,000 salary toward a fund for the establishment of free factory sites in and near Boston.

His purpose in visiting New York, he said, was to try to induce New York manufacturers to establish plants in Boston or some place nearby. He indicated that he has a number of Boston business men behind him who are seeking some new impetus to manufacturing in Massachusetts and who believe that the free factory site is just what is needed.

PEACE JUSTICES PLEAD NOT GUILTY

Jeremiah Herlihy and John Kearns, justices of the peace, were arraigned before Judge Chase in the superior criminal court, today, on charges of administering oaths to persons purporting to be signers on the nomination papers of James M. Curley without satisfying themselves that such persons were the signers of the papers.

They waived the reading of the indictments, one against Herlihy containing nine counts and one against Kearns six counts, pleaded not guilty and held in the same bail of \$1000 each that was accepted by Clerk Manning yesterday when they surrendered.

LOCKWOOD WILL LAY NEW COURSE

WAKEFIELD, Mass.—Arthur G. Lockwood, the star amateur golf player, is to oversee the laying out of the new 41-acre golf course of the Bear Hill Club, according to reports made at the annual meeting Monday night. The work will be in the spring.

ARBORETUM MAKES DISPLAY

The monthly Round Table discussion of the Field and Forest Club was held in its rooms, Pierce building, Copley square, last evening. George Winthrop Lee lectured on "Winter Aspects of Tree Life," and there was a display of specimens from Arnold Arboretum.

TABOR ESTATE ISSUE HEARD

Master F. J. Ranlett began hearings Monday to dispose of the estate of Mrs. Frances F. Tabor, whose house and \$10,000 gift Arlington decided it could not use for a home for women. The town and charitable organizations seek the fund.

ROTARY CLUB TO DINE

WORCESTER, Mass.—Worcester Rotary Club will have its monthly meeting and dinner at the Bancroft hotel tonight.

CHELSEA PLAN BOARD ELECTS

Chelsea's new city planning board, recently appointed by Mayor Willard, held its first meeting last night. Dr. Frederick S. Raddin was elected chairman and Willard L. Bennett, secretary.

MUSIC

MME. WHITE IN "AIDA"

With Mme. Carolina White of the Chicago opera company in the title role, the Boston opera company presented Verdi's "Aida" before the Monday evening subscribers, winning some of the most genuine acclaim of the season. The quartet of principals was uncommonly brilliant, comprising besides Mme. White, Mme. D'Alvarez as Amneris, Mr. Martinelli as Radames and Mr. Amato as Amnaro. With such soprano, contralto, tenor and baritone and with Mr. Moranzoni guiding the orchestral accompaniment, there was a distinguished performance of the most vocal of operas.

Mr. Mardones as the priest, Mr. Samperi as the king, Miss Sharlow as the off-scene temple singer and Mr. Fusco as the messenger completed the cast.

There has been only one representation of "Aida" by the Boston company to match this one and that was Felix Weingartner's reading of the work the first year he appeared at the opera house as visiting conductor. Mr. Weingartner's performance as an interpretation of the score in its large instrumental and choral aspects was undoubtedly brilliant, but Mr. Moranzoni's balance of orchestral tone against vocal tone in the solo scenes and in the concerted scenes, where only the principals sang, deserves the highest praise. He arose to the importance of the occasion, not as so many conductors do, by overdriving the orchestra, but by keeping it subdued and letting the voices have their persuasion with the ears of the audience.

So far as the work of the Boston Opera contralto, Mme. D'Alvarez, was concerned, it is sufficient to say that it was in her best vein. The chief vocal support of the year, and one of the few singers of remarkable abilities whose name has appeared on the roll of the company in the five seasons of its history, she characterized the princes with majestic command of style and out of an apparently exhausted wealth of vocal tone. The grand old school opera parts are the kind she excels in. She should never be wasted on such minor, realistic characters as the mother of Louise and the mother of Gennaro.

Mme. D'Alvarez was in her element and of course excelled. Mme. White, on the other hand, was out of her element as an impersonator of an old type heroine. For she is a realistic artist and belongs in roles of the modern school. Nevertheless she excelled as Aida. The reason for her magnificent work was that she, above all things else an opera soprano may be, is a singer. Her voice is not powerful enough to go with a heavy contralto in the second act. But put her with voices such as she sang with in the third act, or leave her to herself, as in her soliloquies of the hall scene and the river scene, and she is admirable indeed.

Mme. White and Mr. Martinelli evidently saved themselves for the Nile scene, which is the one realistic spot in the opera and which is therefore modern in feeling and opportunity. Of course Mr. Amato was ready to support them here with the best of his vivid vocal and histrionic talents. The trio was the high point of the occasion. Three artists of renown and ambition, three artists who are working out the modern problems of operatic interpretation with great zeal, three artists enthusiastic for all the vigor

and all the direct appeal of the Italian lyric art of the times, stood up and sang their best. Of course they had enthusiastic support from the champion of modern Italian art who held the baton.

The scene proved what cooperation of visiting artists and of house orchestra and musical director can do when they set about proving some point of interpretation they all agree on. The moment was a triumph for Italian art and for American appreciation.

HOFFMANN QUARTET PLAYS

The Brahms quartet, op. 51, No. 2. A minor was the leading number on the program given by the Hoffman string quartet in Jacob Sleeper hall last evening, but its interest was overshadowed by the harp solos of Alfred Holy which were light, tripping and soft-singing melodies peculiarly adapted to the harp. The other numbers were Kemper's romance for violin, viola, cello and harp, and the quartet in E flat major of Carl von Dittersdorf.

Mr. Hoffmann and his associates, Messrs. Bak, Rissland and Barth, read the Brahms work with precision, fluency and sympathy. In the intricate fourth movement, the allegro non assai, the quartet exhibited a fine command of the subject and technique. The andante moderato movement was given a dramatic presentation. Kemper's romance, for violin, viola, cello and harp, displayed a smooth-flowing theme, while Dittersdorf's quartet in E-flat major was characterized by neat phrasing and pearly staccato passages.

Mr. Holy's harp solos, "In Springtime," "Lullaby" and "Spanish Dance" are aptly written for his instrument. The audience was especially pleased with "In Springtime." Mr. Holy had to respond to his house twice with applause music.

MR. STEFFENS REVIEWS BOSTON

Lincoln Steffens, who received \$10,000 to \$20,000 as a retainer from the Boston 1915 committee to survey the city, find out community needs and offer a remedy, today had the first of a series of chapters on his findings made public in a magazine. His conclusions will be published in book form later. He cites the causes of alleged irregularities as privileges and individual morality, popularly known as "Our Ideals," and claims that the problem would be solved if a vision could be found for everybody.

In his conclusions Mr. Steffens refers to the finance commission, which he maintains was composed of men unsuited to deal with the financial problems set before them.

WHERE THERE IS SKATING

Abbots Woods	Good
Ashmont playground	Good
Belmont field	Good
Charlestown	Fair
Charlestown playground	Fair
Commonwealth park	No skating
Cottage street park	Good
First street playground	Fair
Franklin field	Fair
Gibson playground	Good
Jamaica Pond	Fair
Neposent	Good
North Brighton	Poor
Randolph street	Fair
Savin Hill	Good
Strawberry	Fair
Walden pond	Fair
William Eustis playground	Poor
Wood Island	Good
Orient Heights	Good
Mystic	Fair
Public Garden	Good
Tobogganing	Fair

FASHIONS AND THE HOUSEHOLD

BEST METHOD OF WASHING DISHES

A woman who wishes to take care of her own china must provide herself with the proper utensils. Even if she has a butler's pantry with a sink, it is well to have a dishpan besides. A soap shaker, a long-handled dish mop, a soft brush for cleaning cut glass, brushes and powders and chamois for silver cleaning, a bottle of household ammonia and plenty of towels are all essentials, according to the St. Louis Star.

To wash dishes by the best method have them scraped first, then rinsed. The easiest way to do this is under the hot water tap if one has running water. If not, after they have been scraped and the worst grease rubbed off with soft paper, the china and silver should be piled in a dishpan and hot water poured over them. After this process or the rinsing under the tap they should be laid in another dishpan and have their second cleaning in hot suds—the hotter, the better. They can be swabbed off with the mop and drawn out by its help and then dried, one piece at a time, as soon as they are taken from the suds. Do not put the dishes to drain, or they may dry in streaks.

The glassware should go into the hot suds first and be taken out and dried before any greasy dishes go in. The silver should come next and the large pieces last.

Keep polishing powder, paste or soap at hand, and if a piece of silver is dulled or tarnished or stained, give it a rub to restore its freshness. If silver is properly washed whenever it is used, it will never be dingy enough to require that a special day shall be devoted to its cleaning. A piece of chamois will polish it quickly.

A little ammonia added to the water in which you are washing silver and glass will brighten it, and ammonia is invaluable in removing grease from dishes.

To keep silver bright when not in use, lay a piece of gum camphor in the drawer or box in which the silver is kept.

WOMAN WHO GROWS AN APPLES

She superintends all the work and gets top prices

I was on the way down town with a friend not long ago when he asked me to walk round the corner with him to a commission merchant's, writes Harry S. Stabler in the Country Gentleman. He wanted to buy a barrel of apples to send up to the house and his wife had told him to get Grimes' golden.

"Here are a few barrels that have just come in," said the commission man. "They are fine too; \$5 per."

"That's pretty high," the purchaser objected. "But let's have a look at them anyhow. My wife knows what she wants."

"Not a bit of use to break this barrel open," the other asserted. "They are No. 1 Grimes' top, sides and bottom. If you find I'm wrong call me up on the phone. I'll send for them and hand you back your money."

My friend handed over the price, while I stayed to ask a question or two after a glance at the square blue label on the head of the barrel.

"Funny thing about that brand," the merchant said. "I handled it some time before I found the owner was a woman. Packs and ships her own stuff, too, I understand. These 'three-mountain' apples bring the top of the market every crack out of the box. Some of my customers won't have any others when they can get these."

"Isn't it unusual for you to offer such a guarantee?" I asked, seeing that the fruit was grown in the East. "I have always had the idea that our eastern growers were not yet out of the packer's hornbook when it came to a comparison with the western men."

"Yes, that used to be true, but our growers are rapidly getting wise and careful; they are finding out that it pays. A brand has to be mighty reliable for me to offer a man his money back if the barrel is not straight goods clear through. But this special brand is the best farmer's pack that I know of."

The orchard from which these apples came is located on the Shenandoah Valley pike four and a half miles from the historic town of Winchester, Va. It was in the orchard that I met Mrs. Sue Howard Leake. She is president of her incorporated farming company; her youngest daughter is secretary, and a son-in-law, who lives in New York, is treasurer. Clad as befitted the work, in a costume that included a long apron, a man's cloth hat and heavy gloves, Mrs. Leake was bending over a grading table, explaining something to the packer.

"I thought I was doing this work by myself—off in a corner, as it were—but it seems that my sins have found me out," she said.

"Especially such as beating most of the men folks hereabouts in getting prices for your fruit," I began, but she had suddenly leaned over to pick up an apple as it was about to roll into the cloth at the end of the table. It was a fine-looking York Imperial, large and well-colored.

"Here is one of those imperfections I told you to look out for," she said, holding the fruit up to the packer and touching a small, brown, spongelike spot not

BLOUSE WITH VERY DEEP YOKE

Sleeves are cut in one piece each



Here is a variation of the kimono blouse that means extreme novelty and extreme smartness. The very deep yoke is cut in one piece with the upper portions of the sleeves, while the lower portions are seamed to it and the lower portions of the blouse are slightly gathered.

The lines are new and fashionable and the blouse is one of the useful kind available for many purposes, for it is charmingly made from any thin and soft material, the fashionable crepe, the net, that is so much in vogue and similar fabrics that suit it to perfection.

The blouse includes seams over the shoulders but the sleeves are cut in one piece each. For the medium size, the blouse will require three yards of material 27, 34, yards 36, two yards 44 inches wide, with 1 1/4 yards of plaited lace for the frills. The pattern of the blouse (8105) is cut in sizes from 34 to 44 inches bust measure. It can be bought at any May Mantion agency, or will be sent by mail. Address 102 West Thirty-second street, New York, or Masonic Temple, Chicago.

When storing cutlery, wipe the blades lightly with a little vaseline. Before using wash in soda water and clean in the usual way.

ANSWERS TO SEWING QUERIES

Subjects in which many are interested

Replies to queries of various persons are given in the Chicago Tribune as follows:

As you dislike so much to sew hooks and eyes on your corset waists and on the children's underclothes why not buy the tapes that come ready to adjust with hooks clamped to one section of the tape and eyes to the other? These are sewed to the under side of the garment like a fly front and are stitched at top and bottom and along the back, but are loose on the front edge. The edge of the hook tape should come just a trifle back of the

edge of the garment and the eye tape is sewed so the curve barely shows. This makes a neat closing.

All table linen should be hemmed by hand. It is nice pick-up work. If you crush the portion for the hem or wet it slightly the work is much easier. Draw a thread to get a straight edge to start with or the hem will be hard to lay. Turn in a narrow hem about a quarter of an inch, crease it hard, then turn back the right side of the hem on the right side of the material until the fold is exactly even with the top of the hem, again press hard, and overcast neatly, holding the hem toward you. This is quicker and neater than ordinary hemming.

As you are fond of metallic trimmings—and they are immensely used this winter—but cannot afford them, why not introduce a trimming of net, either deep cream in tint or a paler green than your dress? Darn it closely with gold thread just as one does huckaback for fancy work. Alternate the stitches in successive rows so a space comes opposite a stitch. This is quickly done, but be careful not to pull the thread or the material puckers. A vest of this darned net with a touch of it on the facing of your collar and cuffs would be good.

The reason your blue frock is disappointing is that the lace and frill which trim it are too white and form too sharp a contrast. A pale cerise or deep cream tint is more fashionable just now than dull white for diaphanous blouses and trimmings. When white is used, it is always an ivory, not a blue white.

A pretty style for your 10-year-old daughter's rose wool sponge is a straight, long-waisted French model, buttoning down the front with double buttons side by side. Finish each side of the front with an inch-wide facing stitched on both edges, fastened with hooks and eyes and a flap underneath. Work buttonholes on each side, the first set just below the collar, the next set an inch and a quarter away. Have a second of these groups two inches and a half below the first group. Finish the skirt with a four-inch hem, run in by hand to make lengthening easy. Work double eyelets on each side of the middle front half way between the waist line and the knees or slightly below, if more becoming. The first are four inches from the middle and the second an inch and a half beyond toward the back. These slashes hold the velvet ribbon belt and are cut long enough to hold the ribbon easily. Instead of buttonholing them they may be bound with silk the tone of the dress. Finish the belt with two straight ends of the velvet brought over the cross piece and reaching to the edge of the skirt, the upper one an inch and a half shorter. Have turn-back cuffs, buttons and narrow ribbon ties of the black velvet and finish the slightly dipped neck with a round turnover collar of cream-colored batiste, which you may embroider in tones of rose with touches of black.

FASHION FRILLS

In Paris shirtwaists are made with long sleeves and costume bodices have short ones.

Guimpes with low turn down collars are wholly of net, heavily hand embroidered.

The brilliant colored vest of some rich texture is one of the prettiest points of winter suits.

Practically all the new corsets are of flexible bonelace character. Some are even bonelace minus the bust.

Low necked styles, soft and simple, dominate in women's neckwear, although high collars are promised.

Blue probably will be the greatest favorite among spring colors, unless yellow proves too strong a rival.

Pendants are to be used to weight the corners or the ends of neckties—Chicago Tribune.

KEEPING SHARP CARVING KNIFE

There is nothing worse for the sharp edge of a carving knife than having it in a drawer with other knives. To keep the edge of a knife in good condition, have a special place for it. If the kitchen is provided with a top rail, see if the knives cannot be slipped between this and the wall proper; usually there is just space enough to permit of the blade of the knife slipping in easily, says the Newark News. Where this is not practical, tack strips of leather against a closet door, on the wall or some other convenient place, and keep the knives in this improvised holder. If this practice is followed, the pleasure of having sharp knives when wanted will be the result.

TRIED RECIPES

HUNTER'S MEAT PIE—Four veal shanks, wash, cover with water, bring to boil slowly; skim, add small onion, celery seed and butter size of an egg and season. Boil slowly until tender; remove bones, drain soup from meat. Thicken the soup until like gravy, adding the yolk of an egg. Make a biscuit dough, using a quart of flour and cut into squares. Cover bottom of granite bake pan with hot sliced potatoes, pour over meat and gravy, sprinkle with parsley and bring to a boil. Lay the biscuit over top and bake until brown. Cover and steam a few minutes. —Los Angeles Express.

OYSTERS IN CREAM—Drain 24 oysters, add the juice of a lemon, one ounce of butter, salt and pepper and bring to a boil. Melt one ounce of butter, add two teaspoonsful of flour, one half pint of white stock, a spoonful of mushroom ketchup and cook and stir five minutes. Blend the yolks of two eggs with one half cupful of cream or milk, add to the sauce and pour over the oysters. —St. Louis Star.

EGG SOUP—In a double boiler heat a quart of milk into which have been stirred a pinch of soda and a minced onion. Rub to a paste a tablespoonful each of butter and flour and stir into the milk. Season with pepper and salt to taste. Lay six poached eggs in the bottom of a tureen and when the white soup is smooth and cream-like, pour it carefully upon the eggs. —Seattle Sun.

FRICASSEE OF BEANS—Soak half a pound of large beans in water over night. In the morning put them in a large saucepan with enough milk and water in equal proportions to cover them. Then add one small sliced onion, one clove and a very small bunch of herbs. Cover and simmer for four hours. If beans get too dry add more milk and water. Remove the onion, herbs and cloves. Strain off all liquid. Put three quarters of a pint of white sauce into a saucepan, heat it, add the juice of half a lemon, one beaten egg and the beans. Make the mixture hot but do not let it boil. Serve hot. —Janesville Gazette.

ALL MADE OF HANDKERCHIEFS

Bags, collars, aprons, bedspreads and pin cushions

There are so many things that can be made from the inexpensive bordered handkerchief that one might very appropriately apply the adjective "versatile" to the useful bit of linen, says a Washington Herald writer.

For instance, there is the small laundry bag or large handkerchief bag (which ever one wishes to call it) that can be made from two of the handkerchiefs in about 15 minutes. Place the two handkerchiefs together and stand them on end, as it were, so that they will have the appearance of being diamond shaped instead of square. Then proceed to sew them together on the machine. The machine stitching will make them stronger than hand sewing could possibly do. Stitch them about an inch in from the edge, so as to leave two little flaps as an ornamental edge. The two lower slanting sides of the diamond are sewed together along their full length. The two upper slanting sides of the diamond are sewed only halfway, the upper flapping points of the handkerchiefs, which are without stitching, are then turned back and creased and pressed along the turning to make them stay in place. Two pieces of ribbon are then tacked to each end of the opening thus made by the turned-back flaps. The two ends of ribbon are then joined in a bow, forming a hanger for the bag. The ribbon should match the color of the borders on the handkerchiefs.

Bordered handkerchiefs make very pretty sailor collars for wearing outside of the coat or even on the thin white shirtwaist. Simply cut a place for the neck in one side of the handkerchief, face or bind the raw edge thus made, and the collar is complete. The front of the collar may be sloped off into points or may be left square at the ends just as the neck is cut out. Blue-bordered handkerchiefs are particularly pretty when used in this fashion. Cuffs can also be made, but another handkerchief must be used for the purpose. These should be made in points and can be made by clipping a corner for either one from the handkerchief.

Then the bordered handkerchiefs make

YELLOW STYLISH ON THE TABLE

Floral baskets features in decorations

Baskets, and again baskets! Such are the features of table and house decorations of all sorts for the winter of 1913-14.

There is a natural association between flowers and baskets which has lent great impetus to the vogue for the latter, and which will probably prolong the fashion indefinitely, says the New York Press.

All through the winter houses will show baskets of plants, specially grown to fit into square, round and princess-shaped baskets, made of birch bark, willow, woven wood and other suitable materials and lined with zinc.

Some one color predominates in these groups of bright-hued plants, as, for instance, gold, red, pink, bronze or a scheme of white and green or blue and gold. Such baskets form a sort of permanent gift and decoration, since the plants are strongly grown and do not perish, as the still popular decorative and gift plants—azaleas—do.

Then, too, the careful grouping of colors in the plant collections makes each group suitable for some one scheme of decoration so that these useful and popular holiday gifts form an important part of the season's house decorations in many homes.

Plants of the same variety, mingled with ferns and flowers, are used for decorations in the hollow center tables now so much employed for large dinners. The inconvenience of obstructing floral adornments at such affairs led to a more general use of hollow center tables, where the table is built in a circle around a bed of flowers and plants that are looked down upon where they are sunk in the hollow with just enough foliage and blossom extending above the cloth to lend charm to the table.

Yellow is the leading fashionable color for table decorations this winter, and pink is very popular and becoming increasingly so. Both colors light up well and are very decorative, while pink is so becoming to the complexions of guests and is so easily associated with the color schemes of rooms that it never entirely loses popularity and has generally been the season's favorite table color.

Red is a popular table decoration and is conspicuous in winter, especially throughout the holidays. For dinners at this time a novelty of the season has been to have both pink and red on the same table.

In the way of favor decorations two fascinating novelties have been introduced; one consists of princess baskets filled with dried German heather and delicate ferns, and the other of Dresden "crinoline dolls" with spreading skirts, made of little flowers, and which may afterward be used as decorations or pin cushions.

The German heather has very tiny blossoms in close sprays, and the effect of the delicate crimson or pink sprays is bright and pretty. Clusters of heather are tied on the handles of the baskets with pink or red satin or white gauze ribbon. Nothing more decorative could be well imagined. Both red and pink baskets are used on the same table, placed as favors by the plates, even when

the centerpiece is of holly or poinsettias on both.

Red carnations with white Scotch heather are fashionable for centerpieces. Bright "winter berries" are used in connection with this arrangement.

All new style centerpieces are very low, and greens will be arranged flat and protruding from the corners.

WOMAN'S ADVANCE

Iowa now has women factory inspectors.

Toronto, Can., has a housewives' league.

The average pay of school teachers in Missouri is \$37 a month.

Women are prohibited from working at night in Massachusetts, Nebraska and Indiana.

By a city ordinance in Cincinnati baby carriages are required to carry lights.

Of the 328,390 people employed in the manufacturing industries of New Jersey 80,542 are women.

Miss Christie Holmberg has been elected clerk in Santa Barbara, Cal., by an overwhelming majority over her male opponent.

The New York Housewives League has engaged several women to act as inspectors in their crusade against cold storage food.

An extensive dyeing work in Philadelphia is conducted by Miss Katherine R. Allen, daughter of the founder of the business. —Chicago Tribune.

HINTS OF VALUE TO THE COOK

Shred codfish and chipped beef and put them in jars so that they will be ready to cream without trouble. Slice bacon and wrap it neatly in waxed paper, or else pack the slices in a glass jar.

Gather all bits of dried cheese—which should always be saved—together and grate them. Put this grated cheese in a bottle and cork it, ready to sprinkle over dishes prepared "au gratin." Grate dried bread and put that in a glass jar. Dry all stale crackers in the oven and roll them into fine crumbs to use in place of breadcrumbs for the outside of croquettes.

Grate chocolate and mix it with sugar. Then when you want a quick cup of hot chocolate add some of this grated, sweetened chocolate to a cupful of milk, let it reach the boiling point and serve it. This must be kept in a cool, dry place.

Make some caramel and put it in a bottle for use for flavoring soups and sauces, ice cream and puddings and cakes. —St. Louis Star.

SUGAR BASKET

The spoon and sugar holder is new for the tea table, says the St. Louis Star. It is a little silver basket with a partition lengthwise through the center. On one side of the partition lump sugar is ranged. On the other spoons are laid in a compartment rounded at each end to accommodate their bowls and handles and narrow in the center.



The Mother's Responsibility

YOUR success as a mother is seen in the success of your husband—your family.

They are your loved ones. For them you work and plan. In their success your crown of womanhood is gained.

Their food demands your study. You would not wittingly handicap them with improperly made food. But that is what you do if you use ordinary flour for their bread and rolls.

Pillsbury's Best Flour

is planned to meet the demands of modern life. The vital food elements are present in just the proper proportions to suit. The Pillsbury Pure Food experts determine this. Discharge your responsibility by using this flour for your family.

The Pillsbury Cook Book

contains 230 carefully tested recipes covering every kind of cookery. Valuable to mothers, instructive and entertaining to children. Mailed to any address upon receipt of 10c, stamps or coin.

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Knox Lemon Water Ice

1 1/2 envelope KNOX Sparkling Gelatine. 1 quart water. Juice of four lemons. 1 cup sugar.

Soak the Gelatine in one cup cold water. Heat sugar and balance of the water, and when boiling stir in the Gelatine and thoroughly dissolve. Add the lemon juice and freeze.

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CHARLES B. KNOX CO.

800 Knox Avenue, Johnston, N. Y.



Hearings Begun by Committees

(Continued from page one)

ized to pay a sum not exceeding \$500 to Mrs. Halloran.

Fred W. Rostrom and J. S. B. Clarke, members of the board of police commissioners of Fall River asked for legislation to provide that when a city or town furnishes police officers to another city or town, the receiving city or town be required not only to pay the wages and expenses of the officers, but shall be liable for time that such officers may be incapacitated on account of injuries received during such services, and other amounts of money that might be allowed such officers.

The commissioners said that they had had no trouble on this account, but thought that the law should be made clear in this respect in order to avoid future trouble.

The bill with reference to the organization of volunteer fire departments was laid over until some future time, because no one appeared to be heard on this matter who was at all familiar with the proposed legislation. Representatives Chandler and Lyle requested that this hearing be postponed and stated that they would confer with the petitioners.

Four measures also came before the joint committee on the judiciary, among which would make cities and towns liable for damages caused by oil used for dust laying.

Corporation Counsel Joseph J. Corbett of Boston and City Solicitor W. S. Slocumb of Newton appeared before the committee on judiciary today in opposition to the petition of Representative Patrick E. Murray of ward 18 for legislation to make cities and towns pay all damages caused by using oil upon the streets. Mr. Murray was not present, but the chair said that he would hear him later and the opposition was then heard.

Judge Corbett's contention was that as Boston has 400 miles of streets and now spreads 1,480,000 gallons of oil upon them, covering over 7,000,000 yards that to pass a bill so broad in scope in this would put the city under too great a burden that Boston simply could not continue to oil its streets.

Rep. Benjamin F. Haines of Medford appeared before the committee on executive session on his bill to exempt members of the general court who are practicing attorneys from the rule of the supreme, superior and municipal courts that they must attend their cases or stand default. The hearing closed and there was no opposition.

The joint committee on legal affairs held its first hearing this session at the State House this morning.

Frank L. Dean, controller of county accounts, urged that medical examiners should be given three months in which to furnish bond, instead of 30 days.

The state board of charity, through its secretary, Robert Kelso, asked for the appointment of special district police officers to serve the board in carrying on its work.

Commissioner Hanson of the department of weights and measures, advocated the licensing of peddlers by his department upon presentation of a certificate signed by a mayor or board of selectmen.

Two petitions were heard by the committee on public service this morning. On the first Associate Justice E. W. O'Brien, Probation Officer Charles H. Colly of the district court for southern Essex and Probation Commissioner Thomas Midreedy appeared in favor of a bill to give the probation officer of Lynn clerical assistance to the amount of \$800 a year to do his stenographic work and keep the books. There was no opposition.

The purpose of the hearing before the committee on elections today is to give another opportunity to all parties interested in the sixth Middlesex representative district case an opportunity to be heard. The committee completed the count of the ballots cast for William J. Naphean, Republican, and Thomas H. Brennan, Democrat, late yesterday, but have withheld an announcement of their decision until later. The decision still hinges, it is said, on a single disputed ballot.

At a short session of the Senate yesterday afternoon about 50 of the measures filed in the upper branch were formally read and referred to committees.

Senator Chase of Essex introduced the petition of G. P. Pope, a farmer of Danvers, that all middlemen selling produce by commission shall be licensed and shall be required to make accurate return of their sales to the farmer from whom they get their produce, with the market rate of the day.

Senator Bagley of Boston presented the petition of Andrew Houghton that pensions of the Boston police shall be equalized so that officers who have been retired for some years shall receive one half the amount of compensation now paid to officers in the positions they formerly occupied in active service.

The resolution from the House asking the secretary of the navy and Congress to have a supply ship built at Charlestown navy yard, was adopted in concurrence.

The session of the House yesterday afternoon was given over to the reading of bills and petitions and their reference to proper committees. Representative Niland of East Boston introduced resolutions protesting against any increase in railroad freight rates.

A bill calling for an appropriation of \$578,806 for the dredging and improvement of Dorchester bay has been filed by Representative William N. Cronin of South Boston. The bill would give the port directors authority to develop the old harbor section of Dorchester bay as recommended by the state board of health and the engineers of the port directors.

CANADIAN NAVAL BILL WILL NOT BE REOFFERED

Government Measures Will Not Be Submitted to the People This Year, Owing to Speech of the Duke of Connaught

DEBATE IS EXPECTED

OTTAWA, Ont.—The Monitor's outline of the political situation facing the newly assembled Canadian Parliament showed that the rejected naval bill of last session constituted the center of the country's questioning.

The speech from the throne, read by his royal highness the Duke of Connaught, has settled that questioning for this year, so far as legislation is concerned. The naval bill will not be reintroduced, neither will it be submitted to the people at large for decision.

The premier's conclusion against the referendum method of solving the problem will in all probability be the chief point of attack by his political opponents. It is considered likely that the Liberals will have ample opportunity for expressing disapproval of this conclusion, and the government equal opportunity for explaining its position, for a debate on the naval question is expected although no legislative action will be forthcoming.

Highway Aid Bill

The highway's aid bill has shared the same end as the naval measure. No reference to it was made in the speech from the throne. Both these previously rejected measures, it is understood, will be held in abeyance until the Senate chamber is so remodeled as to make possible the passage of such government measures.

As to the government's intention in this direction, the speech leaves no room for uncertainty. First in the list of "bills to be introduced" is placed that one which refers to the necessity for a general readjustment of representation throughout the Dominion. According to the British North America act this readjustment must be undertaken at the present time, as it is required to follow the decennial census. That it occurs at such a "crucial moment," politically speaking, is a coincidence that will make this arrangement for new seats and their electoral backgrounds the most important work of the session, from the viewpoint of party politics.

Added to the possibilities for government or opposition gain which this first bill entails, is a certainty of government gain if other bills, which deal with increased Senate representation, can be passed.

Growth of New Districts

The rapid growth of the newer districts of the Dominion is considered to have made such an increase not only due, but overdue.

The choice of such new representatives being entirely in the hands of the government the measures dealing with this Senate enlargement are those considered of most importance to the party in power, for an adverse Senate threatens legislation at every point where party differences are acute.

To reduce the Liberal majority in the Senate by every possible means is the present policy of the Conservatives. After 13 years of Senate appointments by a Liberal government, the majority they had secured in the "upper house" was necessarily an "overwhelming" one and an "unbreakable" one.

It will therefore be in connection with the bills for increased Senate membership from these four western provinces that the stiffest contest may be expected during the session.

It is expected that the Liberal party will bring in an amendment to the speech from the throne, which will again focus public attention on the trade and tariff policies now governing the countries commercial activity.

Mr. Laurier Outspoken

During the summer Sir Wilfrid Laurier has been more outspoken than for some years past regarding his free trade predilections.

The exceedingly great increase of Canadian livestock export which has followed tariff reduction along the southern border, is not being allowed to continue unheeded by the free traders in the Dominion. And it has strengthened the position of those Liberals who stood firm for reciprocity in 1911. The discussion of this trade question in the House is expected to involve a comparison between the comparative prosperity preceding 1911, and the increased pressure of "the high cost of living" now said to be evident. The House will settle down to work immediately, this week; and the possible shortening of discussions under the closure rules it is hoped will make possible a short session.

HARVARD LAMPOON ELECTS

At its semi-annual elections yesterday, the Harvard Lampoon chose Richard E. Connell '15 of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., David Loring Jr., '16 of Portland, Ore., Roessle McKinley '15 of Albany, Edward C. Thayer '15 of Worcester, and Gardner Hale '15 of Chicago for editorial board.

ALASKA PLAN CALLED WEDGE FOR SOCIALISM

Bill for Government Railroad There Senator McCumber Describes as First Step Toward Paternalistic Government

VOTE ON THURSDAY

WASHINGTON—The Alaska railroad bill encountered its first vigorous opposition in the Senate Monday when Senator McCumber called it the first step toward "the realm of paternalistic and socialistic government."

Until the North Dakota Senator spoke, Senator Williams was the only member who had directly stated his purpose of opposing the measure, on which there is an agreement for a final vote Thursday.

Amendments adopted by the committee of territories would provide for the taking over by the government of any existing lines necessary, by purchase or condemnation. An amendment providing for a government steamship line from the coast terminal of the road to ports on the Pacific coast was rejected by the committee on the ground that it would complicate consideration of the bill.

Senator McCumber criticized the whole theory of government ownership. He said experience had shown that it cost the government twice as much as a private concern to operate any enterprise. Government departments in Washington, he insisted, paid twice the salaries paid for similar services outside government employ, and an extension of this injustice to the proposed government railroad could be looked for.

Arguments presented during debate for agricultural development in Alaska, declared the senator, were without merit, the fact being that the great majority of the products named in statistics read into the record came from districts accessible by sea, or which it was not proposed to tap with the projected railroad.

Senator Clark of Wyoming declared that while tests had shown Bering district coal to be better than the West Virginia product, actual naval tests aboard ship proved that "the Bering field absolutely falls down" in supplying coal which the navy could use.

Senator Jones replied that he had a letter from a former member of Congress saying that the coal used in the naval tests, aboard the cruiser Maryland was not properly gathered and did not furnish a fair sample of the product of the field.

Good Roads Fund Asked

Supplemental report on the bill to appropriate \$25,000,000 a year for federal aid to road construction in the states was filed in the House Monday by Representative Shackelford, chairman of the House roads committee. A special rule, making this bill in order as an amendment to the postoffice appropriation bill now before the House, probably will be acted upon at once by the rules committee.

A table gave figures as the minimum amount of aid each state might receive. New England states are provided for as follows: Connecticut, \$218,750; Maine, \$238,750; Massachusetts, \$538,750; New Hampshire, \$125,000; Rhode Island, \$83,750; Vermont, \$138,750.

For Indian Inquiry

Senator Penrose introduced a resolution Monday for appointment by the President of a commission of seven to report on conditions among the Indians, as proposed by the recent report from the Rodman Wanamaker expedition. The leader of the expedition was Dr. Joseph K. Dixon, who, with the board of Indian commissioners, would serve on the commission. The commission would be empowered to report a bill on the entire reorganization of Indian affairs.

Farm Aid Bill Passes

The Lever agricultural bill, providing for federal aid in the dissemination of farm information by practical experiments and through publications, was passed by the House Monday by 177 to 9. Under the measure the various state agricultural colleges would receive federal funds to finance plans for acquainting the farmers with facts established by the department of agriculture.

As it passed the House the bill would provide for an immediate appropriation of \$480,000, of which \$10,000 would go to each state complying with the requirements of the law. This appropriation would be increased by \$300,000 each year for nine years, and after a 10-year period would become a permanent annual appropriation of \$3,000,000.

The bill was called up by Representative Lever of South Carolina under a motion to suspend the rules and, with less than an hour's debate, was rushed through. It is scheduled for consideration in the Senate Thursday.

Conference on Trusts

Democratic members of the Senate interstate commerce committee and the House judiciary committee held a joint conference Monday to discuss antitrust legislation. The conference was arranged in the interest of cooperation.

The committee discussed the questions of hearings and of consultation with other members of Congress. After representatives of all parties have been con-

sulted the bills may be made a party measure.

Mothers' pensions were proposed Monday in a bill introduced by Representative Gorman of Illinois. All widowed mothers having one or more children under 18 years and made dependent would be placed upon the rolls for \$10 to \$15 a month.

To Make Own Powder

The army appropriation bill, now ready for report to the House, will contain a provision to require the government to manufacture instead of purchase the bulk of its munitions of war. A similar provision will be in the fortifications appropriation bill.

Rear Admiral Strauss, chief of ordnance, told the House naval committee that the government at the Indian Head (Md.) proving grounds had produced powder at 40½ cents a pound, while the only private bidder quoted 53 cents.

MONITORIALS

By NIXON WATERMAN

PERSISTENCE

Now when full many a diary,
Begun on New Year's day,
Already is neglected
In a half-forgotten way.
And the feeling to forego it
Still grows, one asks: "Pray tell
How Peeps had the patience
To keep his up so well?"

FIDELITY

They who with honesty have wrought,
In candid truth, the world's great tasks,
Know well a man who can be bought
Is never worth the price he asks.

New flour mills in Kansas City will turn out 3000 barrels a day. This will mean a great deal of "loaf" among the bakers of the land.

GENEROSITY

The joy and the charm and the beauty
Of chivalrous service they lack
Who cannot perform their plain duty
Without patting themselves on the back.

Mail service by aeroplane is still opposed by the United States Congress notwithstanding that would seem to be the ideal way in which to deliver messages from those who are desirous of "dropping us a line."

DINNER TO MARK THE COMING OF PROFESSOR TAFT

A dinner at the American house Feb. 5 will mark the coming of Prof. William H. Taft to this city to deliver a course of lectures on "Legal Ethics." The first lecture will be given the afternoon of the same day at Boston University law school. He will also give a course of lectures at Harvard law school.

The dinner will be given by the Boston University Law School Association, the alumni organization of that school, and the attendance will be limited to 400. Professor Taft will deliver an address and other guests who will also speak include Gov. David I. Walsh, Chief Justice Arthur P. Rugg of the Massachusetts supreme court, Atty-Gen. Thomas J. Boynton, Moorfield Storey, president of the Massachusetts Bar Association, and Homer Albers, dean of Boston University law school. Professor Taft is president of the American Bar Association.

MR. HINDS NOT A CANDIDATE

PORTLAND, Me.—Congressman Asher C. Hinds will not be a candidate for re-nomination at the primaries in the first Maine district next June. The chairman of the district congressional committee received the announcement yesterday.

RHODE ISLAND P. O. ADVANCED

WASHINGTON — The postoffice at Kingston, R. I., has been advanced from fourth to the third class, thereby becoming a presidential office.

USE OF MOTION PICTURES TO SPREAD WORLD PEACE URGED

Outlines for courses of study on international relations, a list of organizations engaged in the peace movement, in America and abroad, and a report of all publications dedicated to the peace cause have been published in a small pamphlet and issued by the World Peace Foundation, 40 Mt. Vernon street, to all colleges, universities and many clubs throughout the United States. This report is the outcome of an investigation carried on by Prof. Charles H. Levermore, head of the college and university department of the World Peace Foundation.

Its purpose is to summarize briefly the sources of information open to those interested in the study of the peace movement. There are recommendations for subjects for lectures to be given before college classes in international law, economics and history.

In the report submitted to the directors of the foundation for publication in the annual report of all departments, Professor Levermore said that 195 colleges maintain one or more courses in international law, 203 of the educational institutions give instruction in the legal or diplomatic phases of international education, and 88 maintain departments which are devoted to some form of world politics. Professor Levermore thinks that



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The Government affixes a Revenue Stamp on each package of mixed flour which contains 51% wheat. Every package of Heckers' Pancake Flour has the Revenue Stamp.

If you are buying pancake flour without this stamp you are paying a good price for cheap flour.

10c—All Grocers

Demonstration Store—99 Summer Street



BRIMFIELD FARMERS FORM COOPERATIVE EXCHANGE

BRIMFIELD, Mass.—A movement to form a cooperative exchange among the farmers of Brimfield has been completed.

The organization is known as the Brimfield Farmers Cooperative Exchange. The organization was effected, according to the provisions of chapter 437 of the legislative acts of the year 1913, and chapter 447 of the acts of 1913, and is the first corporation of its kind to be formed in this county, and probably in the state, under the provisions of the acts of 1913.

The principal place of business of the corporation is Brimfield, and the member-

ship is limited to persons in Brimfield, Warren, Wales and Holland engaged in some form of agricultural enterprises, who have subscribed for at least one share of stock in the exchange, and who have been approved as eligible candidates for membership by a majority vote of the directors. The directors are: Orus E. Parker, Clarence B. Brown, Orrin Hicks, William Spooner, Fred N. Lawrence, and these were sworn by G. M. Hitchcock in his capacity of justice of the peace. The officers are: President, Orus E. Parker; secretary-manager, Edward S. Butterfield; treasurer, Dr. William Pearsall; vice-president, Clarence B. Brown.

AUTOMOBILE CONTROL ASKED BY NANTUCKET

Measure Introduced in Legislature Provides That Island Town Be Given Power to Regulate Operation of These Vehicles

OTHER BILLS FILED

Representative Edward H. Perry of Nantucket, in view of the automobile situation in the island community, has presented to the Legislature a bill which would give Nantucket supreme authority over all automobile affairs there. The bill provides that no person shall operate an automobile in Nantucket without a license granted by the selectmen, and only on the streets prescribed by the selectmen. Violation of the auto laws decided by the selectmen would be punishable by a fine as high as \$300 or imprisonment for six months, or both.

The metropolitan park commission has asked for legislation to enable it to fight the reservations and lands under its control. Petitions have been filed by Representative Cronin of Boston for improvements in Pleasure bay and Dorchester bay in Boston harbor.

Other petitions have been received at the clerk's office as follows:

By the Massachusetts Association of Women Lawyers, that women shall be eligible to appointment as judges in all courts created by the statutes of this commonwealth.

By Frank S. Murphy, that motor vehicles be equipped with mud guards.

By George L. Thompson of Somerville, and others, for licensing of cooks and bakers.

By Arthur H. Wellman and another, for the construction of a parkway from the city of Boston through Cambridge and Somerville, connecting Boston with the park system on the north side.

By Representative Morrill of Haverhill, to prevent the ejection of tenants during the winter months.

By M. F. Rynne, to establish a uniform price for water furnished by cities and towns.

MODERN WRITERS OF FICTION ARE SUBJECT OF TALK

"Latter Day Novelists" was the theme of an address by Prof. Richard Burton of Minnesota yesterday afternoon before members of the New England Woman's Club at their club rooms, 585 Boylston street. The evening entertainment consisted of Greek dances by Mrs. Laura P. Ingalls and violin solos by Miss Mildred McKay.

Professor Burton sketched briefly the difference between the standard writers of fiction and the fiction writers of today. He said that the social and economic problems of the present were reflected in the fiction and drama of the present and that the man with ability to write today had the ability to be a good citizen and of use to his fellowmen. He cited several books dealing with social and industrial conditions.

About 200 members attended the afternoon meeting. Mrs. Trueworthy White presided. The next meeting of the club will be Jan. 26 when C. C. Carstens will speak on "Why Massachusetts Should Sustain the Present Child Labor Law."

TOM L. JOHNSON ESTATE NETS \$90,881

NEW YORK—The estate of Tom L. Johnson, former mayor of Cleveland, has property in New York state valued at \$212,136, according to the state appraiser's report filed Monday. Debts against this estate and expenses of administering brought its net value to \$90,881.

This property was divided equally between Mr. Johnson's widow, a son and daughter. The report showed that his residence in Cleveland, which stood in his wife's name, was sold for \$195,000 before he passed away and the proceeds were given to Mrs. Johnson.

YALE ANNOUNCES GIFTS FOR SCHOOL

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Announcement was made at a meeting of the Yale corporation yesterday that gifts and pledges of \$350,000 had been secured to help carry out the plans for the development of the Yale divinity school into a university school of religion. These gifts will increase the endowment to more than \$1,200,000. Among the gifts were \$100,000 from Mrs. D. Willis James and Arthur Curtis James of New York, \$80,000 from Mrs. Stephen Merrill Clement of Buffalo, N. Y., and an anonymous gift of \$100,000, the latter to found a chair of social service.

MORE PLAY IN BOSTON SCHOOLS BOARD DECIDES

Special Director for Roof Gardens and Games Established by Vote of Members After Values in Work Are Debated

TESTS ORDER HELD

Ethical and intellectual values of play for little folk were emphasized by the school committee last evening in a discussion that arose over an order to assign a special assistant to the Washington district for directing the play of first grade pupils on the roof of the Washington schoolhouse. It was opposed by Michael H. Corcoran who contended that too much play was allowed as it was. Miss Frances G. Curtis took the position that education is not all a matter of books and that children learn many valuable things through play. The order was passed.

Superintendent Dyer asserted that an experiment of 2½ years at the Margaret Fuller school on this same thing showed that it produced better school work, that the attention of pupils was better during the time they were in school and that they were as proficient as pupils who spent the entire day in the schoolroom.

Dr. Thomas F. Leen, the retiring member of the board, proposed that a new department be established to be called the department of educational investigation and measurement. Its purpose is to promote educational efficiency and economy in administration and executive procedure in the schools, investigation and professional study of school problems and developments of standards of achievement in the various subjects and grades of school work, to develop a system of promotion of teachers on a basis of merit and to investigate the workings of the new child labor law, retardation of pupils, elimination of pupils in the high schools and in general for the purpose of organizing on a permanent basis a testing and research department. The measure was laid over.


Frederick G. Jackson was appointed acting principal of Dorchester evening commercial high school, succeeding William L. Anderson, who was assigned as assistant to the director of the evening and continuation schools.

The date of the annual street parade of the high school cadets was fixed as May 29. The prize drill and parade of the suburban high schools was fixed for May 13, the public Latin school May 14 and the English high school May 15.

An order for the distribution of the balance of \$8000 of the 20 cents on the tax rate for increase of teachers' salaries was passed. By the order 911 teachers paid \$1000 or less will receive a bonus of \$9.23 in their envelopes this month.

ANTI-SUFFRAGISTS AT RADCLIFFE The girls at Radcliffe interested in antisuffrage met yesterday afternoon to organize a club. Mary Burrage '14 was elected temporary president. A committee was appointed to draw up a constitution.

ONE-CENT LETTER MAN SPEAKS Charles William Burroughs of Cleveland, president of the National One-Cent Letter Postage Association, will speak at the annual meeting of the New England Shoe and Leather Association at 166 Essex street tomorrow noon.



Afternoon Luncheon in the Filene Restaurant 3 to 5 daily

Annual Sale of Women's and Misses' Coats

The time to pick is when the fruit is ripe.

We waited until last week to buy for this sale—when coat-makers were almost unable to get work for their people, we went in armed with ready cash, picked the choicest of the choice and rushed them here for this event.

- \$10.75 for Women's Long Mixture Coats
- \$12.50 for Women's Astrakhan Cloth Coats
- \$19.75 for Women's Fur Collared Motor Coats
- \$19.75 for Women's Coats of Imported Astrakhan
- \$15.00 for Women's Epoque and Youthful Mixture Coats
- \$16.75 for Elderly Women's New Black Broadcloth Coats
- \$16.75 for Women's Velvet Wraps
- \$ 9.75 for Misses' Raincoats and Topcoats
- \$12.50 for Misses' Boucle and Chinilla Coats
- \$14.75 for Misses' Cut Velvets and Wool Plush Coats
- \$ 5.95 for Misses' Raincoats

—WASHINGTON STREET AT SUMMER, BOSTON—

Chileans Speed Traffic Beni Rubber Fields Scanned

GOLD SPIKE IS DRIVEN; UNITES NEW RAILROAD

Joining Northern and Southern Parts in Chile Is Marked by Ceremony—Mining Provinces Look for Rapid Development

OTHER LINES PLANNED

SANTIAGO, Chile.—It will be some time before the full effect of the completion of the Longitudinal railway will be felt in Chile, but considering the magnitude of the enterprise from a construction standpoint alone, there is reason for the people, from the President to the worker in field and the mine, to express gratification that the work is finished.

At the time the minister of instruction, acting on behalf of President Barros Luco, drove the gold spike in the rails joining the northern and southern sections of the railway, at Yumbes, all of the northern provinces joined in the celebration. That the connecting of the separate sections will mean a great industrial development, particularly in some of the heretofore inaccessible nitrate fields, is a logical conclusion drawn from what is being expressed on all sides.

The Northern Longitudinal railway has been building since April, 1911. Its length is 440 miles. It was finished 10 months ahead of contract time, and was built by the Chilean Construction Company for the Chilean Northern Railway Company, which company is to operate the line for the next 25 years. From its southern terminus, Puerto Huidro, the route lies through mining country considered among the most barren in the world, but the mineral wealth of the region is almost inconceivable. Sections aggregating 186 miles have been in operation for some months, mainly for the purpose of hauling machinery and material for the construction of new nitrate factories along the route.

The utter absence of water and lack of labor proved difficult matters to overcome. But wells were sunk with satisfactory results, and the importation of 1000 Spanish laborers solved the other problem. At Catina the Northern Longitudinal meets the Talca railway. At Aguas Blancas the line of the same name connects with the Northern. At Palentina the Boquete branch joins, and at Toco the Northern picks up the Tocopilla line. On account of the difference of gauge between these lines and the Longitudinal, the Chilean government has voted funds for surveys for other lines connecting with the coast. The survey for the prolongation of the line to Arica is already completed. The constructors of the line are charged with the equipment of the rolling stock as well. The locomotives come from Germany and England and the coaches and freight cars are being made in England and the United States.

Construction of the Southern Longitudinal was undertaken between Santiago and Copiapo, by the Howard syndicate. On the route northwards the line to Valparaiso is left at La Calera up through hills with picturesque views both toward the Cordillera range and the Pacific. Everywhere there is evidence of the great task confronting the railway builders and that the work in the opinions of Santiagos has been done with such thoroughness is one of the satisfying features of the enterprise.

SAO PAULO SHOWS BUSINESS AFFAIRS TO BE IMPROVING

SAO PAULO, Brazil.—This city continues to furnish a striking example of rapid growth and while the prevailing business slack throughout the republic has been felt both in the state and in this port, the commercial interests have managed to keep matters moving along satisfactorily. Only 40 years ago Sao Paulo had but 24,000 inhabitants. Fourteen years later the population had doubled. In ten years the city had grown to nearly 200,000 and today it is rapidly approaching the 500,000 mark.

The state of Sao Paulo has become prosperous from agriculture, where 30 years ago the states of Minas, Rio, Espirito Santo and Bahia led in these productions. The present advance in Sao Paulo is due to splendid cooperation. The state has provided a number of agricultural schools, those at Piracicaba, Iguape and Sao Sebastiao being especially well equipped. The agricultural institute, with its tropical garden, also has been of great value to a more perfect utilization of soil values.

CHILEANS HOPING TO KEEP WARSHIPS

SANTIAGO, Chile.—With two new Chilean warships, the Lynch and the Condell, ready for delivery in the English shipyards, interest is accumulating here as to when the additions to the fleet may be expected in home waters. In view of the fact that Brazil recently sold its completed dreadnought, the Rio de Janeiro, and the talk that another South American nation which is having a man-of-war built abroad has been asked to sell, the Chilean people express the hope that their government will not dispose of any of its ships, at the present time at least.



Wharf and railway scene in great nitrate district, Chile—Lumber from Oregon

LAST TOUCHES BEING PUT ON THE NEW PANAMA RAILROAD

Canal Zone Line Is Well Equipped With Modern Devices—Interlocking Plant Being Erected at Cristobal and Several Others Are Projected at Different Points

CRISTOBAL, C. Z.—Outside of the authorized and proposed work, the Panama railroad is now maintaining and operating 12 interlocking plants, with 180 active levers.

Work has begun on a new interlocking plant at Cristobal, known as Tower A. The improvements consist of a new cabin, the connection of four additional switches, and the protection of all conflicting points by derails. The present plant is composed of 14 active levers; the rearranged apparatus will consist of a 36-lever machine, containing 33 active levers and controlling eight switches, nine derails, eight facing point locks, 11 mechanical dwarf and home signals, and two power-operated, semi-automatically controlled home signals. The cabin will be equipped with indicators showing the condition of the main track on either side of the cabin. The present main cabin will be used for the proposed interlocking plant at Summit.

The interlocking plant at Pedro Miguel, which was rearranged on account of recent track changes, has been put in service again. This plant now contains 12 levers, controlling four switches, one derail, four facing point locks, one mechanical dwarf signal, and four power-operated home signals. The telephone and signal department has plans prepared and material on hand to rebuild

the present interlocking plant at the west leg of the Balboa wye, on account of proposed track changes. The new layout will consist of a 24-lever machine with 23 active levers, controlling six switches, six facing point locks, four derails, and nine home and dwarf signals. No electrical features will be incorporated within the functions of this point at present. The cabin has been constructed under the supervision of the chief quartermaster.

Plans have been approved and material ordered for an interlocking plant at the south leg of Panama end of the Balboa wye. This plant will consist of a 24-lever machine, with 22 active levers, and will control four switches, six derails, four facing point locks, and nine mechanical home and dwarf signals. No electrical features will be used on this plant until the automatic signals are installed through this territory. The question of installing an interlocking plant at Summit Cabin is under consideration, and, if approved, the plant will consist of an 8-lever machine with all levers active, and will control one switch, two derails, one facing point lock, and four signals. The pontoon bridge near the present bridge No. 57½ will be equipped with locking devices and protected by semi-automatic signals as soon as it is put in place.

TRADE NOTES

BUENOS AIRES, A. R.—The Argentine minister of public works is to call for tenders for the construction of a state-owned railway from San Juan to Jachal.

PUNTA ARENAS, Chile.—The removal of the duty on wool imported into the United States has been responsible for increased shipments of this staple from the territory of Magallanes.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil.—A regular monthly service of freight steamers under the United States flag has been established between the ports of Rio de Janeiro and Santos and New York.

ASUNCION, Paraguay.—There is a movement under way for placing more troops on the Brazilian border at Matto Grosso. The government is charged with neglect in that direction.

LA GUAYRA, Venezuela.—The minister of public instruction has issued an order which annuls all previous dispositions and orders of the ministry regarding the adoption of certain text-books as official.

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay.—The General Assembly is considering the plan of Juan Carlos Blanco for the construction of a drydock to accommodate the largest steamers.

BARBADOS, West Indies.—Canada is the largest importer of sugar from the Barbados. Of a production amounting to 28,732 hogheads the Dominion took 23,654.

SAN JOSE, Costa Rica.—To provide funds for railroad construction the government has passed a law establishing a tax of \$2.33 on all cattle imported into Costa Rica.

CALLAO, Peru.—Japanese merchants have had representatives in Peru investigating opportunities for the exchange of products. Peruvian importers would take care of sales in the interior of Ecuador as well.

PANAMA.—The Panama government has been asked to grant a cable concession connecting the west coast of South America with the United States by way of Panama. Peru is said to have expressed its willingness to join such an arrangement.

LA LIBERTAD, San Salvador.—The suspension of payment by the Banco Nacional does not affect the economic situation, as the institution had no government connections.

INDEPENDENCE IS SEEN IN VIEWS OF ARGENTINE PRESS

BUENOS AIRES, A. R.—In strong contrast to the attitude of the press in the majority of the Central or South American republics the newspapers of Argentina, particularly so in Buenos Aires, aim at being mouthpieces of public opinion as they see it.

This journalistic independence has never been more in evidence than now. It is true that each of the leading papers, such as La Prensa, La Nacion, La Argentina, La Razon or El Diario, represents some faction in politics. Their views may be more or less colored to suit their reading clientele. But at the same time the journals do not seem to be in awe of the existing government, and the expressions of some of the papers, directed against those in power, would prove decidedly uncomfortable for the editors if they had been published in some less progressive country than Argentina.

As in European countries, so here, the editorials are closely watched, since in them is to be found the political viewpoint. Any one following the daily "leader" in one of the papers which has a great circulation, will soon discover that it is not supporting the present administration. On the other hand, President Pena and his administration have journalistic support that is considered of great value.

CANAL ZONE LODGE ELECTS OFFICERS

EMPIRE, C. Z.—At the regular meeting of Isthmian canal lodge, No. 1, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, held at Empire, officers were elected for the ensuing term, as follows: Noble grand, Andrew Dunlop; vice-grand, F. H. McCain; secretary, H. W. Dohrmann; treasurer, Lewis A. Taber; trustee, R. R. Robinson. District Deputy Grand Sir B. F. Sisson, and suite, will soon install the newly elected officers.

TWO CAUSES GIVEN FOR MONEY SLUMP

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil.—In financial circles there has been considerable discussion as to the actual cause for the depressed money market. It is believed that one reason is the government's liberality in granting concessions. The general development proceeded on a very elaborate scale. It is also considered a serious mistake that the government issued so much paper money without security.

PANAMANIAN SEE SITE DEDICATED OF THE NEW GORGONA

City to Be Settled by People From Gatun Lake Area Is Formally Opened by Executive

PANAMA.—The site set aside by the government of Panama from public lands on the west coast of the bay of Panama, about 40 miles south of the city of Panama, for the proposed town of New Gorgona, to be settled principally by persons removed from the area of Gatun lake, has been formally dedicated. A party, including the President of Panama, the secretary of foreign relations, the secretary of public works, the secretary of public instruction, members of the diplomatic corps in Panama and numerous guests, accompanied by the band of the Republic, sailed from the city of Panama to take part in the ceremony.

Addresses were made by the President and the secretary of public instruction, and an address for the citizens was made by Senor Tomas Posada, a resident of New Gorgona, who set forth the primary needs of the community, as follows: A sufficient water supply, an allotment of agricultural lands, a bridge across the Chame river, and transportation to New Gorgona of building material stored on dump No. 6 at the time the houses in Gorgona and vicinity were abolished. After a luncheon in the school building, the party embarked for Panama.

New Gorgona has now a population of between 500 and 600 people, some of whom have erected their houses, but the most of whom continue to live in the temporary quarters provided by the government. Roads have been cleared and telegraph connections established. The site of the town is a level plateau rising about 50 feet above the sea, and the agricultural lands are about two miles back from the coast.

URUGUAY BUREAU OF EXPOSITIONS IS PROGRESS FACTOR

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay.—Housed in the large building at 1467 Calle Solis, the bureau of expositions of Montevideo is gradually becoming an indispensable factor in the commercial and agricultural progress of the republic.

Alfredo Ramos Montero is the directing head of the bureau, and he has associated with him a staff of well-informed people, a number of whom have come from other countries. While one of the main functions of the bureau is the arranging of the various exhibits of the government at international expositions, another important feature of the work consists in the handling of publicity matters for the government.

To disseminate broadcast useful and practical data about conditions in Uruguay is a chief purpose of the bureau. The national propaganda is, in fact, many sided. Distribution of photographic material in interested quarters has led to many inquiries as to the chances for industrial openings.

EXPEDITION MAY SHED LIGHT ON AMAZON VALLEY TRIBES

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil.—As an economic production of rubber in Brazil is now considered essential to the country maintaining its position as a leader in that industry, more is becoming known about the Indian gatherers and the heretofore unknown tribes in the Amazonian fastnesses. Brazil's Indian population is largely a matter of guesswork. One estimate has it that in the Amazonian regions there are at least 2,000,000 aborigines. It is also stated that there are close to 2,000,000 more of mixed race.

Expeditions into the interior, some much more important than others, are gradually adding to the knowledge of the pure Indians, who in frequent instances had never seen a white man until the travelers came upon them unexpectedly. There are many isolated tribes scattered throughout the enormous country, where great rivers furnish them their sustenance. More unknown than "darkest Africa," the Amazon valley remains today a really unexplored section of the world. Most explorers have heretofore confined their operations

So long as the South American rubber trade flourished little was heard about the natives, except that they were the patient gatherers of the product. That the Indians were imposed upon had been rumored for a considerable time, but it was not until those uninterested directly in the rubber business entered the Brazilian and Peruvian hinterlands, that reports of gross misconduct on the part of white overseers reached civilization. The Putumayo inquiry sprang from subsequent investigations, and the revelations that followed were enough to startle the world.

Every now and then since the rubber investigations began in the Putumayo territory reports of renewed maltreatment of the Indians have come out of the forest country. Now that greater economy is required for rubber producers of South America to face the competition of the east, companies concerned in the gathering and export of the product have discovered that the labor question is directly involved. That there has been no extravagant outlay for such labor may be considered a fact in view of what has been learned regarding conditions, bordering on slavery, that have prevailed in some of the rubber sections. But with the introduction of more modern methods it has been possible to make the task of the workers less beset with difficulties and it is expected that better results will follow.

Without excusing the conduct of many white overseers in the South American rubber forests, some recent investigators claim that in certain particulars drastic measures had to be adopted. For instance, natives frequently would despoil a whole district by cutting down the trees, instead of tapping them. No doubt, however, the Indians had been provoked by ill treatment; and in cases where unskilful cuts had been made in the trees, thereby spoiling the milk, very frequently kind words would bring the men to realization that they were injuring themselves by their action.

On the whole the rubber situation in Brazil, Peru and Bolivia takes on a new complexion, with the searching investigations in the territories involved. South Americans may point to North Americans and say that in the United States there also has been an Indian question, and that only recently the red man of the temperate zone is coming into his own. However this may be, two wrongs do not make a right, and with the republic above the Rio Grande solving its individual Indian problem, South America can only find it advantageous to scrutinize carefully an exploitation which, let it be said, had its inception in financial greed from without and not a result of local avarice.

OLD FORT, NOW BARRACKS, ON CUBA MAINE MONUMENT SITE

La Punta Castle, Across Harbor Entrance from Morro, Is Made a Center for Park Improvements by American Engineers and Becomes Popular Recreation Place

HAVANA, Cuba.—The Cuban government having chosen La Punta castle as the most inviting spot for the erection of the Maine monument interest in the historic fort is revived.

The "Castillo San Salvador de la Punta" is located immediately on the waterfront, on a jutting point which narrows the harbor entrance. It is a small stone bastioned work, begun in 1659, under the direction of the engineers that built Morro castle. As far back as 1702 it was described as being situated 200 yards from the Punta gate of the city wall. A ditch, crossed by a drawbridge, separated the castle from the wall.

The batteries of La Punta were intended to supplement the heavier artillery of the larger fort across the harbor. Its guns were put into service when the British besieged Havana, and La Punta was silenced only after the cannon of Morro fell into the hands of the enemy and were trained on La Punta's batteries. When La Punta's defenders surrendered, it marked the end of the city's resistance. At present the castle is used as a barracks for the rural guard. It has become the center for park improvements, and the American engineers engaged in improving the city began by demolishing the unsightly buildings that surrounded the fortifications. They then laid out the grounds as a park. It has become one of the popular recreation spots in Havana.

The shore beyond the west bastion of La Punta was formerly one of the least inviting places of the city. The United States engineers had to contend with old Spanish laws that prevented improvements on Havana's sea front, except for fortifications or temporary bathhouses. The law read that the land washed by the waves of the sea at the highest tide and during storms is the property of the state. Landward from this shore property another strip, also denominated a

service zone, was reserved for public use. Rights of occupancy for these lands were granted only by royal orders. Under the operation of these laws some of Havana's sea front has been built except for defense purposes. The open space runs from La Punta west to the Alameda river at Vedado. It had long been the desire of the Havana authorities to utilize this space for a parkway and shore drive, and in 1875 General Albarr had drawn up a plan for that purpose. The plan never was adopted, and the United States authorities, during the occupation, did not follow up the proposition. Another project, however, was executed by the chief engineer, Maj. William M. Black, whereby the Malecon and its music stand was built and construction of Gulf avenue undertaken.

With the coming of the proposed monument it is expected that there will be a renewed effort to improve the entire neighborhood of La Punta, whither many visitors will be drawn for the inspection of the Maine memorial.

PERU ANNOUNCES 5,000,000 PEOPLE

LIMA, Peru.—The government recently has made the announcement that the population of Peru is not more than 5,000,000, and that in 75 district municipalities the civil authorities keep no civil status registers of any description. The lack of public education is commented on and means proposed for correcting it. President Billinghurst's congressional address gives a detailed account of what has been done to eliminate illiteracy in the republic.

AMNESTY BILL ADVANCED

HAVANA, Cuba.—The Senate has passed the amnesty bill freeing the negro rebels and the former Liberal office holders of the Gomez administration, who had been imprisoned on various charges against the government.

BOLIVIA STIRRED; MAY HAVE CASE LIKE PUTUMAYO

Charges That Indians in Beni Territory Are Persecuted Receive Prominence with Publication of Finding in Peru Inquiry

LOOKING INTO FORESTS

LA PAZ, Bolivia.—As the finding of the special committee of the British House of Commons in the Peruvian Putumayo inquiry is made public in this city, charges of the most severe treatment of Indian rubber workers in the Beni territory of Bolivia have sprung up. Although the heads of the Putumayo company, it is learned, have been exonerated of violation of the slave trade act, they were nevertheless held culpably negligent, and in admitting their ignorance of affairs in the rubber regions concerned the directors were charged with being blamable to that extent.

So little is really known about the Beni territory and the aborigines that frequently reports coming out of that jungle region are found on inquiry to be without much foundation. But there is no question that the distressing events in the Peruvian forests in years gone by have spurred the governments of the other rubber countries to lay bare whatever misdeeds may have been committed on the Indians. Putumayo does not carry a pleasant sound, but if the revelations in Peru have been a means for making similar conditions impossible elsewhere in the rubber forests, then bringing that affair into the courts has been of great value.

Now that the British consuls in South America have been instructed to make special inquiries wherever financial interests are concerned in rubber gathering and production, it is expected that an improved condition will come about. The recommendations of the Anti-Slavery Society are considered to be means to a justifiable end. Much will be gained when all facts are gathered as to the workings of the rubber companies, the local labor laws, etc. Exploitation of South American Indians has not been able to conserve the rubber trade in the regions involved. Here in La Paz the feeling prevails that if wrongs have been committed, guilt should be fastened where it belongs.

ZAPATISTAS SAID TO BE RECEIVING ARMS FROM NORTH

Mexican Government Hears That Filibustering Expeditions on Gulf Coast Are Now Active

MEXICO CITY.—According to reports, the government believes that filibustering steamers coming from the north are bringing war munitions for the Zapatistas. From Nautla, the rifles and cartridges are sent to Morelos by the Huasteca region of Hidalgo and Veracruz.

Mexican gunboats on the gulf coast have been ordered to keep a close watch to prevent more war material from being landed there in the future. Government troops operating in Veracruz and Hidalgo also have been ordered to make efforts to prevent arms consigned to the Zapatistas from reaching the state of Morelos. That the Zapatistas operating in the state of Morelos are receiving large shipments of arms and ammunition from the north was told by Col. Martin Gutierrez, who arrived here from the Ajusco region.

Colonel Gutierrez said that the Zapatistas were commanded by Francisco Pacheco and Felipe Neri. It is believed that Neri has gone to the state of Mexico, where he has his headquarters, while Pacheco, accompanied by a few of his men, went to Morelos. The government troops in the federal district and the states of Mexico and Morelos have been ordered to make a combined movement to pursue the revolutionists until they are dispersed.

A report comes from Col. Leopoldo Diaz Ceballos regarding the fighting among the mountains of Jalisco, Coahuila and Capulin.

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MEDFORD, ORE., HAS GROWTH RECORD

City Known as Southern Oregon Metropolis Claims Third Place in Rate of Increase in United States, While Valuation Rises

UNIVERSITY PLANNED

MEDFORD, Ore.—Besides gaining distinction as the metropolis of southern Oregon, Medford claims the record of being the third city in the United States in rate of growth. Its present population is estimated at 11,000. Increase in assessed valuation in recent years is a matter of much interest to residents. In 1909 the figures were \$2,407,394; in 1912, \$6,800,000; at the present time they are estimated at \$8,000,000. Plans have just been completed for the establishment here of the Southern Oregon University. Interurban and street railway lines now under construction will connect all neighboring towns with Medford, supplementing the already good steam railway service.

Centrally located in the Rogue river valley, which is considered one of the most picturesque spots in western America, Medford has an altitude of 1500 feet. This valley is bounded on the south by California and the Siskiyou mountains, and on the west by the Cascade range, the crest of which extends through the valley for a distance of 90 miles. Mt. McLaughlin, Union peak, and Cow Horn, with an average elevation of 9000 feet, are conspicuous landmarks clearly visible above their hills. Because of this similarity of climate with that of Florence, the Rogue river valley has been called the "Italy of America," the term being first applied by Joaquin Miller.

The average rainfall is 21 inches. During November, December, January and February the valley is refreshed by the winter rains. In February spring makes its appearance.

From the headwaters of the Rogue river to its mouth on the Pacific ocean is a variety of scenic wonders hiding a wealth of natural resources such as its tributary to the other streams of its size. In the mountains along its course, deer, elk and bear roam in great numbers, while birds are plentiful in lowlands and foothills. The lakes and tributary streams teem with fish of many varieties.

Crater lake is of such proportions that it is said if Mt. Vesuvius could be

pulled up and dropped into it, it would sink a thousand feet out of sight. The lake is five miles wide and seven miles long, while the island in its center measures more than a mile in length. From the surface of the lake to the battlements of the crater's rim the average height is more than 2000 feet. Owing to its great depth the water is of a bluish tint, seldom if ever found elsewhere. The ever changing color reflected from its surface, the forest-clad mountains and white peaks rising to majestic heights, the shifting sun-tinted clouds and blue sky, form a picture that beggars description.

The principal industry of the valley is fruit raising. Figures prepared by the

system cost \$350,000. The sewer system is excellent, extending throughout the city, over 26 miles. There is an up-to-date fire department. Medford takes pride in four brick public school houses and one new brick high school building, at an average cost of \$150,000. Its public school attendance is 2000. Besides the public schools there is a business college, a conservatory of music and a Carnegie library costing \$22,000.

The entire electric energy for light and power in the valley, from which Medford receives its electricity, is 27,000-horsepower. Medford has four modern hotels, four banks and a United States postal savings station.

Southern Pacific railway passenger



Business blocks with hills in the distance

Commercial Club in 1911 show the total area devoted to fruit trees to be 62,500 acres, with an average planting of 60 trees to the acre. Hence the number of trees set out is about 3,750,000. Of this number 218,400 are in bearing. Rogue river valley is famous for its apples and pears. Newtown and Spitzenberg apples are the principal kinds, although a great many other varieties are grown successfully.

For its size Medford is one of the best-paved cities in the United States, having 22 miles of hard-surfaced roads, at an expenditure of \$870,000. The city owns its water system, bringing the supply 23 miles from streams of the Cascade mountains. The water is pure and cool. The

trains north and south number 12; the Pacific & Eastern passenger trains four, and the Rogue River Valley railway 10 passenger trains, placing Medford in excellent travel communication. Medford has two daily newspapers, parks and baseball grounds, a wide-awake Commercial Club, the Greater Medford Club, the Merchants Association, the University Club and many other social organizations. All the principal religious denominations are represented here. There are many places of amusement. A new theater costing \$50,000, was opened this year. The public market of Medford is said to be the first established in Oregon, with most gratifying results in reducing the cost of living.

DETROIT BOARD OF COMMERCE ENJOYS NEW HOME

Building Costing \$260,000 Used Exclusively by This Organization is Becoming Social as Well as Business Center

RESULTS WHOLE AIM

DETROIT, Mich.—Among the important events of the present year in connection with the Detroit Board of Commerce are the building of a new home for the organization, the enlarging of its plan of activities and the successful outcome of the work of its transportation department.

The cornerstone of the new building was laid in February, and the structure was formally dedicated on Oct. 7. The building is three stories with basement, 103 by 130 feet in area and cost \$260,000. It is said to be the only building in the United States devoted to the exclusive use of a single commercial organization. It contains the executive offices of the board, a commodious lobby and reading room, an auditorium with seating capacity for 1200, many committee rooms and a well-equipped restaurant with dining room capacity for 350 persons. It is already becoming an important social as well as business center.

Membership Grows

With the dedication of the new building was inaugurated a plan for increased membership activity which was thus briefly stated on the opening day: "The directors have felt that they are too much isolated from the membership. They have been accustomed to receiving formal reports from committees and acting upon them, but have not often come into personal touch with the members. The plan which is to be put in operation will remedy this. The three grand divisions of the board's work have been portioned out to 71 sub-committees, each in charge of some definite subject which it is expected to know intimately. These sub-committees may initiate work and report the results of their deliberations to the directors for final action. In addition to this it is proposed to have, once a week, an open forum, which all members are invited to attend. A noon-day lunch will be followed by an address by some noted speaker or else by an open discussion of some live topic."

The 71 sub-committees already have been filled, insuring the continued activity of more than 200 members, and the open forum following the Tuesday noon lunch has drawn audiences varying from 400 to 1000 to listen to speakers of national as well as local fame.

During the winter of 1911-12 Detroit business was affected severely by inadequate shipping facilities. The situation, both for incoming and outgoing freight, was acute. By vigorous and tactful efforts on the part of the transportation department of the Board of Commerce, cooperation has been secured between the railroads and the shippers, resulting



PRESIDENT JAMES COUZENS

sums raised by subscription for special purposes, has been liberally but wisely expended.

Result of Union

Much comment is heard in praise of the way in which the Detroit Board of Commerce was organized and developed until it became a recognized power in the community.

Before its formation there were three associations in Detroit that were doing to some extent the same work—the Merchants and Manufacturers Exchange, the Chamber of Commerce and the Convention League. In order to concentrate effort and avoid duplication of the work the membership committee of the Merchants and Manufacturers Exchange was instructed in February, 1903, to confer with the other bodies in reference to a consolidation. The proposal met with approval, and through joint committees a plan was reported on March 28 and adopted by the several bodies. It was decided to make the organization civic

as well as commercial, and to canvass at once for 100 charter members at \$100 each.

The city proved to be ripe for the movement. Instead of 100 members ready to organize Jan. 1, 1904, as was contemplated, 253 charter members had been obtained before the end of June, 1903. On the 30th of that month the formal organization was made. Officers were elected from among those most active in the preliminary work, and the old organizations as separate bodies were discontinued. Within the next month 17 standing committees were appointed, covering, among other subjects, the following: International commerce, legislation, transportation, taxation, insurance, conventions and publicity, streets and pavement, grade separation, municipal affairs, municipal art, education, smoke abatement, and manufactures. A separate wholesale trade bureau, an advertising men's bureau and a neighborhood manufacturers' committee were organized. It was the fond hope of the founders that all the commercial and civic bodies in the city might join with this, thus making one great and effective organization, and to this end invitations were extended.

Decision Before Publicity

Meantime two innovations in procedure were adopted. The membership was made in all cases individual instead of corporate, and the executive method of transacting business was instituted. The common method of transacting business by the commercial organizations had involved publicity of proceedings at the outset. When a new subject was brought up, information to that effect was made public, and it was discussed in open meeting before being referred to any committee. These public expressions of opinion often made it difficult to harmonize views afterwards.

The new organization reversed the procedure. Every subject introduced was referred to some committee for investigation and report. The findings of the committee were then considered by the executive committee, and in many cases its action was further discussed by the directors. It was only after this double or triple inquiry that the results of the deliberations upon important matters took the form of a report to the board or a memorial to the municipal body from which action was expected. This method gave opportunity for harmonizing differing opinions, before any publicity was given to discussions. If there were disagreements in the board, nobody ever heard of them.

Reports of committees and the memorials of the board impressed the public from the very outset as well-considered documents, and the board speedily acquired great influence in municipal affairs. In many cases also private conferences were arranged between the directors or committees and public officials, and cooperation in work for the public good was thus secured. The board often had an influence in determining public questions, without appearing in any public discussion of them. Its aim has been to accomplish results, and not to make a show of activity. This method

has in large degree been continued to the present time.

The dream of uniting all commercial and civic organizations in one has not been realized. The Board of Trade decided to retain its separate identity for trading purposes only, but many of its members individually joined the new organization. The Real Estate Board reached a like conclusion. Although retaining its separate officers and committees, this body always has been on close and friendly terms with the Board of Commerce. Some of its foremost men are members of both bodies and the two have united in support of many measures of civic and legislative importance. Not only was there not complete union of all commercial organizations but, owing to differences with one of the early officers there was a brief period of disintegration, the convention bureau and the wholesalers bureau severing their connection with the board. The convention bureau retains its separate organization, under the name of the Convention and Tourist League, but it is acting in cooperation and hearty accord with the board. The Wholesalers Association was merged a second time with the board in 1911 and is now one of its most active and useful bureaus.

Cooperation Prevails

Although the board did not obtain the complete union it had hoped for it rendered to the community what is regarded as a more important service in developing the idea of cooperation. It has been the leader of the "get together" movement. It has at different times been associated in useful work with almost every commercial and civic organization, including the Federation of Women's Clubs, with which it was in valuable alliance through three campaigns for legislation changing the composition and reforming the methods of the school board.

It has cooperated with civic associations and city authorities in careful examination of the tax levies; in fostering the school playground and public bath movements; in improving the methods of street and alley cleaning and garbage collection and disposal; in perfecting the method of milk inspection; in promoting manual training in the public schools and the establishment of night and vocational schools. It was one of the chief promoters of the good roads movement, which, through the expenditure of more than \$2,000,000, has changed the roads of Wayne county, outside of the city, from among the poorest to what are said to be the best in the state, a model for commissioners from other states. It has made original and somewhat costly investigations and reports on paving conditions, on city park improvement and on a recreation survey. It might be said that nothing municipal has been alien to its interest and its activities.

OREGON GETS SORORITY
LOS ANGELES, Cal.—The petition of the women students of the law department of the University of Oregon for a chapter of the Phi Delta Delta has been granted by the Alpha chapter of the college of law, University of Southern California, says the Express.



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MEDIATION WINS IN D. & H. STRIKE; MEN AT WORK

Federal Board Brings About Agreement and in Less Than Twenty-Four Hours Employees Are Again at Post

TRAFFIC IS NORMAL

ALBANY, N. Y.—The strike of nearly 5000 employees of the Delaware & Hudson railroad ended Monday night after less than 24 hours duration, following intervention of the new federal board of mediation and conciliation, which brought about the reinstatement of two discharged union employees over whom the contention arose that caused the road's force to quit. In a few hours normal conditions on the system were restored. All strikers returned to work at once.

A settlement was reached only after G. W. W. Hanger, secretary of the government mediation board, had proposed to the company that it yield to the union's demand that James A. Lynch, engineer, and F. A. Slade, conductor, be restored to their former standing. Arbitration was impossible, Mr. Hanger declared.

A few minor questions still remain unsettled, but these will be adjusted at the convenience of the union and road officials. They have to do with the cases of other discharged employees, but they did not enter into the strike proper.

It was less than two hours after the last striker had left his work, Monday noon, when Mr. Hanger arrived here and began negotiations with both sides. Accompanying him from New York was Clifford S. Sims, vice-president and general manager of the road. He agreed immediately to an arbitration of the differences, and Mr. Hanger approached the union officials with this in view.

They were firm in their demands, however, and told Mr. Hanger that it was useless to talk arbitration with them. Then he began a series of trips between railway officials and the men. Three times he met each side separately and three times from each side he received the same reply—the unions demanding the reinstatement of the employees and Mr. Sims holding out for arbitration.

Then he returned to confer with union leaders, and within an hour Mr. Hanger decided arbitration was impossible. So he drew up an agreement granting the demands, again went to Mr. Sims' office, obtained his signature and the strike was officially declared off a few minutes later.

In a statement issued after the agreement was signed, Mr. Sims said, the company officials had yielded to the proposal of Commissioner Hanger, that they recede from their position in the best interest of the public. It was the railroad officials who originally asked the federal board to intercede.

NEW YORK POLICE REFORM STARTED

NEW YORK—Reforms in the New York police department proposed by a special committee of the board of aldermen, which made an investigation after the killing of Herman Rosenthal in July, 1912, are to be adopted by Mayor Mitchell, it is announced. Under the new regulations inspectors will be abolished, there will be a secret service squad to watch actions within the department and there will be special squads operating from headquarters to enforce the anti-gaming law.

MARY ANTIN TALKS AT WELLESLEY
WELLESLEY, Mass.—The first of a series of addresses at Wellesley College on social problems was given by Miss Mary Antin Monday night. Subsequent addresses will be given by Stanton Coit, Walter Rauschenbusch and Charles Zuehl.

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PUBLIC SCHOOLS CHAMPIONED FOR FEDERAL IMPROVEMENT

WORCESTER, Mass.—Asserting that the public school has succeeded in maintaining democracy in the United States, Commissioner of Education Philander P. Claxton, in an address here, outlined a five-fold plan of his own conception for improving the function of the schools of the nation.

He proposed, in brief, to establish school terms of equal length, build up a great corps of well prepared teachers, provide that all children have full advantage of all that the schools offer, prevent the cutting short of the period of education, and allow proper variety in the curriculum. He strongly advocated a six-year elementary school.

Commissioner Claxton's defense of the public school won applause from the 250 persons present. He declared that the schools of this nation have not failed within the last 40 years, and that in that period they have educated 90,000,000 people, including slaves and immigrants and reducing illiteracy from 22 per cent to 7 per cent, and illiteracy

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RATIONAL GOLF

By STEVEN ARMSTRONG

Any one who has taken interest in this Rational Golf column since I began to write for it, must realize that one of the pet hobbies I have is that dealing with the training of caddies for some profession when they shall have ceased to carry clubs. This work is carried on in Great Britain by a powerful society called the Caddies Aid Association, which owes its origin, I believe, to Mark Allerton. Among its lists of members we find the names of many of the most influential men in the old country and nothing would be more deserving of support than a kindred society in this country. Prevention is always better than correction and to give a boy a good training in life must be the finest way to insure his becoming a worthy citizen. Here are some extracts from the annual report of the caddies aid committee, which give some idea of the extent and progress of the work carried on, and is well worth consideration by all club committees and members.

New caddies' committees have been formed, and new schemes on the lines of the committee's recommendations adopted at the Northwood Golf Club (Middlesex), the Stanmore Golf Club (Middlesex), and the Wallasey Golf Club (Cheshire). The committee have also been privileged to make recommendations in the east of the St. Georges Hill Golf Club (Surrey) and the Grahame Hurst Golf Club (Surrey), where schemes of much interest are being planned.

The Colchester Golf Club has inaugurated a committee to act for the general welfare of the caddies.

The Acton Golf Club (Middlesex) has recently adopted a benefit scheme by which a percentage is added by the club to sums paid in by caddies.

A meeting was held at Norwich in July, on the initiative of Mrs. Burton-Fanning, and attended by representatives of the Royal Norwich and Eaton Golf clubs and of the Norwich juvenile advisory committee, as well as of the caddies' aid committee, and by persons interested in the question of juvenile employment. Resolutions were passed in favor of the organization of caddie labor and an age limit, and a local committee was formed with a view to cooperation with the local advisory committee, registration of caddies, and the promotion of a system of spare-time training.

ham, and the leading golfers of the neighborhood. The Rev. H. S. Pelham and H. S. Thompson are acting as joint honorary secretaries.

The committee of the Betchworth Park Golf Club (Surrey) have appointed a "caddie council" to inquire into the caddie question, and report as to any steps which they consider should be taken to avoid any difficulties which might follow the adoption of a system without proper precautions.

As a result of the circular issued some time ago, inquiries have been received from a few of the advisory committees. The Surrey advisory committee, in particular, has given the matter very serious consideration, and is making every effort to secure the cooperation of golf clubs in its area.

Printed reports have been received from the Sundridge Park Golf Club Caddies Association, the Birkdale Golf Club Caddies Association, the Royal Eastbourne Golf Club caddies committee, and the Mullion Golf Club. These reports and the information received from time to time in correspondence with other clubs are very encouraging. The committee note with pleasure the careful inquiry made into local conditions by a sub-committee of the Bradford Golf Club, and acknowledge their courtesy in forwarding a report. The committee's work of collecting current information would be easier if more accounts of local conditions and methods of dealing with caddies had been volunteered.

WOMEN PLAN Y. M. C. A. FUND
WORCESTER, Mass.—Members of the woman's auxiliary to the Y. M. C. A., on the recommendation of Mrs. Charles F. Rugg, at a meeting in Y. M. C. A. building, yesterday afternoon, pledged to raise \$5000 toward the erection and completion of the new Worcester Y. M. C. A. building.

WATER POWER TO BE DISCUSSED
GREENFIELD, Mass.—Before the Greenfield Board of Trade tomorrow night at the Mansion House Clarke C. Fitts, former attorney-general of Vermont, is to speak on "Water Power Conservation." Before the address supper is to be served.

P. R. GOODE WINS CADETSHIP
WASHINGTON—Representative Peter has nominated Paul R. Goode of West Roxbury as principal for the cadetship at West Point, with George E. Read of Roxbury and Wesley S. Sawyer of Jamaica Plain, alternates.

NEW ENGLAND

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CONGRESS MAY AID HARBOR WORK
WASHINGTON—In an effort to co-operate with Connecticut's plans for developing New London as an ocean port, the war department recommended to Congress Monday a channel 33 feet deep at mean low water and 600 feet wide, at an estimated cost of \$330,000.

MR. COLES WINS MAYORALTY
MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—Frank A. Coles, Republican, was elected mayor Monday by 10 votes plurality. Former Mayor Willard C. Fisher, citizens' ticket, a Harvard lecturer, was second and Dr. J. A. Lawton, Democratic ticket, third in the voting.

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Through Pullman Service from New York
FULL INFORMATION AT OFFICES
SEABOARD AIR LINE and CONNECTING LINES or at General Office, Pinehurst, N.C.

FLORIDA
EAST COAST

Where Summer Reigns Supreme

Here are the best sandy beaches in the world for bathing, and now is the best time with the June-like sunshine sparkling on the water.

SAILING—GOLFING—CANOEING—TENNIS

Every golfer should visit the new 18-hole golf course at Palm Beach, while the Tennis Tournament at Palm Beach is now a notable event in the fashionable world.

Superb Pullman service from all principal cities with stop-off privileges.

Principal Resorts and Hotels

St. Augustine	Ponce de Leon and Alcazar	Ormond-on-the-Halfway	Ormond
Palm Beach	Breakers and Royal Poinciana	Miami	Breakers and Royal Poinciana
Nassau, Bahamas	The Colonial	Havana, Cuba	Via Key West and F. & O. S. S. Co.

FLORIDA EAST COAST

Flagler System
243 3th Ave., New York
109 W. Adams St., Chicago
St. Augustine, Fla.

Write for Descriptive Booklets and Full Information

DAYTONA, FLA.
ON THE BEAUTIFUL HALIFAX RIVER

"The Prettiest Winter Resort in the World"

The Most Delightful Spot in Florida. Daytona's natural beauties are unequalled in a State of unending attractiveness.

The Climate is Equable—Exactly right for a winter resort.

Here outdoor life may be enjoyed alike by the adult and the youth, or the most strenuously inclined.

The Atlantic Ocean is less than a mile away. The surf bathing is excellent, and the celebrated Daytona Beach is unsurpassed for motoring. The Golf Links are in excellent condition. Modern and well kept hotels offer accommodations to meet all conditions. From the conveniences of the handsomely appointed Metropolitan hotel to the more quiet and homelike atmosphere of the family house. Prices are within the reach of all.

For further information, booklets, etc., address:

Hotel	Capacity	Hotel	Capacity
The Desland	250	The Ridgwood	250
Prince George	150	Hotel Tourist	100
The Gables	100	The Morgan	100
The Palmetto	100	The Austin	100
Hotel Schmidt	80	The Bennett	90
The Howard	75	The Oaks	75
The Seville	75	Ivy Lane Inn	70
The Hamilton	70	Hotel Windsor	60
The Lynhurst	50	The Magnolia	45

Tickets on any railroad may be bought through to Daytona without change, or stop-off privilege may be had, if desired, without additional cost.

The New Monteleone
NEW ORLEANS

MODERN. ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF. Located in center of most interesting part of the city. European plan.

Rates: Room with detached bath \$10.00 up
Room with private bath, \$2.50 up

JAMES D. KENNEY, Manager.

CALIFORNIA HOTELS AND RESORTS

IN THE HEART OF LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

HOTEL ROSSLYN

European, 75c to \$2.50
American, \$1.75 to \$3.00

FREE AUTO BUS
Meets All Trains

NEW 500 ROOM FIREPROOF ADDITION TO BE COMPLETED 1914

WHEN VISITING SAN FRANCISCO, OAKLAND AND VICINITY
Upon request will mail you City Art Post Cards, Booklet of Trips Around the Bay Cities and other information.

HOTEL KEY ROUTE INN
OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

PERFECT CLEANLINESS
EXCELLENT MEALS

Hospitality. Beautiful Surroundings. Harmonious Atmosphere. Tennis Court. All Electric Trains every 15 minutes to San Francisco and World's Fair Grounds at our door under cover. Monitor readers welcome.
Weekly Rate with Meals and Bath, \$15 for one. \$27.50 for two. Special Family Rates.

A HOTEL THAT IS DIFFERENT
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF

Arlington Hotel
Santa Barbara California

A New Hotel Composed of Concrete, Brick and Steel
Catering to Tourist and Commercial Patronage.
PERPETUAL MAY CLIMATE. E. P. DUNN, Lessee

Van Nuys Hotel
LOS ANGELES, CAL.

E. L. POTTER CO.
G. H. KNAPPE, Manager

U.S. Grant Hotel
SAN DIEGO - CALIFORNIA

Newest and Best Hotel on Pacific Coast
Built of Concrete and Steel
TARIFF \$1.50 per day and up. Combines all modern attractions.
J. H. HOLMES, Managing Director.
(For 10 years Manager Hotel Green, Pasadena)

San Francisco EDDY AND JONES STS.
HERALD HOTEL

An hotel of unusual merit. EVERY ROOM IS AN OUTSIDE ROOM.
Rates \$1.00 and \$1.50 a day. SALT AND FRESH WATER SHOWERS.
Street cars direct from depots. Cheerful, willing SERVICE.

Hotel Stewart
Geary Street, Above Union Square
SAN FRANCISCO

Motorbus meets all trains and steamers.
European Plan, \$1.50 a day up. American Plan, \$3.50 a day up.

HOUSTON, TEXAS
and Her
Three Million Dollar
RICE HOTEL

A Tourist's delight 52 weeks a year. 500 miles perfect shell road. Just 50 miles to the Gulf; 27 miles to the Bay.

GOLFING BOATING BATHING

A Twentieth Century Model of Hotel construction and equipment. 600 Rooms; 525 with bath; 15 State Suites; one entire floor devoted to Ball Room, Parlor, Banquet Hall and Private Dining Rooms. 310 feet Loggia Promenade. Roof Sun Parlor.
HOMER D. MATTHEWS, Manager.

The Adolphus
DALLAS, TEXAS

A Progressive Hotel in a Progressive City
EUROPEAN PLAN: \$2.00 Per Day and Up
ALVAH WILSON, Manager

The Trip to Panama

Is most enjoyable through the logical gateway affording a visit to quaint historic

New Orleans
America's Convention and Carnival City

AND
The St. Charles

"Finest All-Year Hotel in the South"
Under Efficient Management from Waldorf-Astoria, N. Y. City

European Plan. Motorbus. Fireproof. A well ordered hotel for a discriminating public traveling either for business or pleasure.

Send for Booklet of New Orleans
ALFRED S. AMER & CO., Ltd., Props.

The Edgewood
GREENWICH, CONN.

"New York's Ideal Suburban Hotel"

Tampa Bay Hotel
Tampa, Florida

A magnificent Moorish palace. Capacity 500 guests. Recently remodelled and renovated throughout.

New Nine-Hole Golf Course, Tennis, Motor Boating, Bathing, Automobileing, Baseball.

The Chicago Cubs have winter training quarters in grounds; will play match games during Feb. and March with Philadelphia Athletics and St. Louis Browns.

Four days' carnival in Feb., rivaling New Orleans Mardi Gras and St. Louis Villed'Orleans.

Grounds consist of 42 acres of luxuriant tropical shrubbery and flowers, beautiful palm-fringed walks, fountain and shady nooks, facing the Hillsborough River, where boating is unrestricted.

Over a hundred miles of well paved auto boulevard, creating beautiful drives through golden fruit laden orange groves, ever picturesque streams, through tropical jungles and piney woods.

All trains and boats met by auto-bus. Special rates for families and long stays.

Write for booklet B and rates to W. F. ADAMS, Manager.

Spend a few days at the MANIVISTA HOTEL on the Manatee River

FLORIDA Florida's Only
Hotel Clarendon

AND COTTAGES

Seabreeze, Daytona Station
"On the East Coast. Located direct: 1/2 on the Ocean and the Famous Beach. Now open. Golf (9 holes) on the best course in the South. Tennis, Motoring, Horseback riding, Sea Bathing, Flying. For Booklet and Inf. address Hotel."

THE BELLEVUE
BELEAIR HEIGHTS, FLA.

NOW OPEN

Two Golf Courses with Tuff Putting Greens.
For information, booklet, etc., address H. D. SEXTON, Mgr.

HOTEL ST. FRANCIS
SAN FRANCISCO

ANTICIPATING EVERY DEMAND OF THE MOST EXACTING GUEST

New Washington Hotel
SEATTLE

WHERE EAST MEETS WEST ON THE GOLDEN SEA OF COMMERCE
UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF JAMES WOODS

Hotel Court
BUSH ST., AT STOCKTON
SAN FRANCISCO

IN THE HEART OF EVERYTHING
Modern—Fireproof

RATES
European Plan \$1.50 up
American Plan \$3.00 up
"Take any taxi to hotel at our expense."

Special Weekly and Monthly Rates
JAMES W. FLANNERY, Manager

Palace Hotel
The Historic Court
A legacy of the past
A symbol of the future

The Fairmont
The Crown of San Francisco
Commanding the most MAJESTIC SCENERY in the WORLD
San Francisco, Cal.

Chateau Laurier
OTTAWA CANADA

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

The new \$2,000,000 Hotel situated in the heart of the Dominion Capital. Accommodation, 150 rooms. Furnished with exquisite taste and comfort. The latest in hotel construction. Rates \$2.00 upwards. European Plan. F. W. BERGMAN, Manager in Chief Hotels, Grand Trunk Railway System.

HOTEL WOODBINE
TORONTO, CANADA

300 ROOMS—100 BATHS
EUROPEAN PLAN
CUISINE AND SERVICE THE BEST
GEORGE A. SPEAR, Proprietor

ENJOY WINTER SPORTS AT CHATEAU FRONTENAC, QUEBEC

Clear, bright climate. Toboggan slide at the door. One night from Boston and New York. Through sleepers. H. H. Duke of Connaught, with his suite, arrives at the Chateau Jan. 25th. Vice Regal Ball at Parliament House. Write for booklet to Manager or AMY L. PHILLIPS, Hotel Maclain, New York City. Phone Greely 5705.

BRITISH AND CONTINENTAL CHATEAU DE SOISY
NEAR PARIS

French Protestant family takes possession. Historic chateau, 15-acre park. Ask for views. French luncheon given if desired.

M. WILLIAMSON DE VISME
SOISY-SOUS-ETOILES

FLORENCE, ITALY
MARGARET MACKENZIE ROOMS
5, PIAZZA STROZZI

Light meals provided at any hour from 10 a. m. to 7 p. m. American tourists specially catered for. Newspapers, writing tables, telephone.

THACKERAY HOTEL
GREAT RUSSELL STREET, LONDON

This large and well-appointed Hotel has passenger lift, electric light throughout, lounge and spacious dining, drawing, writing and reading rooms. Fireproof floors.

Bedroom, Attendance and Table d'Hôte Breakfast, Single, from \$1.30 to \$2

The Blackstone **The House of Harmony**
Chicago

THE DRAKE HOTEL CO., OWNERS AND MANAGERS

The Most Talked of
AND
The Best Thought of
Hotel
in the United States

RATES

Single rooms with lavatory	with	\$2.50
Single rooms with bath	with	\$2.00 to \$4.00
Large double rooms with bath	with	\$5.00 to \$8.00
Parlor, reception hall, bedroom and bath		\$10.00 to \$25.00

(Each bathroom has an outside window)

Chicago Beach Hotel

FOR A PLEASANT VISIT TO CHICAGO

Stop at the Chicago Beach Hotel, in the city's most beautiful park and residence district, away from downtown noise. Only 10 minutes to Loop district stores and theaters. Delightful sociability. Dancing, orchestras. Special winter rates.

American Plan—Rooms with use of bath, \$4 a day up
Rooms with Private bath, \$5 a day up
Reduction when stay is extended and for parties. Write for free book.

address Manager
CHICAGO BEACH HOTEL
5157 BOULEVARD, HYDE PARK, CHICAGO

Merchants Hotel
St. Paul, Minn.

EUROPEAN PLAN
Monitor Readers will receive every attention
RATES \$1.00 to \$1.50 PER DAY
WITH BATH \$1.50 to \$2.50 PER DAY
GOOD CAFE AT MODERATE PRICES
GEO. R. KIBBE - Manager

SHIRLEY HOTEL
SEVENTEENTH AVENUE AND LINCOLN STREET
DENVER, COLORADO

DENVER'S MOST POPULAR HOTEL. 300 ROOMS. ALL UP-TO-DATE
Hotel Owns and Operates Dairy and Gardens. Artisan Water. Popular Prices
IRWIN B. ALLEN, Manager

HOTEL KUPPER
KANSAS CITY, MO.

Conveniently located in Shopping District
CARE OF PARTICULAR EXCELLENCE
ESPECIALLY DESIRABLE FOR LADIES TRAVELING ALONE
EUROPEAN PLAN—\$1.00 TO \$3.00 PER DAY

THE SPALDING
DULUTH, MINNESOTA

EUROPEAN PLAN
300 rooms, 150 private baths. Every modern convenience. Magnificent lobby and public rooms. Sun parlor and observatory. Located in heart of business section but overlooking the harbor and Lake Superior. Convenient to everything. ONE OF THE GREAT HOTELS OF THE NORTHWEST
EDWIN H. LEE, Pres. and Managing Director

PLAZA HOTEL **HOTEL RADISSON**
North Avenue and North Clark Street
CHICAGO

WHEN IN CHICAGO STOP AT THE PLAZA

A quiet and refined hotel overlooking Lincoln Park and Lake Michigan.
300 rooms with private bath, newly furnished.
A room with a bath, for a dollar and a half and up. Weekly \$15.00 and up.
Two-room suites \$1.50 and up. Weekly \$15.00 to \$25.00.
High class cafe. Club breakfast. Moderate prices.
15 minutes to business, theater and shopping center.
WRITE FOR BOOKLET

Hotel Stander
Seattle, Wash.

formerly the Butler Annex, Fourth Avenue and Marion Street.
Very Central. All outside rooms and modern conveniences.
European Plan. \$1.00 per day up

MAHA HOTEL LOYAL
PORTLAND, OREGON—110 and STARK
HOTEL BLACKSTONE
Centrally located. \$1.00 and up. European plan. Rates to permanent guests.
KEY KEY KEY

The Windsor Hotel
Dominion Square MONTREAL

8 Minutes from General Post Office; 3 minutes C. P. R. and G. T. R. Depots; close to the big shopping establishments.
Magnificent Dining Room, Cafe and Grill Room newly equipped.
EUROPEAN PLAN
Single Room, from \$2.00 up. With Bath, from \$2.50 up
Double Room, from \$3.00 up. With Bath, from \$3.50 up

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements on this page are read by a widespread clientele whose well directed purchasing power is unrivaled and which relies upon the dependability of Monitor advertising. This advertising has produced astonishing results and opened up new fields for the development of many and various lines of business.

RATES

With cuts or display type: 1 to 12 times, 15c per line per insertion; 13 to 25 times, 12c per line per insertion; 26 or more times, 10c per line per insertion

RATES

Set Solid: 1 or 2 times, 12c per line per insertion; 3 or more times, 10c per line per insertion; measure, 12 lines to the inch, 8 words to the line.

PASADENA ADVERTISEMENTS

MILLINERY



HOWARTER EXCLUSIVE MILLINERY

DESIGNER OF AUTHENTICATIVE STYLES AND IMPORTER OF PARISIAN NOVELTIES

292 EAST COLORADO ST. Phone Col. 544

MILLINERY

ELECTRICAL FIXTURES

ELECTRICAL FIXTURES

JEPSON-SALISBURY CO. ELECTRICAL

28 E. COLORADO STREET
ELECTRIC FIXTURES AND APPLIANCES
Phone Fair Oaks 250 Interior Wiring and Supplies

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

J. W. Mather Co.
PASADENA, CAL.
DRY GOODS
WOMEN'S APPAREL
HOME FURNISHINGS

Fine Linens

Quality. Attractive Prices. Variety of Designs truly makes this store the Home of Fine Linens. Present offerings include many Holiday Pieces. Lace and Embroidered Sets—Curtains—Maiden's Towels—Scarves—etc.

SHOES

Walk-Over Shoes

We want you to buy Walk-Over Shoes only because you feel that they will be thoroughly satisfactory in every respect. It is our great pleasure to see the hundreds of satisfied customers of the store all over Pasadena.

The Walk-Over Boot Company

AUTO SUPPLIES AND ACCESSORIES

Pasadena Rubber Supply Co.
Entrance Hotel Maryland
410 East Colorado St. Phone P. O. 138

TIRE SUPPLIES

Everything for the Automobile
Sporting Goods

LAUNDRY AND DRY CLEANING

WET WASH AND FINISHED
DRY CLEANING
SHOE REPAIRING
THE ROYAL LAUNDRY CO.
Phone 69

FUEL AND FEED

Coal, Wood, Hay and Grain
Specialties in the Candy line to you and your friends in the East. Mail Order Department. THE CHOCOLATE INN, 122 North Fair Oaks Ave., Pasadena, California.

CANDY SHOPS

GOING WEST?—Let us send California Specialties in the Candy line to you and your friends in the East. Mail Order Department. THE CHOCOLATE INN, 122 North Fair Oaks Ave., Pasadena, California.

PAADENA MERCHANTS

May ad Monitor advertising to M. L. CHAPPELLE, 639 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

SAN DIEGO, CAL., ADVERTISING

Persons may leave advertisements at 605 Scripps Building

BANKS

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK

OF SAN DIEGO
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY
Capital \$1,000,000.00
Surplus and Profits \$499,000.00
Greatest SURPLUS of any Bank in San Diego

GROCERS AND DELICATESSEN

HAMILTONS
6TH AND C STS.
Staple and Imported Groceries
"Own Baking" Products
Delicatessen
Home Cooked Foods
California Fruits and Vegetables

STATIONERY

CARPENTER'S
Formerly Loring's Bookstore
Stationery, Books, Office Equipment
702 FIFTH ST., SAN DIEGO, CAL.

DETROIT ADVERTISEMENTS

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES
SUITS AND GOWNS ALTERED AND MODERNIZED
Lingerie Made to Measure
NEW YORK SHOP
R. HANLON, formerly with E. Altman Co.
506 Washington Arcade, Cherry 1145-J

ADVERTISING

MARGARET R. BURLINGAME, advertising "The Woman's Viewpoint" in advertising. Booklets, circulars, folders and form letters written. National and local campaigns planned. 601 Free Press Bldg.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTORS

JESSIE L. FROE
(Pupil of Mme. Rieve-Young)
239 Atkinson Ave. North 3760 M.

SHOES

SHOES FOR LADIES, BOYS AND MEN
THE ECONOMY SHOE HOUSE
61 and 63 W. Grand River Ave.

The Monitor goes into the home because it is a daily paper that rightly belongs in the home.

WASHINGTON, D. C., ADVERTISING

LUNCH ROOMS

The Florida Inn
726 Seventeenth St. N. W.
JOHN W. WELCH, Proprietor
Only two blocks from the White House, Corcoran Art Gallery, D. A. R. Building and Belasco Theatre alone.

HOUSEHOLD NEEDS

The Julius Lansburgh Furniture Co.
512 NINTH STREET, N. W.
WISHES YOUR PATRONAGE.

Will you give it to the house that will offer every advantage regarding the furnishing of your home with good taste and at moderate prices? Freight paid to any point within 100 miles of Washington City.

TABLE SUPPLIES

"TASTING IS CONVINCING"
Orange and Grapefruit Marmalade, Fruit Jellies and Jams, Grapefruit Conserve and "That Relish"

Wholesome, appetizing, delicious. Made in the HOME OF MRS. L. A. SCHAEFF, 1824 Monroe St., Washington, D. C. (Wholesale only.) Marmalades and Jams in pint and 10-oz. sizes. Jellies in 8-oz. size. ALL varieties packed in individuals especially for Hotels and Clubs. (Samples to Grocers on request.)

REAL ESTATE

High class residences for rent, furnished and unfurnished, and for sale. High class business properties for sale. Offices for rent—Maryland and Westway Buildings. Loans on real estate. Insurance. STORY & COBB
1102 Connecticut Ave., Washington, D. C.
Telephone, North 6050 and 6051

WOMEN'S SPECIALTIES

Mme. Randall's COLD CREAM, known as the most perfect facial cleaning cream, sent to all parts of the world. Sold without charge. \$1.00 jar. MME. LILLIAN WADE RANDALL CO., 722 10th St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

SMOOTH & JELLEY, Inc.
Centermer \$3.50, Blue Gloves \$1.15 pr.
French kid in gun metal, tan, brown, taupe, navy and wistaria. This is one of many items from our mid-winter sale of Centermer Gloves.
1216 F St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

NOTIONS
MRS. N. C. KNAPP, 2138 Pa. Ave.
Aprons, fancy of plain, a specialty.

EDUCATIONAL

STRAYER'S OLD MASONIC TEMPLE
9TH AND F STREETS
BUSINESS WASHINGTON, D. C.
High grade bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting, civil service and English. Day and night sessions. Branch Schools—Baltimore, Md., Martinsburg, W. Va. Get free catalogue.

GARAGES

AUTO STORAGE, accessories and repairs, the Glush Garage, 1718 11th St. N. W., D. B. GISH, phone North 4841-4843.

PAINTS AND OILS

PAINTS, GLASS, FLOOR OILS
CHAS. E. HOPKINS, 1115 7th St. N. W.
Powdered wax for dance floors.

PAINTING AND DECORATING

W. M. C. MERCER, painter and decorator, wall papers, estimates with color schemes. 1044 F St. N. W., Phone N 625.

CLEANING AND DYEING

VINER'S CLEANING and Dye Works
Fancy work a specialty. 3219 Mt. Pleasant St. N. W., Phone Col. 487.

TAILORS

M. LOWENSTEIN, 2412 18th St. N. W., Ladies and gents' tailor; suits cleaned, pressed, altered, repaired. Col. 723.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

ANGELUS PLAYERS, KNABE PIANOS and Victrolas; Victor records and player piano; factory prices and easy terms. W. F. FREDERICK PIANO CO., 1212 G St.

PLUMBERS

W. ALAN BRETT, 2216 14th St. Plumber and Gas Fitting. Repair Work a Specialty. Phone N. 1165.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

ARTHUR L. SMITH & CO.
General Contractors and Builders. Woodward bldg., rooms 1111-13. Phone M-7307.

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS

B. T. RICKENBACHER
Swiss Watch Repairing a Specialty.
302 Kenosha bldg., 11th and G St. N. W.

MERCHANTS in Washington, D. C., desiring Monitor advertising should address F. L. SUMMY, 601 Colorado bldg.

Springfield, Mass.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS
Haynes & Company
Always Reliable
346-348 MAIN STREET
The CLOTHING STORE for Men and Boys where you always get best quality merchandise.

DEPARTMENT STORES

The Forbes & Wallace Store
A COMPLETE SOURCE OF SUPPLY
Selling High-Grade Merchandise at the Lowest Prices consistent with Quality. Guaranteeing Everything it Sells. Giving a High Grade of Service.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Merchants may send advertising intended for the Monitor to MRS. A. E. STOCKER, 15 Hawatha street.

PORTLAND, OREGON

MUSICAL INSTRUCTORS
ROBERT BOICE CARSON
Teacher of Singing
304-5 Stearns Building

CHICAGO ADVERTISEMENTS

PAINTING AND DECORATING
OTTO F. HAHN
Painting, Decorating, Plaster, Glass Wall Paper. Telephone North 1305
1230 Clybourn Avenue, CHICAGO, ILL.

LAWYERS

ELIJAH C. WOOD
Attorney and Counselor
29 South La Salle St., CHICAGO

LUNCH ROOMS

The Florida Inn
726 Seventeenth St. N. W.
JOHN W. WELCH, Proprietor
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Springfield, Mass.

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LAWYERS

ELIJAH C. WOOD
Attorney and Counselor
29 South La Salle St., CHICAGO

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

WANTED—Man with selling ability to connect himself with a growing company manufacturing and installing all kinds of lighting fixtures. Can show record of 6 years splendid progress, good salary and participation of dividends to right man who can give service and make investment in company. Address C. A. Hanson, 6140 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago.

CONTRACTORS—TORONTO, ONT.

Sutherland Construction Co.
McKINNON BLDG., TORONTO, ONT.
Contractors for Churches, Banks and Office Bldgs. Churches a Specialty.
St. Louis, Mo.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR Classified Advertising Columns bring returns. A telephone call to 4330 Back Bay will give you information as to terms.

PHILADELPHIA ADVERTISING

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RESTAURANTS

DELFT LUNCHEON ROOM

127 South 13th Street—SECOND FLOOR
Below Sansom St.

AN ATTRACTIVE AND RESTFUL PLACE FOR LUNCHEON
11:00 to 3:00—3:30 to 5:30

In addition to serving a la Carte a specialty is made of dainty Table d'Hôte luncheons—and quick service.

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J. P. STREHLER & CO.
629 BUCH STREET
PANAMA AND STRAW HATS cleaned, dried and reblocked. OSTRICH PLUMES and Bands cleaned, dried, made and curled. French Plumes made from Willow Plumes. Algrettes and Paradise dyed, cleaned and remade.

GOOD WORK GUARANTEED
SEND FOR PRICE LIST

CUT GLASSWARE

THE CUT GLASS SHOP
TOOTH-PICK HOLDERS
25c each with your initial cut in
Parcel post extra. Tel. Spruce 5240.
7 SOUTH 16TH ST. We Do Repairing

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THE CAREFUL CLEANER
RENATUS S. BOCK
4075 MARKET STREET
Telephone, Preston 3978

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Kier, Teupe & Company
41 SOUTH 15TH STREET

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COAL—Geo. Mehler with GEO. B. NEW-
TON COAL CO., 1527 Chestnut St. Deliveries to any part city. Tel. Spruce 6100, Race 5800.

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Inook
3221 WALNUT STREET
114 North 34th Street
Tel. Preston 2253 A

Germantown Novelty Shop

62 WEST CHELSEA AVENUE
MELLISOP & MCKEE
MILLINERY AND GOWNS
Own materials made up. Appointments 3009 Chestnut St. Tel. Preston 2770 D.

CORSETS AND ACCESSORIES—Special attention given to cleaning and renovating. S. T. DAYLESS, 521 Cedar Ave.

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Finisher and Polisher of Pianos and All Kinds of Furniture.
M. A. STEIGER
4018 Poplar Street. Drop a postal.

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Persons may leave advertisements at 1808 First National Bank Bldg.

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Bankhardt's
TRUNKS
AND
LEATHER GOODS
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Julius Baer FLOWERS
Main 2478, 2479
138-140 East Fourth
CINCINNATI, O.

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MEN'S APPAREL
FURNISHINGS—HATS
READY TO WEAR CLOTHES
THE BURKHARDT BROS. CO.
ANDREAS & BUNNARDI PRESIDENT
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French Benzol Cleanery
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One of the largest and best equipped establishments in the Middle West for cleaning and dyeing all garments of personal wear and fabrics of domestic use. We pay return parcel post. Ask us for price list.

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ARTHUR P. WALTON, D.D.S.
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Stands either test
—Scale or Fire

There's no guesswork about our weighing. Every ton means 2000 pounds of the finest that can be bought.
Phone our nearest yard.

E. J. CUMMINGS
25th & Federal 21st & Westmoreland
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Always Fresh. Delivered Parcel Post.
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Flowers telegraphed to all parts of the U. S. Walnut and 40th Sts. Tel. Preston 3727.

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If your grocer does not keep
AUNT CLARA'S Mustard Sauce
UNEXCELLED Address

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LONDON

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EDWARD PARKER LTD

ESTATE AGENTS: Furnished and Unfurnished Flats and Houses.

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The Petrolite Safety Lamp

NO LIQUID. NO WICK. NO SMOEL.
NO CLEANING REQUIRED. IF OVERTURNED GOES OUT.
Passed by The London County Council as absolutely safe.
Gives a soft, pure, white 50 c.p. light at low cost of consumption.
If this interests you write to
THE PETROLITE LAMP CO., 78, Wigmore Street, LONDON, W.
For Illustrated Catalogue.

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From T. K. Stubbs, Esq., F.C.A., Moorlands, Bagshot, England. The light is evenly diffused, and is in all respects satisfactory; so much so, that after a test of several Petrolite lamps in constant use for three months, I have given up my intention of installing the electric light as no longer necessary. I may add that I have had no trouble from broken mantles, which I was afraid of.

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Visits and receives pupils for
Violoncello

Studio—17, Kempford Gdns.,
Earls Court, S. W.
Soloist for Concerts, AT HOMES, etc.
All communications to 117 Hurlingham Rd.,
Hurlingham, S. W.

MISS LUCIE HILLIER
PROFESSOR OF THE PIANOFORTE
Diploma, Royal College of Music (Berlin).
Licentiate R.A.M. (Performer and Teacher).
Her playing is full of intelligence and musical feeling.—The Times.
Studio: 88, New Cavendish Street,
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A.R.C.M. Gold Medalist.
Professor of Piano, College School.
Gives lessons in Piano (Méthode).
Receives pupils at "The Grimsom",
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Phone 1466 Ealing.

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Official Preparer for Matriculation.
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in the Pianoforte and Rudiments of Music.
Also non-residential situation in school desired.

PIANOFORTE—Modern methods of Ear-training and Musicianship. Specially adapted
to children. MISS E. J. LITTLE, 5
Moore St., Cadogan Gdns., S. W. Tel. Victoria 3755.

MISS ELSA CAPITO—Visiting Teacher
of the Pianoforte. Specially trained for
young children. Excellent references.—67
Warwick Rd., Ealing, London.

CUTHBERT ANGELL-SMITH, Teacher
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MISS MAY BECHER gives lessons in
Eloution. Special arrangements for
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OFFICES—All kinds of work undertaken.
quickness and satisfaction guaranteed;
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FIRTH BROS.
£25 OVERSTRUNG PIANO
Free delivery in Great Britain.
A REAL SURPRISE IN QUALITY.
Do not judge it by the price but write
today for full particulars.
BANK CORNER, EDMONTON.

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IN THE
Centre of London
Within walking distance of the Theatres
and best shops.

The Red Court Hotel
18, 19, & 20 Bedford Place,
Russell Square,
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Thoroughly warmed by American Radiators.
Bed room for one visitor with full board
(except luncheon), light and attendance
from 6d. to 1s. 6d. per day.
Electric vacuum cleaner fitted in each
floor preventing dust.
Tel.: Finsbury, London. Phone: 1586
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CHAMBERS FURNISHED
100 REDCLIFFE GARDENS
SOUTH KENSINGTON
3 minutes from tube and trains. Suites,
single rooms, catering, valet, attendance,
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general dining room, hot and cold baths,
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WELL FURNISHED HOUSE from about
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creation, all modern conveniences, 7 1/2
guineas weekly. "T." 14 Chesham Gardens,
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CONSULTANT DECORATOR—Houses
completely furnished and decorated.
REMOVALS, SUPERINTENDING
Orders executed from all countries.
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Hillside Laundry
CHISWICK PARK, W.
Telephone 874 Chiswick
New Model premises now open.
The Most Up-to-Date in London
Inspection invited.
No specialities.
All work, washed clean and beautifully
finished.
Dyeing and Cleaning
by most modern methods
Price lists with copy of testimonials on
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Laundry
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Putney Bridge Road, S. W.
Price List on Application

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Electric fittings, hot air drying
MRS. PURDY, Manageress
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Expert Ladies' Tailor
French Model Designer
Costumes from 5 Guineas

MAISON A. ALEXANDER
20 BUCKINGHAM PALACE ROAD, S. W.
(Opposite Goring's)
Two minutes from Victoria Station

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Smart Millinery
FROM £1.0
Miss Threadingham
188 SLOANE STREET, LONDON, S. W.
(Over Best's Trunk Shop)

Hats for All Occasions
SMART AND UP TO DATE
Always a large selection in stock
MAISON ODETTE
23 HIGH STREET
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HELENA BORRIS
Court Dressmaker and
Milliner
Day, Evening, and Reception Gowns.
American and Colonial Order a Specialty.
48, Beaufort Gardens, Brompton Road,
(Over Capital and Counties Bank).
Tel. 4426 Kensington LONDON

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Furlong & Kelly
IRISH TAILORING DEPOT
For Ladies and Gentlemen
130 OXFORD ST., LONDON, W.
(Opposite Bourne & Hollingsworth)
Best Class Irish Goods only. Best
Workmanship only. Moderate Prices.

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ROBERTS & DEEN
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HIGH CLASS FURRIERS
AND LADIES' TAILORS
Handsome Furs of latest design always
in stock.
REMODELING A SPECIALTY
Phone 122 Mayfair

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139, Kensington High St., London
A large selection of old embroidery and
laces for sale. Cleaning and mending of
old lace and embroidery a specialty.
Lessons in lace making.

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DECORATORS, PLUMBERS,
ELECTRICIANS, PAINTERS, etc.
Phone Mayfair 8918
All principal lamps stocked
Small Orders Carefully Attended To

COMESTIBLES
And Other High-Class
TABLE DELICACIES
Ask your grocer for it,
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RICHIE, Ltd., Em-
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MANCHESTER SQUARE, LONDON, W.
Telephone 6779 Mayfair.

T. H. SPINDLO, D. D. S.
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LONDON, W.
Telephone 2206 Paddington

LONDON

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Est. 1845
CARPETS
LINOLEUMS
FURNITURE
Kingston-on-Thames

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YOUR MILK SUPPLY
Is it what it should be? If not, we ask
you to give us a trial.
We have an ideal supply of Pure, Rich
Milk direct from the farms at Stratton
(Wilts).
OTHER SPECIALITIES
Include Cream, Genuine New Laid Eggs,
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Deliveries twice and three times daily.
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Bayswater Dairy (Established 1800)
22, Queen's Road, London, W.
Telephone: Park 2017

PICTURES RESTORED
W. D. WILKINSON
Established 40 years
RESTORER
OF OLD VARNISHED, COLOURED AND
PLAIN PRINTS, WATER COLOURS,
CRAYONS, AND PASTELS.
Drawings and Prints Mounted in any Style.
Every Description of Art Restored
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High Class Decorations
TOOP & SON, 368 Hornsey Road, N.
Phone: 57 Hornsey.
Work undertaken in town or suburbs.

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BOOTS AND SHOES
at moderate prices.
W. LIPPE AND SONS
24 Sloane Square and 140 Kings Rd.,
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REPAIRS neatly and promptly executed.

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Strong 9ct. Gold Wrist Watch
PATENT EXPANDING BRACELET
Reliable Jewel Lever, as illustrated, £5.50
Other prices, £4 to £10.10.

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Jeweller
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BOURNEMOUTH
ESTATE AND HOUSE AGENTS
JOLIFFE FLINT & CROSS
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Illustrated Registers Post Free

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BOURNEMOUTH. Crag Hall, first-class,
liberal Pension. Fine position on cele-
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ing, recreation and drawing rooms.
Lounge, Billiard, Electric. Separate
tables. Moderate. Illus. Tariff. HINE,
Proprietor. Phone 209. Telegrams, Cragged,
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VOICE PRODUCTION
MISS ORPIN takes pupils, moderate
terms. Taught by eminent masters. Ad-
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Bournemouth.

SHEFFIELD
HATTERS
A. BERESFORD
The Hat
69, THE MOOR SHEFFIELD

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The SESAME BOOK SHOP
AN IDEAL COUNTRY
BOOK SHOP
Books of every description. Any book
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Carriage paid on orders over 4s.
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Post Card Views of Bristol (48 designs),
1d. each. Every card a picture. Also
large colour paintings of the head-
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LYNDAL HOTEL
(Residential and commercial). Quiet, pleas-
ant, Central, Berkeley Sq. (opp. Museum).
Clifton, Bristol. Mrs. Lethaby Morgan.

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MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
MISS MARY BROWN
Teacher of Voice Production
and Singing. Acoustic Method.
VISITS BRADFORD,
27, North Parade, Tuesdays.
Address: Ingledale, Glade St., BOLTON.

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MRS. INCE, teacher voice production,
singing, violin, Newcastle, Sunderland,
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BRIGHTON BOARDING ESTABLISH-
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Board Residence from 5s. per day. Electric
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G. H. LEE & CO., LTD.
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THE HOUSE OF QUALITY AND VALUE
COSTUMIERS, LADIES' TAILORS
Leading Establishment in the North of
England for
MILLINERY, UNDERWEAR, COS-
TUMES, GENERAL OUTFITTING,
MANTLES, GENERAL DRAPERY
**SPECIALISTS in Furs, Blouses,
Gloves, etc.**

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MISS MARY TURNER, Vocalist & Pianist
Studio: 19 Percy Street.
PIANOFORTE RECITAL—Kindly assisted
by MR. CARL FUCHS (cellist).
Yamen Concert Room, Feb. 6th at 8 P. M.
Tickets—Messrs. J. B. Cramer & Co.,
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MANSON AND CORLETT for high class
CHINA AND GLASS at moderate prices.
31 Lece Street, and 405 Smithdown Road,
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ESTABLISHED OVER 70 YEARS.

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High-Class
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Makers of the famous Harrogate Toffee.

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WELL, 24, Oxford Street,
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LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S
TAILOR
Motor Clothing Specialist &
HALFIELD ARCADE,
Manningham Lane,
BRADFORD
Telephone 5387
(Satisfaction Guaranteed)

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The TOKIO CAFE and
RESTAURANT CO., Ltd.
Bradford, Yorkshire, England
PIECE HALL YARD—Near Exchange.

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High Class Dyeing and Dry Cleaning
Costumes, Blouses, Suits, etc., Dry
Cleaned in Superior Style.
H. PRECIOS (Dartmouth St.)
Vaughan St. (Tel. 1959) BRADFORD
Your patronage respectfully solicited.

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Wool, Nails and Cross-Bred Tops
J. S. COWLING
18 Nelson St., BRADFORD
Tel. Cowl Bradford. Code 5th Ed. A. B. C.
All enquiries promptly attended to.

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TAILORS
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3/5 KING EDWARD STREET
LEEDS.
LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S
TAILOR
MODERATE PRICES
BEST WORKMANSHIP
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ALBERT INNES
A. I. E. E.
ELECTRICAL ENGINEER
AND CONTRACTOR
2, ALBION PLACE, LEEDS.
Telephone 1821.
Specialty—Country House Lighting.
High Class Work. Estimates Free.

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GIBBINS
WHOLESALE GROCER
LEEDS
Tel. Central 2227
General Supply Stores
Horsforth Tel. 58

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CARTER AND FRANKLAND
PAINTERS AND DECORATORS
Hyde Park, Leeds. Tel. C.2100


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MILLINERY, ETC.
HOYLE & CO.,
Albion House
ROCHDALE, ENG.
Ladies' Wear Specialists
MILLINERY,
Furs, Costumes, Blouses, Gloves, Scarves,
Bag, Neck wear, etc.

MILLINERS
Haslam & Walton
MILLINERS
ROCHDALE
Exclusive Designs at Popular Prices
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STOCK POULTRY

Tring Park Poultry Farm
TRING, HERTFORDSHIRE
The Property of the Rt. Hon. Lord Rothschild



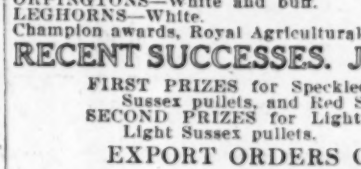

One pair light Sussex pullets.
One pair red Sussex pullets.

STOCK BIRDS OF THE FOLLOWING VARIETIES:
SUSSEX—Red, light and speckled.
OUPINGTONS—White and buff.
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Champion awards, Royal Agricultural, London Dairy, and International Shows, London.
RECENT SUCCESSSES. July 1913, Royal Agricultural Show
FIRST PRIZES for Speckled, Red and Light Sussex cockerels, Red
Sussex pullets, and Red Sussex hens.
SECOND PRIZES for Light Sussex cock, Red Sussex cockerel, and
Light Sussex pullets.
EXPORT ORDERS CAREFULLY ATTENDED TO.
INSPECTION INVITED.
For prices and particulars, apply RICHARDSON CARR, Estate Office, TRING, HERTS.

MANCHESTER

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"TWEEN" HATS
Humor the shape of the head to a sense of
delightful ease.
The ONLY Felt Hat that
is made in HALF SIZES
None
Genuine
unless
bearing
this Design.
SOLE MAKERS
J. Moores & Sons, Ltd.
DENTON, NR. MANCHESTER



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MOTOR CARS

MAX R. LAWRENCE
33, Blackfriars Street, Manchester
Telegrams "Autocar."
Sole Agents for
WOLSELEY CARS in Man-
chester and District.
HALLFORD COMMERCIAL
VEHICLES in Lancashire,
Cheshire and North Wales.
ATKINSON STREET
Repairs to all makes a specialty.



WOOD PRESERVATIVES
THE ORIGINAL BRIT-
ISH WOOD PRESER-
VATIVE for timber,
ropes, etc., and the
prevention of dry rot,
fungus, dampness, in-
jury to walls, in-
valuable against the
attack of
Ants and
Termites

**THE ORIGINAL BRIT-
ISH WOOD PRESER-
VATIVE for timber,
ropes, etc., and the
prevention of dry rot,
fungus, dampness, in-
jury to walls, in-
valuable against the
attack of
Ants and
Termites**

SEEDSMEN
GARDEN NEWS
Messrs. DICKSON and ROBINSON, of
Cathedral Street, MANCHESTER, have just
been awarded in open competition an ele-
gant guinea challenge cup and a large gold medal
for Michaelmas daisies and dahlias at the
Leeds Show of the North England Horti-
cultural Society. The complete exhibit
was grown so near Manchester as North-
ampton (within 6 miles) that it was the
only one to be seen at the show. This demonstrates
conclusively what it is possible to do in
the way of brightening our gardens in and
about Manchester, not only at any time,
but even so late as this. The firm has also
been awarded the Society's silver medal
and annual challenge cup for the best ex-
hibit of vegetables in the show.—Extract
from the Manchester Weekly Times, 11th
Oct., 1913.
Descriptive Catalogue Post Free.

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Verey's Ltd
St. Ann's Square, Manchester
COURT DRESSMAKERS
LADIES' TAILORS
FURRIERS AND MILLINERS

Madame Mills
52 and 54 King Street
MANCHESTER
Court Dressmaker, Milliner,
Ladies' Tailor and Furrier
Also at Gervis Place, BOURNEMOUTH

DRESSMAKERS
MISS OLIVER
Dressmaker & Costumier
71 Burlington Street
Oxford Road, Manchester.
Wanted, apprentices, small salary given

ANTIQUES
MRS. HENDERSON-WHITE
ANTIQUE FURNITURE
OLD CHINA
45, BRIDGE STREET
MANCHESTER

EDUCATIONAL
GREENWOOD'S COMMERCIAL COL-
LEGE—All commercial subjects. Special-
ist in handwriting. Individual instruction
to each pupil. Separate room for ladies.
Prospectus post free. 5, John Dalton St.,
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TYPEWRITING and shorthand offices—
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WILKINSON, 11, Union Bridge, 45, Finsbury
Street, Manchester, Eng. Tel. City 1645.

**Other European advertis-
ing on next page.**

**THE MODEL &
MEADOWSIDE**
Laundries Limited
Stockport
Highest class family wk.
Gents' linen and ladies' finery a
specialty.
Telephone 100
Est. 1888 Tel. 1114 Midbury

The Withington
Laundry
COTTON LANE
Withington, Manchester
TAILORS

HERBERT HARRISON, LD.,
51 MOSLEY ST., MANCHESTER
TAILORS
Dress Suit Specialists
Highest possible award London Exhi-
bition 1909, also Gold Medal for excel-
lence in tailoring.
Exclusive designs and newest colors
in suitings and overcoats.

HOSIER AND OUTFITTER
Short and Collar Makers
Henry Barnby
11, Oxford St. (St. Peter's)
Manchester
Gloves by the Best Makers

RESTAURANTS
MACLEOD'S
Genuine Scotch Shortbread
2s. 6d. tins, by post 2s. 10d.
(90 cents)
NEW ROYALTY RESTAURANT
41, Princess Street,
MANCHESTER

WRAPPING PAPER
Extra Strong Wrapping Papers
If you are looking for a paper that
will hold your goods until received
by customers, write us for sample
we have it.
F. MACKAY & CO.,
46b Fountain St., MANCHESTER
Tel. 527 City. T. A. Speedy, Man-
chester

PRINTERS
Telephone 1104 WHITEFIELD
Joseph Jackson
2-5, Bury New Rd.
Whitefield, Manchester

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements on this page are read by a widespread clientele whose well directed purchasing power is unrivaled and which relies upon the dependability of Monitor advertising. This advertising has produced astonishing results and opened up new fields for the development of many and various lines of business.

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With cuts or display type: 1 to 12 lines, 15c per line per insertion; 13 to 25 lines, 12c per line per insertion; 26 or more lines, 10c per line per insertion

RATES

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EUROPEAN ADVERTISEMENTS

MISCELLANEOUS ORGAN WORKS

FOR THE ACCOMPANIMENT OF THE SUNDAY SERVICE

a well-built pipe-organ, dignified and pure of tone, has no equal. We are expert organists, and our consulting service is free. Write now to

HAYTER & SON, GARDEN CITY ORGAN WORKS, LETCHWORTH, HERTS

HOUSES FOR SALE

FOR SALE—in Warwick, Eng: a picturesque 6-roomed cottage (in perfect condition) opposite Lord Leicester's Home for old soldiers. Apply 4 Ocean View, Ventnor, I. W., Eng.

SOUTHSEA

ART FURNISHERS

ARTISTIC FURNISHING at Moderate Prices

GEORGE GRAY (Southsea) Ltd. Castle House, Castle Road.

DRESSMAKING

HIGH CLASS

DRESSMAKING

Underclothes and Corsets kept in stock. MISS ARMOUR, 10 Nelson Road, Southsea.

BLACKPOOL

SPIRELLA CORSETS

FOR THE BEACON "PERFECT FITTING PAPER PATTERNS" and "SPIRELLA CORSETS" address Jones and Walton, Talbot Chambers, Talbot Square, Blackpool.

APARTMENTS

APARTMENTS—MRS. MCNEILL, 151 Lyham Road, Blackpool. Near South Shore Station and Sea.

DUBLIN

HOUSEHOLD NEEDS

"Favourite" Soap

A pure free-lathering household soap in tablets

DIXON'S DUBLIN

"Arbutus" Toilet SOAP, Specially suitable for the complexion

May be obtained from THE NEW IRISH DIRECT SUPPLY, VICTORIA ST., LONDON, S.W., and from any of Messrs. LEVERETT & FRY'S Establishments.

STATIONERS AND ENGRAVERS

Cambridge Ltd. 15 and 20 GRAFTON STREET Dublin

Visiting Cards Engraved

HAT AND GOWN SHOP

For the latest fashions controlled by taste and economy. Proprietor: MRS. ARTHUR BELLINGHAM 27, Dawson Street

HOTELS

DUBLIN. At THE COLLEGE HOTEL, Stay at College St. Central, comfortable. Moderate. Vegetarian Cafe. College Street, Princess Cafe. Grafton Street, Dublin's popular resorts.

Monitor advertisers know the confidence of Monitor readers in their offerings as fully as Monitor readers are assured of the integrity and reliability of Monitor advertisers.

SCHOOLS

BRUSSELS

CHATEAU CHARLE-ALBERT Bolfort (1/4 hour by electric tram from town).

HOME FINISHING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS Well-known professors for Music, Arts, etc.

Charming grounds, tennis, etc. Highest references. Apply: Principals.

LONDON

Wellington Court ETON ROAD, LONDON, N. W.

Preparatory School FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN (W. MILLINGTON, B. A.)

European Advertisements

All European advertisements should be sent through the European Advertising Office. Address The Advertising Representative, The Christian Science Monitor, Amherst House, Norfolk Street, Strand, London, England. Telegrams: Alphomega, Estrand, London. Telephone: 9723 Central.

At present, unless otherwise arranged, European advertisements appear in this department on Tuesday of each week. The rates per insertion are as follows:

STRAIGHT CLASSIFIED (where nonpareil type alone is used—5 words to the line and 12 lines to the inch)—1 or 2 insertions, per line, 6d., per inch, 6s.; 3 or more insertions, per line, 5d., per inch, 5s. Minimum, 3 lines.

CLASSIFIED DISPLAY (where type other than nonpareil is employed or display, or a border, or an illustration is given)—1 to 12 insertions, 8s. 8d. per inch; 13 to 25 insertions, 7s. per inch; 26 or more insertions, 6s. 8d. per inch. Minimum, half an inch.

KANSAS CITY, MO., ADVERTISEMENTS

BELFAST

IRISH LINEN

IRISH LINEN and LACE

are unrivaled and have a world-wide reputation and when supplied by a firm with almost a century's record for straight trading, customers may rely on getting the best in the market.

DAMASK TABLE LINEN SHEETS AND SHEETING TOWELS AND TOWELLING Right CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS IRISH LACES, etc. Price Lists Free

Murphy & Orr 18c BELFAST IRELAND

PARIS

DRESSMAKERS

WEEKS

108, BOULEVARD HAUSMANN PARIS

Smart Dinner and Reception Gowns. SPECIALTY—Tailor-made Gowns.

Tel. Louvre 26-75 Central 39-12 Robes, Mantoux, Lingettes, Fourrures

PREMET Place Vendôme No. 8 PARIS

Tel. Louvre 26-75 Central 39-12 Robes, Mantoux, Lingettes, Fourrures

PENSIONS

PENSION

Mme. Roulet, 14 bis rue Raynouard, Trocadero. Superb view. Communication with all parts of the city. Excellent table. All modern conveniences—phone, electricity, lift, etc.

PARIS—Attractive Pension 12 Avenue Jules Janin, entrance 12 Rue de la Pompe, near Bois de Boulogne. Every modern convenience. Recommended.

GLASGOW

TRAVEL

Glasgow & South Western Railway

WHEN VISITING THE LAND O' BURNS

ask for tickets via the Midland and G. & S. W. Railways.

OVER 100 GOLF COURSES SERVED BY THIS RAILWAY

Magnificent Hotels at Glasgow (St. Enoch), Ayr, Turnberry and Dumfries.

St. Enoch Station, DAVID COOPER, Glasgow, General Manager.

BOOTS AND SHOES

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers For Men, Women and Children

at THE AMERICAN SHOE STORE 114 Cowcaddens St., GLASGOW

Mail orders carefully attended to. THOMAS REID, Proprietor.

GLASGOW

SHORTBREAD

Home-Made Shortbread

MISS JEANIE GIBB STRATHVIEW, KILMALCOLM, N. P. Tins 1s. 3d., 2s. 4d. and 3s. 4d. Post Free.

SHIP BROKERS

ERL. ANSTENSEN SHIP BROKER 93 HOPE STR., GLASGOW

Telegrams: "Anstensen"

EDINBURGH

BACON, CHEESE AND BUTTERMEN

George Gibson & Son SPECIALTIES IN

Finest Hams Bacons Best Quality

Specialty Selected Butter and Cheese of

Excellent Flavour 44 QUEENSFERRY STREET

Telephone No. 2286 Central. Country orders carefully attended to.

TAILORS

James C. Laughton Ladies' and Gentlemen's

High-Class Tailor 18 and 19 Crichton Place

EDINBURGH Phone 3753

FLORISTS

THOMAS FORTUNE Court Florist

17 Queensferry St., Edinburgh CUT FLOWERS, ROSES, CARNATIONS.

FLORAL DESIGNS Carefully packed and sent to all parts

ELECTRICIANS

William Bryden & Son ELECTRICIANS

ELECTRIC LIGHT INSTALLATIONS FROM CORPORATION MAINS

Water Power, Oil or Gas Engines. 55 George Street 200 Bath Street

EDINBURGH and GLASGOW Tel. Central 304 Tel. Douglas 027

FRUITERER AND FLORIST

M. GIBB FRUITERER AND FLORIST

Vegetables and Potatoes a Specialty 4, SPRING GARDENS, STOCKBRIDGE

Tel. 4721 Central

LANTERN SLIDES FOR SALE

LANTERN SLIDES for sale. 120 scenes in Egypt, Greece, and Tunis. Apply MR. C. BROAD, 37, St. Leonard's Street, Edinburgh.

APARTMENTS

JOPPA, EDINBURGH—Apartments, superior view to beach. Water, gas, car fare 2d., terms moderate; also board. MRS. CAVENIE, 3 Morton St.

PERTH

CHRISTMAS SPECIALTIES

DEMPSTER'S SCOTCH CONFECTIONERY

SHORTBREAD, CAKES, BUNS 2a. 0d. to 10s. Carr. Pd. Main St. Bakery.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Intended to appear in all editions of

SATURDAY'S MONITOR

Should reach the Monitor office

NOT LATER THAN FRIDAY AFTERNOON

To insure proper Classification

KANSAS CITY, KANSAS

JEWELERS

B. J. DUNNING, Est. Watchmaker and Jeweler

Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Novelties.

Repairing and Manufacturing. 648 Minnesota Ave., Kansas City, Kan. Bell Phone 544 West

HOUSEHOLD NEEDS

"KEEP SMILING" And buy your furniture, draperies and floor coverings at the GRANDVIEW FURNITURE CO., J. M. Christy, Prop. 608-60 Central Ave., Kansas City, Kan. Both phones.

GROCERIES

W. A. GRISWOLD & SON Groceries and Meats

Both Phones 170 West, 606 Minnesota Ave. KANSAS CITY, KAN.

CLEANING AND DYEING

MARTIN'S Cleaning and Dye Works

LARGEST AND BEST 1012 North Fifth St. Both Phones.

CONFECTIONERY

SUGAR BOWL HOME MADE CANDIES

ICE CREAM 800A 720 Main Ave., Kansas City, Kan.

SCHOOLS

MRS. GEORGIA BROWN'S DRAMATIC SCHOOL Auditorium Theater Studio, corner 9th and Holmes St., KANSAS CITY, MO. Entrance on Holmes St. Bell phone, Main 4625.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT TO CHILDREN—BEGINNERS' class Saturdays at 2 p. m., beginning Sept. 20th. ADVANCED class Saturdays at 3 p. m. These classes embrace Voice Culture, Breathing, Diction, Poise, Gesture, Monologue, Singing with Gesture and Dancing. In fact it teaches children everything they should know to render them graceful and attractive and is attended by pupils ranging in age from four to fourteen. Terms: \$2.00 per month. These classes are in no way connected with the regular dramatic work for adults of this school, whose graduates hold high positions in the dramatic field. Prospectus mailed on application.

RUGS

THE LARGEST

in the Southwest. Lowest prices. 23 years in business.

NAHIGIAN BROS. 1021 Grand Avenue, KANSAS CITY, MO.

ORIENTAL RUGS

You will always find the largest and best selection in the city at moderate prices.

H. K. Dilberian 203-4-5 Lillis Bldg. 11th & Walnut Sts.

TEN YEARS IN KANSAS CITY

BANKS

CITIZENS SAVINGS TRUST CO. 1019 GRAND AVENUE

The center of the shopping district. Open until 8 p. m. every Saturday and Monday.

3% on Savings Accounts. Safety Deposit Boxes \$3.00 up.

JEWELRY

WE CARRY A FULL LINE OF

CROSS AND CROWN JEWELRY 14K GOLD—PINS, RINGS, SCARF PINS

Call on us or send for photographs and price list.

J. R. MERCER, JEWELRY CO 1014 Grand Ave.

Men's Furnishings

Individuality, Quality and Efficient Service.

905-907 GRAND AVENUE, GRAND AVENUE TEMPLE.

Established February, 1912.

Enlarged October, 1913.

Men's Furnishings

What You Want

Shannon D. Smith

Hirsh Wickwire Clothes, Manhattan Shirts

Vassar Underwear, Stetson Hats, Perrine Gloves

Satisfaction or money back. 803-811 WALNUT ST.

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For a free advertisement write your "wants" on separate piece of paper and attach it to blank at top of page 2.

SPACE IS NOT GIVEN UNDER THIS HEAD TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO HANDLE GOODS ON COMMISSION OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE

The advertisements under this head are inserted free and persons interested must exercise discretion in all correspondence concerning the same.

BOSTON AND N. E.

HELP WANTED—MALE

YOUNG PRINTER—We have a permanent position in a modern, pleasant office for an all-round printer, who can set an attractive job of advertisement and operate a press. Good salary and opportunity for advancement. Apply to **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

AMERICAN YOUNG MAN wanted with good references, as entry clerk and cash-keeper; accurate figure and good typewriter (not stenographer); steady position. **J. WILKINSON & CO.**, 150-152 Washington St., Boston.

BOOKBINDER (manifold work), in city, \$16.48 week. Call or send stamp for blank. **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

FARM FOREMAN in Worcester, A1 man, with first-class ref.; \$50 month. Send stamp for blank. **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

FORWARD MACHINIST in Worcester; special line of machinery; \$25.30 week. Call or send stamp for blank. **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

MACHINIST A1 man only, in Everett, \$18 week. Call or send stamp for blank. **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

MAN AND WIFE wanted, no children, to do work in rooming house; references exchanged. **M. S. SMILLIE**, 108 St. Botolph St., Boston.

MCKAY STITCHERS (carpet slippers) in city, piece work. Call or send stamp for blank. **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

MILLING MACHINE FOREMAN, in Worcester; man with executive ability and good references; \$25.30 week. Call or send stamp for blank. **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

PUMPER in Lynn, \$4 day. Call or send stamp for blank. **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

PRESSMAN job; also feeder; must be A1 steady position. **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

SLATERS in Malden, \$4 day. Call or send stamp for blank. **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

STENOGRAPHER in city, \$12. Call or send stamp for blank. **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

STENOGRAPHER in Charlestown, \$10. Call or send stamp for blank. **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

TOOLMAKER in Framingham, \$18 week. Call or send stamp for blank. **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

WANTED at once, an all round experienced man for florist store, must give the best of references from more than one store where he has been employed. **PRICE**, E. J. HANCOCK, 41 So. Main St., Portland, Me.

WANTED young man with some experience in retouching photographs. **MET. LITHO & PUB. CO.**, Bow St., Everett, Mass.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

ATTENDANTS State inst. out of town; \$20 mo. r. b. and w. ref. required. Call Monday 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

CHAMBERMAID (hotel in East Boston); \$16 mo. r. b. and w. Call **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

COMPETENT GIRL wanted for general housework; \$12.50 week. Call or send stamp for blank. **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

ERAND GIRL (colored), dressmaker in Back Bay, St. Call **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

GENERAL HOUSEKEEPER and cook wanted; family of three adults; comfortable home in country; responsible middle aged woman; good home; reasonable wages. **GEORGE SUMNER**, New Milford, Conn.

GIRL or middle-aged woman to assist in housework; small family; no washing; good home and reasonable wages. **E. C. NISSEN**, 15 Danville St., West Roxbury, Mass.

IMMEDIATELY—Experienced housekeeper; plain cooking; in American family (4); beautiful home; tel. for appointment. **456 E. 4th St., Boston.**

LAUNDRY HELP; steady, pleasant work to the right person; we pay good wages; experience not needed. **DOMESTIC LAUNDRY**, 8 Francis St., Westbury, Mass.

MAN AND WIFE wanted, no children, to do work in exchange for two light basement rooms; fuel and light furnished; references exchanged. **M. S. SMILLIE**, 108 St. Botolph St., Boston.

MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN WANTED—Family three adults, two at business. **W. E. Robbins**, 3107 Washington St., Boston.

MILINERY APPRENTICE wanted to learn dressmaking; good home; reasonable wages. **CAROLINE**, milliner, 480 Boylston St., Boston.

NURSEMAID WANTED—Must have good references; phone information. **303 Mrs. R. A. STEWART**, 102 Dean Rd., Brookline.

TWENTY STITCHERS in Watertown, \$12. Call or send stamp for blank. **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

SALESWOMAN wanted for infants' wear; must be over 30 and refined; state experience and references; apply by letter only to **R. H. NICHOLS**, room 8, 372 Boylston St., Boston.

STENOGRAPHER (part time) must be able to speak or translate German in Italian; \$12.50 week. Call or send stamp for blank. **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

STENOGRAPHER with public stenographer in city; \$8.10. Call **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

STENOGRAPHER and stenographer, neat appearing, good worker, correct spelling, to consider beginning with good speed and accuracy. **E. F. OBER**, 15 Tremont St., Boston.

TWO GIRLS, 17 or over, wanted for counter work; no experience necessary, but must be clean, well dressed, active and have good education and ability. Apply **VELIX MILLS**, 92 Cornhill St., Boston.

WANT FINISHERS and helpers wanted. **JENNIE BELL**, 144 Boylston St., Boston.

WANTED—Maid for general work; lady living alone; must be good cook and laundress; references required; wages \$6. Send letters to **MARY LOCKE**, 100 State St., Boston.

WANTED—Reliable maid for general housework in family of 2; must come well recommended and refer to **MRS. A. COOK**, 852 Oliver bldg., 141 Mt. St., Boston.

WANTED—Willing housework girl; references; \$12.50 week. **MRS. HOBART**, 38 Westland Ave., Boston.

WANTED—General housework girl, experienced, with good references; good wages; four in family. Tel. Brookline 913. **MRS. W. W. HOWLAND**, 14 Irving St., Brookline, Mass.

WANTED—General housework girl in a family of 2; bring reference. **MRS. E. VAN NOORDEN**, 124 Park St., Boston.

WANTED—Good cook for general housework in small family. Apply **J. D. STILES**, 52 Summit Ave., Allston. Tel. 2671.

WANTED—Competent seamstress to work with dressmaker; when only one employed. **MME. S. POLINE**, 142 Davis St., Brookline, Mass.

WANTED—Girls with dressmaker for plain sewing; apply Sunday or Monday ready for work. **J. A. BAILEY**, 174 Rawson Rd., Brookline. Tel. 4393-W.

BOSTON AND N. E.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED—Housekeeper looking for good home rather than high wages; 2 to 3 family, one a business woman; modern house; references; \$15 week. **GERTRUDE CROCKER**, 104 Summer St., Arlington, Mass.

WANTED—Stenographer; bright beginner; no experience; references; \$15 week. **E. F. OBER**, 18 Tremont St., Boston.

WOMAN wanted for housework; no washing; but little cooking; **D. D. SCOTT**, 55 Cotton St., Roslindale, Mass.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER wanted in modern suburban home; live in family; no laundry or chamber work; must cook well; wait on table; keep house clean; comfortable home for well trained woman; \$25 wages. **MRS. BURCH**, box 74, Riverside, Conn.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

ACCOUNTANT (24 years position); open, systematic, close books, trial balance, statement monthly; tax returns; 2 years with public accountant; references; **F. J. CRAWFORD**, 58 Felton St., Hudson, Mass.

ATTENDANT, experienced, wants position anywhere. **F. J. CRAWFORD**, 58 Felton St., Hudson, Mass.

BILLING CLERK, checking or copying, res. Roslindale, \$12.50. **AL. PENMAN**, 122 Lexington 122, 2nd Fl., OFFICE (free to all), 52 Green St., Worcester, Mass.

BLACKSMITH, res. Wollaston, \$3, married; first-class refs. and exp.; \$21.24. **DAN W. BROWN**, 100 State St., Boston.

BOOKKEEPER—High class man, fine penman, desires position in office or factory; no evening work. **GEORGE C. BUCK**, 29 Mt. St., Boston.

BOOKKEEPER, general office work, res. Everett, \$3, married; good penman; will locate anywhere; references; \$15-18. **GEORGE C. BUCK**, 29 Mt. St., Boston.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier or ledger clerk; American born, good habits, character and reputation; 11 years with last employer. **J. P. MARINER**, 60 Hall St., Waltham, Mass.

BOY (18), 5 ft. 11, weight 165, wants situation where he can learn a trade or business; good references. **C. W. OLIPHANT**, 20 Green St., Boston.

CARE of lodging house in Back Bay wanted; **W. H. HOFF**, 100 State St., Boston.

CATERER, young married man, with good executive and help managing ability; would like position in hotel or restaurant; best of references given. **ANDREW M. KRAUSE**, 17 Norcross St., Arlington, Mass.

CARPENTER, American, wants work on houses, furniture, anything in carpenter's line. **D. D. ROBERTS**, 31 Woburn St., Boston.

CARRIAGE AND AUTO PAINTER desires position; first-class man. **CLAUDE J. CROCKER**, 40 Eastern Ave., Malden, Mass.

CARRIAGE BLACKSMITH wants situation in or near Boston. **JOHN QUINN**, 100 State St., Boston.

CHAUFFEUR—First-class man on pleasure cars and trucks; 7 years experience; very recent; good references; \$25 week; temperate; go anywhere. **BERNARD H. CARTER**, 42 Holyoke St., Cambridge, Mass.

CHAUFFEUR or odd jobs around garage—Position wanted by young man; 8 years experience; no driving; 4 to 4 days; except Saturdays; best references. **IRVING D. SIRONA**, 94 Charles St., Boston.

CHAUFFEUR (20), strictly temperate, willing to travel; 9 years experience; prove work; call or write. **GEORGE E. PRINCE**, 215 Hargett St., Hartford, Conn.

CHAUFFEUR (20) would like position; best of reference; willing and obliging; go anywhere; good chauffeur. **WILLIAM J. DAUST**, 21 Wood St., Waterbury, Conn.

CHAUFFEUR and mechanic wants position; 8 years driving and repairing; best of references; call or write. **WILLIAM J. DAUST**, 21 Wood St., Waterbury, Conn.

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BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

ENGRAYER, 20 years experience, would like steady employment with reliable company. **J. C. GILMAN**, 40 Center St., Florence, Mass.

ENGRAYER, good exp. in all metals, deep cut or surface, wants work. **G. MATLAY**, 6 Cheshire St., Jamaica Plain, Boston.

EXPERIENCED CARPENTER (union) would like position as foreman; strong, temperate and industrious; capable of taking charge of all kinds of building work. **CHARLES IVES**, Box 25, Housatonic, Mass.

EXPERIENCED PAINTER and finisher wants work, permanent or temporary; handy with tools and repairs to furniture, etc. **D. SMITH**, 1000 Washington St., Boston.

EXPERIMENTAL MACHINIST or form maker, residence Worcester, 24, single, 7 years experience; good references. \$150 day; mention 478. **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

FARM FOREMAN, residence Worcester, 24, single, 7 years experience; good references. \$150 day; mention 478. **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

FARM FOREMAN, residence Saundersville, 38, married, will go anywhere; references; mention 564. **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

FARM FOREMAN, caretaker, residence 478. **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

FARM FOREMAN, residence No. Wilbraham, 44, married; references; mention 491. **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

FARM FOREMAN, residence Watertown, 24, single, 7 years experience; good references. \$150 day; mention 478. **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

FIREMAN, second class license, would like position around city; can furnish references. **SAMUEL BELL**, 40 Dunster St., Boston.

FIRST-CLASS CHEF, with five years' experience, desires position in hotel or restaurant; strictly temperate. **Archibald Lamont**, 794 Beacon St., Boston.

GASOLINE housecleaning or any general work wanted by young man **JOHN STEVENSON**, 100 State St., Boston.

GENERAL WORK wanted by young colored man. **GEORGE SCOTT**, 63 Magee St., Cambridge, Mass.

GENERAL WORK wanted by willing young man of 21. **ROSCOE P. GIBSON**, Box 4, Milton, Mass.

GENERAL WORK of all kind wanted by **FRANK CORRE**, 124 Yarmouth St., Boston.

GENERAL WORK wanted; windows, rugs, cleaning; South End or Boston. **W. M. LAUGHLIN**, 1 Ringgold St., Boston.

GRINDER HAND, specialist, all types of grinding; 16 years experience; young man; 38, married; in or near Boston preferred. **J. MCCORMACK**, 5 Rowen St., Lakeport, Mass.

HERDSMAN, farmer, residence Worcester, 38, married; references; \$60 month; mention 478. **STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE**, 100 State St., Boston.

ITALIAN YOUNG MAN with high school education, writes and reads Italian; desires position translating or other. **Write to T. JESSICHO**, 1 North St., Boston.

JANITOR or janitor for part time; good references; 100 State St., Boston.

JANITOR or janitor for part time; good references; 100 State St., Boston.

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JANITOR

The advertisements under this head are inserted free and persons interested must exercise discretion in all correspondence concerning the same.

SPACE IS NOT GIVEN UNDER THIS HEAD TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO HANDLE GOODS ON COMMISSION
OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE

PACIFIC COAST

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALI

BOOKKEEPER—Auditor, accountant, sales office position; references, vouch for accuracy, ability, experience. **WARD E. JONES, 1103 Geary st., San Francisco.**

FILIPINO, high school senior, wanting clerical position; references furnished. **LOUIS B. LAGORDA, 1805 Fruitvale, Oakland, Cal.**

LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEER of 6 y experience on main line of trunk railroads wants work of some kind not necessarily railroad work. **H. C. ABBOTT, 387 1/2 N. Portland, Ore. Phone Main 5793.**

MAN (30) desires position as city mail carrier; experience in both mail and references. **Small, 1000**

Part. WILLIAM J. DOUGLAS, 1104
Washington St., Los Angeles, Cal.
MAN (32) wants position; has 10 y
experience accountant, bookkeeper, P
street reporter; good habits; moderate
yrs. WILLIAM J. BRENNAN, 803
Ness av., San Francisco, Cal.
PHOTO ENGRAVER, 20 years' ex
perience; half tone photographer like st
position; best of references. HOMER
LAW, 206 N. Rowan st., Los Angeles, C
POSITION as collector, hotel, tim
stock clerk; experienced handling
best references; married (34); Los Ang
and San Diego preferred. J.
THUR JENKINS, 5017 Wall st., Los
Angeles, Cal.

PRINTED—Job compositor, young married, now confined in state's prison on parole effective March 1, 1938. To make a new start; a square deal for and given. W. C. GINGG, Rep. Cal.

RANCH WORKER—Can milk, pasture separate, etc.; thorough horseman; kind stock; understands gas engines, irrigation; alfalfa or vineyard; experienced on milk hauled; wagoners; thoroughly reliable; anywhere. CHARLES S. BERGER, 1017 W. 7th st., Los Angeles, Cal. Phone 3-4983.

WANTED—Carpenter work of any kind. E. WING, 4624 Fern pl., Los Angeles, Cal. Phone East 2984.

YOUNG ADVERTISING MAN, competent, independent or stenographer, originality, executive ability, thorough office man. 10 years' experience, seeks position. L. L. MULLENHART, 1600 West 14th st., Los Angeles, Cal.

YOUNG MAN, wants a position in wood sheet metal or plumbing shop. R. CULVER, 2241 4th st., San Diego, Cal.

YOUNG MAN desiring practical experience would like to engage with general contractor; wages not so much object as experience. FRANK W. DE WITT, 728 Valencia st., Los Angeles, Cal. Home PH 54884.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

COMPANION—A woman of culture and refinement desires a position as ladies' companion either to travel or remain at home. Can furnish best of references. **NANCY GORLE**, 1343 Shattuck st., Los Angeles, Cal.

ENGLISHWOMAN, educated, desires occupation for few hours daily: good French scholar; mending, etc. **E. IVES**, 339 S. 1st, Pasadena, Colorado 7012.

HOUSEKEEPER, middle-aged reliable woman wants situation with business man or in apartment house; experienced neat and quick. **HUNNA E. WEIR**, 2028 Park st., Portland, Ore.

HOUSEKEEPER—Young woman, daughter of 3 daughters, mother of 3

HOSEWORK wanted by neat, retentive German girl, who is willing to do all speaking. **HELEN LUTZ**, 12 Geary st., San Francisco, Cal. Tel. Douglas 4473.

STENOGRAPHER, competent and reliable, wants position: 8 years hotel public stenographer, previously with large hotel and manufacturer. **MRS. CHARLTON**, 1404 Fourth st., Portland, Ore.

WANTED—Position as managing housekeeper in small rooming or apartment house: Pasadena or Los Angeles, Calif. **PAT HENNING**, 634 Geary St., San Francisco, Cal.

WANTED—Position as bookkeeper by
trained young woman; best of references.
MISS HELEN TESKE, 921 E. 11th
St., Los Angeles, Cal.

WORK wanted by the hour, sewing,
housework. MRS. LENA EGGERT, 427
N. Catalina av., Pasadena, Cal.; tel. (evening)
FAIR OAKS 1281.

YOUNG GIRL wants situation as help
in any suitable work. MISS HELEN
EGGERT, 427 N. Catalina av., Pasadena, Cal.
tel. FAIR OAKS 1281.

WESTERN STATES

HELP WANTED—MALE
WANTED—A1 watchmaker and jeweler with years of experience and first-class references. W. E. BAUER, Trinidad, Col.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE
CHAUFFEUR and practical automobile mechanic (30), temperate and good hal years motoring experience; will go where, CHAS. H. WILSON, 821 Lincoln place, Boulder, Col.

MAN AND WIFE want situation in Washington or Oregon. W.

W. J. YOUNG MAN, 62 Franklin av., Kansas City, Mo., Kan.
REPRESENTATIVE—Experienced in sales position with wholesale house in city; headquarters at Muskogee, Okla.
DAVIS, S. S. Barnes bldg. Muskogee, Okla.
YOUNG MAN (21) would like position with building contractor, with opportunity for advancement; very handy with tools; regards of less importance than opportunity; best references; will go anywhere; no other work. **WM. MELVILLE SAUNDERS**, Box 307, Manhattan, Nev.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

MAN AND WIFE want situation
arm in Washington or Oregon. W.
WAN, 622 Franklin st., Kansas C
ion.

GREAT BRITAIN
HELP WANTED—MALE
WANTED—Butler-valet for small fam
must be thoroughly experienced. Apply w
particulars to MRS. MUMFORD, A
acone, Braiswick, Colchester, Eng.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE
W. W. and L. J. and general

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ATTENDANT, housekeeper, or useful help domesticated, good needlewoman, for children, middle age, excellent references. **HRS. HODGES, 24 Lorna Rd., Houghton, Eng.**

GENTLEWOMAN desires position

MISS TEMPLE, 56 Hillside rd., Hampstead, London, Eng.

MAID who has traveled, desires post and going abroad for few months; good references.

MISS ALICE BAKER, 31 Basinghall st., London, C. Eng.

YOUNG LADY, experienced, seeks re-employment in fancy drapery dept.; used to good medium class trade; good references.

MISS ALICE BOON, care Mrs. Clara Swan st., Suffolk, Eng.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR Classified Advertising Columns bring

break. A telephone call to 4350 Buca will give you information as to terms.

BUYERS' GUIDE TO SHOPS OF QUALITY

EASTERN		EASTERN		EASTERN		EASTERN		CENTRAL		CENTRAL		CENTRAL-CANADA																					
BOSTON ACCOUNT BOOKS —All regulations demanded by the penman of the office or in the home may be found at HARRY, REALE & CO., 108-110 Washington st., Boston. Phone Richmond 1492. ANDERSONS, KITCHEN FURNISHINGS —B. F. MACY, 410 Boylston St., Boston. Tel. B. B. 3609. BIBLER —Largest assortment; lowest prices; various versions, languages and bindings. Send for catalogue. MASSACHUSETTS BIBLE SOCIETY, 41 Bromfield st., mail address 12 Howarth st. BRUSHES , Dusters and Brooms, Sponges and Charcoal Skins. G. H. WORCESTER & CO., 35 Exchange St., off State st. CARPET BEATING —Naphtha Cleaning, Vacuum Cleaning, ADAMS & SWETT CLEANING CO., 130 Kemble st., Roxbury. CHILDREN'S NOVELTIES , Kindergarten Goods, Toys, Dolls, Cards. MRS. J. C. WHITE, 19 Bromfield st. CLEANERS AND DYERS —Lewandos 17 Temple Place 284 Boylston Street, Phone 555-557. Phone Back Bay 3000-3001-3002. 500 Huntington Ave., Boston. Phone 248. COMLEY FLORIST 6 PARK ST. BOSTON. CORSETS —MADAME SARA'S La Patria Corset. Lingerie of all descriptions. Brassieres. 120 Boylston st. DRY GOODS —Ladies' and Gents' Furnishings. Laundry One-Day Service. C. A. BONELLI & CO., 270 Mass. ave. FABER & CO. Exclusive Tailors. Individual Service. Appointments in New York if desired. 338 Washington St., Boston. FLORIST —A. COLEMAN, 897 Boylston st., Transfer Flower Shop, 125 State st., everything that blooms. Tel. B. B. 1937. FLOWERS freshly picked and delivered on short notice at reasonable prices. Houghton, 4 Park st., Hay 2511. FURNITURE —MACEY BOOKCASES AND LITERATURE. MACEY-STEINOR-MORRIS CO., 49 FRANKLIN ST., BOSTON. HAIR —Combing made into braids and puffs. Mail orders. MISS CUNNINGHAM, 25 Temple pl., formerly 48 Winter. LUNCH —FOR GOOD MEAL go to PRESTON'S, 102 Boylston st., Boston. Lunches to take out. LAMPS , Shades, Candlesticks and Candles. Shades. Fictoria refinished and repaired. HOLLINGS, 10, Hamilton pl., Boston. PHOTOGRAPHIC SUPPLIES —The most particular attention to the customer. Bromfield st., for supplies, developing and printing. Try him and see why. PICTURES, MIRRORS AND FRAMES —Carefully selected. W. J. GARDNER COMPANY, 498 Boylston st. RAIN COATS, AUTO COATS —Reliable merchandise for every specific use. Men's Women's. 102 Boylston st., Boston. RUBBER CO., 105 Summer st., Boston. REPAIRING AND REFINISHING of furniture and interior woodwork. J. COHEN, 27 Cambridge st., B. B. 2122. RUBBER STAMPS and Stencils—DIMOND-UNION STAMP WORKS, 175 Washington st., Tel. Main 1738. Send for catalog. STENCILS AND CUTLERY —We mark our dog collars free. ALLEN BROS., 130 Washington st., Boston. Phone 4908-W. TYPEWRITER SUPPLIES —"How-Ko" and "Silk Gauze." OFFICE SPECIALTY CO., 229 Devonshire st., Boston, Mass. VACUUM CLEANER —The "Revere" 45. Small, light, easy to operate. Guaranteed. 176 Federal st., Tel. F. H. 4095. WALL PAPERS of latest styles and highest quality; novelty designs a feature; reprints of high grade paper at low cost. See them. AGUSTUS THURGOOD, 28-40 Cornhill, Boston. 		LYNN, MASS. CLEANERS AND DYERS —LEWANDOS 70 Market Street, Lynn. Phone Lynn 1800. COAL —Anthracite and Bituminous, and Wood. SPRAGUE, BREED, STEVENS & NEWELL, Inc., 8 Central sq. "EVERYTHING TO EAT" —J. B. BLOOD COMPANY, Telephone Lynn 2800. HOUSEFURNISHINGS AND UPHOLSTERY —HILL, WELCH CO., Monroe and Oxford sts., Store on two streets. LUNCH AT HUNTS QUALITY FOOD 18 CENTRAL SQUARE BESSE ROSE CO. SCHOOL SHOES for boys and girls; prices 25c to 50c. HODGKINS SHOE STORE , 26 Market St., Lynn, Mass. J. C. Palmer, Mgr. UNDERWEAR —La Greque Muslim Underwear. The Greque Muslim Underwear is made in Lynn by GODDARD BROS., 70 to 88 Market st., Lynn. 		NEW YORK (Continued) HAIRDRESSING AND MANICURING Artistic Hair Goods KLARK 2043 Broadway, cor. 71st st. Tel. 6587 Col. HAIR GOODS —MME. FRIED, 17 W. 94th st. Buy your hair direct from the importer at wholesale prices. Latest style on how to dress your hair gladly given. Tel. Greeley 3907. HOME FURNISHINGS —Braided and hand woven rugs, baskets, Britania china. HELEN HUNT, 20 E. 43rd St. INSURANCE —Fire, Rent, Profit, Automobile, Bonds, Plate Glass, Tourists' Floater, etc. etc. NATHAN H. WHILL, 1 East 42nd St., Tel. 6412-13 Murray Hill. JEWELRY —HAND WROUGHT Lilla W. Davis, Wednesday and Friday. 915 Carnegie Hall, Tel. 5737 Columbus. LAUNDRY —6TH STREET LAUNDRY Hand work; open air drying. 65 West 67th st., Tel. Greedy 563. LE PAILLON CORSET COMPANY MADAME GARDNER, Manager. 26 West 38th Street, New York Our goods are universally admitted to be of superior style, finish and workmanship. Booklet S mailed on request. LUNCHEON AND DINNER a joy when served with delicacy and good taste at this dining room. 31 West 33d St. LUNCHEON 6c, DINNER 15c. BREAKFAST 45c. EDWARD E. TANNER. Orders taken for cakes, sandwiches, preserves, salads, automobile lunches. 17 W. 37th St., Tel. Greedy 563. MEAT AND POULTRY —GUS MEYER—FAST 45c—HOT CREAM Puddings, Sparklers, Cakes, Wood Boxes, Gas Logs. J. H. CORNING, 102 13th St. MILLINERY —EXCLUSIVE EDNA L. BROUGHTON Tel. Flatbush 3228, 682 Argyle rd., Brooklyn. STENOGRAPHER, OFFICE HELP, etc. furnished free. E. Mabel Flood (Pub. Sen.), 320 Broadway, Phone Worth 45. 		BALTIMORE, MD. (Continued) REAL ESTATE SAMUEL B. WILSON 143 Calvert Bldg. Roland Park Property a Specialty SHOES FOR MEN AND WOMEN N. H. H. SONS 8 East Baltimore St. SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER Men's Furnishings. T. S. STRATTON & SON, Liberty St., opp. Hotel Rennett VIRGINIA LUNCHEON ROOM —Home cooking, prompt service. 211 E. Fayette St., opposite postoffice. 		WASHINGTON, D. C. CLEANERS AND DYERS —LEWANDOS 1335 G STREET N. W. Phone Main 3 DELICATESSEN AND LUNCH LE CLARE'S, 2816-18 14th St. N. W. Phone Col. 191 Prompt delivery DENTIST EDWARD J. BOE, D. D. S. 204 Colorado Bldg. Phone M-6705 DENTISTRY —Dr. Frederick I. Bartlett, 1410 H St. N. W. Phone Main 1146. Gold and Porcelain Inlays a specialty. DENTISTRY J. A. HARTMAN, D.D.S. The Edward 816 12th St. Main 525 DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY THE MAYER CO., Inc. 615 Fifteenth Street, Northwest DISTRICT NATIONAL BANK, 1406 G St. Ask for one of our Dime Banks free and deposit in our Savings Department. DRESSMAKER MRS. HAWKS —The Edlington 16th St. and Col. Road. Phone Col. 1925-M FIREPLACE FURNISHINGS, Andirons, Sparkguards, Grates, Wood Boxes, Gas Logs. J. H. CORNING, 102 13th St. FLORIST and Landscaping Gardening GEO. H. COOKE Connecticut Avenue and L Street FLORIST Z. D. BLACKSTONE 14th and H St. N. W. Main 3707 FLORIST GEO. C. SHAFER 900 14th St. N. W. Phone 2416 Main. GROCERIES, MEATS & PROVISIONS OFFUTT & HUMMER 148 and 160 C St. N. E. Phone Linc. 797 IMPORTING TAILOR HENRY L. KAUFMAN Colorado Building INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE W. P. McDOWELL Kenos 11th & G. N. W. M. 5319 JEWELRY —Watches, Clocks and Jewelry. A. O. HURLBY, 808 14th St. N. W. Phone N. 3296. LADIES' TAILORS —GALOTTA BROS. Riding Habits and Breeches a specialty. 1224 14th St. N. W. Phone North 1881. MILLINERY —STIEBEL Importers, Exclusive Styles 1304 G St. N. W. Phone Main 853 One of the Notably High Class DEPARTMENT STORES OF AMERICA WOODWARD & LOthrop 10th, 11th, F and G Streets PAINTING AND DECORATING G. H. MARKWARD 2210 14th St. N. W. Phone N-2210 Prime Meats, Poultry and Sea Food, Fruits THE BOSTON MARKET, 1410 P St. N. W. PRINTING —Fine half tone and color work. New, modern plant. COLUMBIAN PTO. CO., Inc., 815 14th St. N. W. REAL ESTATE, RENTS, LOANS INSURANCE —BERGMAN & CO., 631 F St. N. W. Phone M. 6812. SHOES FOR MEN AND WOMEN CRESCENT SHOE SHOP W. A. Sween & Co., 525 7th St. N. W. THE LANIER GROCERY PURE FOOD SHOP 1735 Lanier Place. Phone Col. 4352 THE MANHATTAN LAUNDRY 1320 to 1346 Fort St. N. W. Phones North 3854 and 3855 "THE MAXINE PARLOR" 3014 14th St. N. W. Phone Col. 4062. Hairstressing, Manicuring, Shampooing. WM. NORDHOFF —Dealer in and repairer of American and foreign Watches. 910 14th st. N. W. Phone M 4603. 		PITTSBURGH (Continued) PRINTERS of publications, catalogues and job work. ALDINE PRINTING CO., 1331-3-5 Fifth Ave., "Dispatch Bldg." REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE 6220 Butler Street SHAMPOOING, HAIR DRESSING McGINNESS HAIR SHOP Jenkins Arcade Bldg. SHOES —If it has "VERNER" on it it's a good shoe. C. A. VERNER CO., 225 Fifth Avenue 		DETROIT, MICH. APPAREL FOR BOYS AND GIRLS Reasonable prices assured. A. T. BRENNAN CO., 274 Woodward Ave. CONFECTIONERY —KEWVIN. Perfect candies, perfect ice cream, perfect soda. 240 Woodward Ave. Phone Arcade. CARPETS, Oriental and Domestic Rugs cleaned by compressed air and renovated. STAR CARPET CLEANING CO., JAS. J. TRUDELL, Tel. Main 1321. CATERERS TO WEDDINGS AND PARTIES—Ice Creams, Ice Cream Puddings, Fancy Cakes, Cafe Service. BELTRINI & RUSH, 322 Woodward ave. CENTRAL LUNCH CLUB —Home baking and cooking. 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FETTERS, 114 Farmer St. FURNITURE, Rugs, Carpets, Draperies, Pictures, Frames, PRINGLE FURNITURE CO., 121-123 Gratiot Ave. GLASSES —Opera, Field and Marine, Reading and Grading. HURLINGHAM, 805 Woodward, Cadillac 3224. GLASSES —HUGH CONNOLLY, Griswold and State Sts. Marine, Field and Opera Glasses. GRAHAM'S KITCHEN SHOP, 31 E. Grand River Ave. Hardware, cutlery, hotel supplies and house furnishing goods. GROCERIES AND MEATS W. P. ALLEN and SON, 2328 Woodward Ave. Hemlock 159-160 HOLIDAY GIFTS For Thoughtful Givers FOSTER, STEVENS & CO., 120 Farmer Street HOUSEHOLD FURNISHINGS —Furniture, rugs and stoves, etc. SUMNER CO., cor. Mich. and 4th sts. Tel. Cherry 3727 J. IMPORTERS OF MILLINERY, Hanger, neckwear and hosiery. 120 Woodward, cor. Warren. JEWELRY MAKER —PETER SORESEN, Repairer of clocks, watches and jewelry. 213 Woodward ave., room 66. JEWELRY, diamonds, watches, silverware and stationery. Charles W. Warren & Co., 104-106 Washington Arcade building. JEWELRY —HUGH CONNOLLY, Griswold and State Sts. Diamonds, Watches, Silverware and Cut Glass. MARCELLING, Shampooing, Manicuring. Also nail care. 120 Woodward, cor. Warren. MRS. ALICE WRIGHT, Wright-Kay Bldg. 3d floor. Hair Goods and Toilet Articles. MEN'S READY TO WEAR CLOTHES THE HOUSE OF HERBERT 141 Woodward ave., over Sander's MILLINERY NOW at Reduced Prices 244 Woodward ave. Shop 402 OIL PAINTINGS, any size, to order. Write or phone MRS. E. SOUTHWALD 1040 R. 757 Williams ave. REAL ESTATE —For very choice residence and also desirable investment property see P. W. GEORGE 80 Buhi blv. Cherry 4341 SHOES for Men and Women. ROGERS SHOE CO. Exclusive makes, highest grade. 70 Boottory, 243 Woodward ave. STENOGRAPHER—PUBLIC BERTHA B. ELDER, 101 Gray Bldg. Phones (Main 6254, Cad-1957) WOMEN'S UNDERWEAR and Dresses The Noble Shop, 2d floor, Univ. Bldg. 19 E. Grand River ave. Tel. Cherry 3530-R. WORKS OF ART, Pictures, Frames and Mirrors. JAMES E. HANNA & BROS., 203 Washington Arcade. 		GRAND RAPIDS (Continued) IN OUR ART DEPARTMENT we are showing a full assortment of the very latest styles in the famous Royal Society Package Goods, comprising all the desirable stamped novelties of the season. We have also on sale many of our own stamped novelties. M. FRIEDMAN & CO. In this town "the flour the best cooks use." LILLY WHITE FLOUR 114 Monroe Avenue. INSURANCE —EDWARD H. HOLMES, 103 Michigan Trust Bldg. Citizens Phone 1200. INSURANCE —MRS. E. M. CRAFT, 807 Michigan Trust Bldg. Cts. Tel.-Office, 8448; Res., 84515. INVESTMENTS —HOWE, SNOW, CORRIGAN & BERTLES—Let your savings earn 6%—\$1000 bonds and mortgages—tax exempt. Michigan Trust Bldg. JEWELRY, Diamonds, Watches, Silverware J. C. HERKNER JEWELRY CO. 114 Monroe Avenue. LADIES' TAILOR —A. W. WEIGEN—Our new goods for Spring Season will be the finest ever shown. All of the very latest crests of imported and domestic silks and woolsens. WE GIVE 10% DISCOUNT on all orders placed during JANUARY. 145 Fulton St. LADIES' WEAR Suits, Coats, Dresses, Furs and Millinery at prices that will interest you. EMPIRE CLOTHES, 323 Monroe ave. LEWIS ELECTRIC COMPANY THE MOTOR FIRM Motors, Mazda Lamps, Wiring LINEN SALE —During January, 10 to 33-35% Discount on all linens, white goods, sheets, bed spreads, etc. WURZBURG'S LINEN STORE. MEN'S WEAR "That's just a little different." GANNON-TAINE CO. MANICURING —BERTHA BAUMGART, Suc. to Tessendorf, Ladies 3c, Gents 5c. 27 Porter Bldg. Cts. 9326. Bell M 584. MID-WINTER SALE of Gentlemen's Suits and Overcoats. 20% to 25% discount. CAR-HUTCHINS-ANDERSON CO., 125 E. State St. OFFICE SUPPLIES —Everything for the Office—Furniture, Filing Devices, Stationery. BIXBY OFFICE SUPPLY CO. PAUL STEKETER & SONS Dry Goods. Our "32 year" sale offers values that will serve to express our appreciation of the public's patronage. PHOTOGRAPHY THE FRITSCH-FOULAR STUDIO 87 Monroe ave. Phone Cts. 6501. 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Real Estate Market T Wharf Activities Sailings

Final papers were passed today by which Robert Treat Paine conveyed to Laura F. Glenn property at 1 Queensberry street, corner of Audubon road, in the Back Bay Fens, consisting of 5320 square feet of land assessed for \$15,600 and a three-story brick building assessed for \$17,400, making a total assessed valuation of \$33,000. The purchaser, Laura F. Glenn, buys for immediate occupancy, and in part payment for the above property conveys to Robert Treat Paine 11,043 square feet of land on Peterboro street, adjoining the Church of the Disciples, assessed for \$10,900. John C. Kiley was the broker.

The five-story brick residence numbered 137 Peterboro street near Audubon road recently purchased by Robert Alpert, has just been resold through Bernard Davis. There is a large area of land measuring 11,300 square feet taxed on \$15,300 valuation; also made part of the \$80,000 assessment.

SOUTH END TRANSACTIONS
John O. Condon has purchased from the Thomas J. Priest estate, title to the frame stables and 3858 square feet of land, located 80 and 82 Northampton street near Reed street. Total assessment is \$8800, of which \$5800 is land value.

Papers are just going to record from Moses H. Gulesian to Meyer Dana, conveying title to the old Acadia hotel property on Washington and Laconia streets, an account of which appeared in the Monitor at the time of sale. The new owner intends rebuilding the premises for hotel purposes, providing ample fire escapes and other appliances conforming with requirements of the building department. There will be three stories on the street floor.

ROXBURY CONVEYANCES
Residence property at 216 Warren street, corner of Montrose street, has been purchased by Grace E. Smith from Harry E. Hasty, being a frame building and lot of land containing 13,535 square feet, assessed \$4000 on improvements and \$12,900 more on the land.

Another conveyance in Roxbury, was made between Georgina M. Morrill, owner of premises, 8 Ruthven street, near Walnut avenue, and the trustee of the First Swedish Methodist Episcopal church of Boston. It consists of a frame dwelling and 3947 square feet of land. All valued for taxes at \$7300. The land carries \$2000 of that amount.

SALE OF MEDFORD ESTATES
Frank E. Morse has just concluded the sale of several estates in Medford to the Old Colony Realty Associates, and deeds were placed upon record today. No. 87 Bristol road, consisting of a two-family frame dwelling and lot of land assessed together for \$4500; No. 92 Bristol road, consisting of a two-family frame dwelling and lot of land, assessed together for \$5200; No. 94 Medford street, being a three-apartment frame building with lot of land assessed together for \$7800; No. 28 Shapley avenue, Medford, consisting of a two-family frame dwelling and lot of land, assessed together for \$4750, making a total of \$20,700 worth of property at its assessed valuation. Henderson & Ross were the brokers.

REBATE INQUIRY MAY BE TAKEN UP BY THE BOARD

WASHINGTON—As a substitute to the Lane resolution directing an inquiry into alleged rebate-giving by railroads to the United States Steel Corporation, Senator Newlands is to introduce in the Senate today a resolution drawn by the interstate commerce committee, directing that the original charge be referred to the attorney-general and interstate commerce commission for investigation and for any action it deems advisable.

Senator Lane's resolution was before the Senate interstate commerce committee on Monday. The senator, who had been before the committee last week and excused to get further information, was called again.

HAGUE MEETING IN 1915 INDORSED

NEW YORK—At the annual meeting here Monday of the American Peace and Arbitration League, support of the administration's naval program was pledged and the convening of the third Hague peace conference as planned for 1915 was urged.

POLISH CLUB TO ORGANIZE
CHICOPEE FALLS, Mass.—The Chicopee Falls Polish Club has been organized. The purpose is to educate young Polish people in the English language and whatever else will be useful to them in this country.

CARLETON CALLS NEW DEAN
NORTHAMPTON, Mass.—Miss Mary L. Beaton, professor of Latin in Smith College, has been called to Carleton College, Northfield, Minn., to the post of dean of women.

BUILDING NOTICES

Permits to construct, alter or repair buildings were posted in the office of the building commissioner of the city of Boston today as printed below. Location, owner, architect and nature of work are named in the order here given:

Washington st., 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000.

SUFFOLK REGISTRY TRANSFERS
The following list of property comprises the latest recorded transfers taken from the official report of the Real Estate Exchange:

BOSTON (City Proper)
George L. Johnson et al. to John S. F. Seavey, realty, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000.

SOUTH BOSTON
Maria C. Kiley to William McDonough et al., realty, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000.

ROXBURY
Title Guarantee & Mortgage Co. to Charles H. Altwater, Cedar st., Rox., Beacon st., 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000.

DORCHESTER
Herbert B. Budding, trustee, to Herbert B. Budding, Kilton st., d. \$100. Edward P. Sullivan et al. to James A. Sullivan, realty, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202

Stock Market Quiet and Irregular

STOCK MARKET TRADERS SHOW MORE CAUTION

President's Message on the Trusts Considered Important Factor — Price Movements Quiet and Irregular

BOSTON RULES STEADY

Traders in the New York market this morning were inclined to a conservative attitude. They were disposed to await the President's message on the trust question before making extended commitments. Although no anxiety was expressed concerning this address, and while it was assumed that the Street had a pretty good idea as to what its tone would be it was thought that since the market had had a good rise from last month's low point it was discreet to move cautiously for the time being.

Price movements during the early sales were consequently somewhat irregular and business was slow.

On the local exchange a steady tone prevailed and some improvement in prices was noted.

The petroleum stocks appeared to be about the most prominent features in the trading on the New York exchange. Mexican Petroleum preferred was unchanged at the opening at 67 and advanced 5 points before midday. California Petroleum was up a point at the opening at 27½ and advanced more than a point further. Texas Oil was off a point at the opening at 139, advanced to 141½ and dropped a point before midday.

Federal Smelting opened up ¼ at 35½ and advanced more than 2 points further. The general list was disposed to sag.

On the local exchange Granby opened up ½ at 80½, moved up to 81½ and dropped to 80 before midday. Boston Elevated vibrated between 80 and 90.

Trading was quiet, following the reading of the President's message, and, notwithstanding its conciliatory tone, prices were easier. It was pointed out that the favorable features of the document had been previously discounted. Edison Electric was strong on the local exchange.

HIDE & LEATHER CO. STATEMENT

NEW YORK—American Hide & Leather Company reports for quarter ended Dec. 31: Net \$312,028, interest on bonds \$81,225, sinking fund \$37,500, interest on bonds in sinking fund \$46,650, total deductions \$165,375, net \$146,653. For half year ended Dec. 31: Net \$502,291, interest on bonds \$162,450, sinking fund \$75,000, interest on bonds in sinking fund \$93,300, deductions \$330,750, net \$174,541. Net current assets as of Dec. 31, \$9,335, 271. Bonds in the hands of public, Dec. 31, \$5,415,000.

Theodore S. Haight, first vice-president, has been elected to succeed the late Thomas W. Hall. Charles P. Hall, formerly fourth vice-president, has been chosen to succeed Mr. Haight.

MASSACHUSETTS GAS EARNINGS

The combined net earnings available for dividend of the subsidiary companies of the Massachusetts Gas Company for December were \$268,727, a decrease of \$8162, or 2.95 per cent compared with the corresponding month a year ago.

The changes in net earnings show far in the current fiscal year compared with the corresponding period a year ago as follows:

1913 1912

July \$7,162 \$7,422 \$260.55 \$22.30

August 3,716 2,311 45,495 39,335

September 5,620 2,544 44,515 39,315

October 19,035 8,734 40,075 28,330

November 32,302 12,226 39,429 17,690

December 78,162 2,065 26,722 10,908

*Decrease.

WEATHER

UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU PREDICTIONS FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY: Snow or rain tonight and probably Wednesday; colder Wednesday; increasing northerly winds.

WASHINGTON—The U. S. weather bureau predicts weather as follows for New England: Snow or rain tonight and Wednesday; colder Wednesday; north winds, increasing.

Pressure is low in the eastern half of the country and near the average in western districts. Temperatures are lower in Canada and the northwestern districts and generally higher in the interior and eastern portion of the country. The lowest temperature is 18 degrees below zero at Medicine Hat, British Northwest in New England the range is from 2 degrees above at Eastport and Greenville to 32 degrees at Boston and Hartford. Weather continues unsettled with scattered light snow and rain in the interior and eastern districts. Generally fair elsewhere.

TEMPERATURE TODAY
8 a. m. -31.12 noon -35
Average in Boston yesterday, 26.7-12.

IN OTHER CITIES
(8 a. m. today)
Albany -24 New York -38
Buffalo -36 Philadelphia -40
Chicago -38 Pittsburgh -40
Denver -30 Portland, Me -20
New Orleans -30 San Francisco -46
Jacksonville -60 St. Louis -38
Kansas City -36 Washington -38
Nantucket -39

ALMANAC FOR TODAY
Sun rises -7:08 High water, 5:44 a. m. 6:19 p. m.
Length of day, 9:53

LIGHT ACTS LAMPS AT 5:13 P. M.

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK—Following are the transactions on the New York Stock Exchange, giving the opening, high, low and last sales to 2:30 p. m. today:

	Open	High	Low	Last
Alaska Gold	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
Allis-Chalmers	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am Ag Chem pf	94	94	94	94
Amalgamated	75 1/4	75 1/4	74 3/4	74 3/4
Am Beet Sugar	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2
Am B & Fy Co pf	132	132	132	132
Am Can pf	33	33 1/4	33	33 1/4
Am Car pf	114	114	114	114
Am Citrus pf	64 1/4	64 1/4	64 1/4	64 1/4
Am Cotton Oil	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2
Am Linsed Oil pf	11	11	11	11
Am Loco	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2
Am Loco pf	59 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2
Am Leather	68 1/2	68 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2
Am Smelting pf	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2
Am Steel pf	33 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2
Am Sugar pf	110 1/2	110 1/2	110 1/2	110 1/2
Am Tel & Tel	120 1/2	120 1/2	119 1/2	120 1/2
Am Woolen pf	15 1/4	15 1/4	15 1/4	15 1/4
Am Woolen pf	35 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/2
Atchafalpa	97 1/2	97 1/2	96 1/2	97 1/2
Atchafalpa pf	99 1/2	99 1/2	98 1/2	99 1/2
Atchafalpa pf	124	124	123 1/2	123 1/2
Bald Loco	42	42	42	42
Baldwin Loco pf	104	104	104	104
Balt & Ohio	93 1/2	93 1/2	93 1/2	93 1/2
Beth Steel	36 1/2	36 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/2
Beth Steel pf	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2
Brooklyn R T	89	89	89	89
Bull & Pitts pf	116	116	116	116
Cal Petrol	27 1/2	28 1/2	27 1/2	28 1/2
Cal Petrol pf	64 1/4	64 1/4	64 1/4	64 1/4
Cal Pacific	212 1/2	212 1/2	212 1/2	212 1/2
Case Thm M Co pf	33 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2
Cent Leather	68 1/2	68 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2
Cent Leather pf	55 1/2	55 1/2	55 1/2	55 1/2
Ches & Ohio	65 1/4	65 1/4	64 3/4	64 3/4
Chi M & St Paul	103 1/2	104	102 1/2	103 1/2
China	40 1/4	40 1/4	39 3/4	39 3/4
Chi & Gt West	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2
Chi & Gt W pf	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2
Chi & N West	133 1/2	133 1/2	133 1/2	133 1/2
Colorado Fuel	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2
Con Gas	134 1/2	134 1/2	133 1/2	133 1/2
Corn Prod	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
Del & Hudson	154 1/4	154 1/4	154 1/4	154 1/4
Del & Lack	390	390	390	390
Denver pf	29	29	29	29
Edison	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2
Edison pf	47 1/4	47 1/4	47 1/4	47 1/4
Edison pf	38 1/2	38 1/2	38 1/2	38 1/2
Fed M & S Co pf	35 1/4	35 1/4	35 1/4	35 1/4
Gen Electric	146	146	146	146
Gen Motor	46 1/2	46 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2
Gen Motor pf	84 1/4	84 1/4	84 1/4	84 1/4
Goodrich	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
Goodrich pf	81 1/2	81 1/2	81 1/2	81 1/2
Gt Nor Ore	38 1/2	38 1/2	37 1/2	37 1/2
Gt Nor pf	128 1/2	128 1/2	127 1/2	128 1/2
Gt Nor 80 pf	129	129	129	129
Harvester of N J	109	109	108	108
Int Agr Corp	5	5	5	5
Insulation	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2
Int Marine pf	14 1/4	14 1/4	14 1/4	14 1/4
Inter Met	15	15	15	15
Int Met pf	61	61	60 1/2	60 1/2
Int Paper	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Int Paper pf	38 1/2	38 1/2	38 1/2	38 1/2
Int Pump	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
Kan City So	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2
Kan & Texas	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
Kan & Texas pf	65 1/2	65 1/2	65 1/2	65 1/2
Laclede Gas	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2
Lake E & West	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2
Lake E & West pf	18 1/4	18 1/4	18 1/4	18 1/4
Lehigh Valley	153 1/2	153 1/2	152 1/2	152 1/2
Long Island	30	30	30	30
N Y & Nash	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
N Y & Nash pf	81	81	80 1/2	80 1/2
Mex Pet pf	81	81	80 1/2	80 1/2
Mimol	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2
Missouri Pacific	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Mt P & S St M	128 1/2	128 1/2	128 1/2	128 1/2
Nat Biscuit	126 1/2	126 1/2	126 1/2	126 1/2
N R R of M 24 pf	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
N R R of M pf	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2
N Y Central	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2
N Y N H & H	76 1/2	76 1/2	76 1/2	76 1/2
Nor & West	104 1/4	104 1/4	103 3/4	103 3/4
Northern Pac	71 1/2	71 1/2	71 1/2	71 1/2
Northern Pac pf	113 1/2	113 1/2	112 1/2	112 1/2
Ont & West	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Pac Mail	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Pac T & T	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Pennsylvania	113 1/2	113 1/2	112 1/2	112 1/2
Pressed St Car pf	101	101	100	100
Pullman	155 1/2	155 1/2	155 1/2	155 1/2
Ray Con	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2
Reading	169 1/2	169 1/2	168 1/2	168 1/2
Rep I & S pf	49 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2
Rep I & S pf	87 1/2	87 1/2	86 1/2	86 1/2
Rock Island	14 1/4	14 1/4	14 1/4	14 1/4
Rock Island pf	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2
Rumely	16 1/2	16 1/2	16 1/2	16 1/2
Rumely pf	37 1/2	37 1/2	37 1/2	37 1/2
Rv S R	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Saboard	49 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2
Sears-Robuck	185 1/2	185 1/2	185 1/2	185 1/2
Sears-Robuck pf	122 1/2	122 1/2	122 1/2	122 1/2
Sloss-Shef	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2
Southern Pac	94 1/4	94 1/4	93 3/4	93 3/4
Southern Pac pf	100 1/4	100 1/4	99 1/2	99 1/2
Southern Ry	25 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2
St M & N	82 1/2	82 1/2	82 1/2	82 1/2
St L & S F	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2
St L S F	24	24	24	24
St L S F pf	58	58	58	58
Tenn Copper	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2
Texas Co	139 1/4	139 1/4	139 1/4	139 1/4
Third Ave	43 1/4	43 1/4	43 1/4	43 1/4
Union Pac	158 1/2	158 1/2	158 1/2	158 1/2
Union Pac pf	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2
U S C I P	12	12	12	12
U S Express	58	58	58	58
U S Rubber	59 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2
U S Steel	63 1/2	63 1/2	62 1/2	62 1/2
U S Steel pf	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2
Utah Copper	51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2
Utah Copper pf	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2
Western Union	59	59	59	59
Westinghouse	68 1/4	68 1/4	68 1/4	68 1/4
Westinghouse pf	116 1/2	116 1/2	116 1/2	116 1/2
Woolworth	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2

*Ex-dividend.

DAIRY PRODUCTS

Boston Receipts

Today, 1894 tons, 70 bxs, 129,716 lbs butter, 340 bxs cheese, 1945 cs eggs; 1913, 1786 tons, 1920 bxs, 111,388 lbs butter, 230 bxs cheese, 1969 cs eggs.

New York Receipts

Today, 8188 pkgs butter 1126 bxs cheese, 8321 cs eggs; 1913, 7855 pkgs butter, 359 bxs cheese, 8214 cs eggs.

Other Markets

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 19—Egg market easier at 30c.

LONDON MARKET CONTINUES ITS UPWARD TREND

Early Dealings Characterized by Buoyancy, and Irregularity Follows When the Advance in Prices Is Halted

AMERICANS HESITATE

LONDON—Markets generally steady with prices well maintained; Mexican rails strong.

(By Boston Financial News)

LONDON—Securities were easier at the end, leaving off sluggish and irregular.

The movement in consols was wild and they closed flat, having been overbought.

Home rails ruled irregular but reflected cheerful sentiment.

In Americans under professional trading the tone at the end was steady.

Canadian Pacific recovered from the lowest.

South American rails showed an irregular degree of strength and foreigners presented a firm aspect. Relatively the best showing was in Brazilians.

Mines and oils turned easier. De Beers unchanged at 17½. Rio Tinto gained ¼ at 69½.

PARIS—Trading was quiet at the end of the bourse.

BERLIN—Bourse left off quiet.

LONDON MARKET—CLOSE

Consols money 7 1/2 1/2

do account 7 1/2 1/2

Amalgamated 10 1/2 1/2

Atchafalpa 97 1/2 1/2

Atchafalpa pf 99 1/2 1/2

Chicago Great Western 13 1/2 1/2

St. Paul 103 1/2 1/2

Denver & Rio Grande 18 1/2 1/2

Edison 30 1/2 1/2

Edison pf 47 1/4 1/4

Edison pf 38 1/2 1/2

Edison pf 81 1/2 1/2

Edison pf 128 1/2 1/2

Edison pf 129 1/2 1/2

Edison pf 109 1/2 1/2

Edison pf 5 1/2 1/2

Leading Events in Athletic World

YALE FIVE MEETS PRINCETON TEAM IN TITLE SERIES

First Match Between the Two for the Intercollegiate Basketball Championship Will Be Played in New Haven Tonight

SMITH STAR OF BLUE

COLLEGIATE BASKETBALL STANDING	Won	Lost	P. C.
Columbia	2	0	1.000
Yale	2	0	1.000
Cornell	1	1	.500
Princeton	1	1	.500
Pennsylvania	0	1	.000
Dartmouth	0	3	.000

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Yale meets Princeton here tonight in their first match of the Intercollegiate Basketball League championship series and the Blue is especially anxious to win a victory as it will place that team in a tie with Columbia for first place.

While the Yale team did not start the season's practice with very bright prospects, the five has been improving every day and now has two victories and no defeats to its credit in the league series. Princeton has won one game and lost two and is expected to press the home team hard. Both fives have beaten Dartmouth and they look to be fairly even.

That the 1914 basketball season will be one of the closest ever held by the league is the opinion of those who have followed the work of the teams to date. As Cornell entered the series with a team of veteran champions, the Red and White was generally expected to lead again this year, but Columbia sprang a big surprise on the Ithacans and won that game. Since then Columbia has defeated Dartmouth and Princeton and appears to be a likely candidate for championship honors.

Dartmouth promises to have a strong team this year, but the loss of Sisson, who was the champion point winner of the league in 1913 and one of the best forwards in the business, has put the Green out of the championship class.

A good idea of the closeness of the six teams is shown by a study of the points which have been scored in the games. Columbia in its three games has scored 53 points, while its opponents have rolled up 45. Yale in two games has scored 52 points to its rivals' 43, an indication that Yale has a better scoring than a poorer guarding team than the Blue and White. Dartmouth, which is last in the league standing, with three defeats and no victories, has scored 54 points, against 65.

Smith of Yale has the honor of leading the individual players in number of points scored with 26. Benson of Columbia is a close second with 25, but has the advantage of having played in one more game than the Yale man. Seelbach of Pennsylvania and Jackson of Princeton are tied for third with 21 points, the first named having scored all of his in one game while Jackson made his in three. The standing follows:

Name	pts.	pos.	pts.
Smith, Yale	26	pts.	26
Benson, Columbia	25	pts.	25
Seelbach, Penna.	21	pts.	21
Jackson, Princeton	21	pts.	21
Brown, Cornell	17	pts.	17
Snow, Dartm.	16	pts.	16
Sisson, Dartmouth	15	pts.	15
Simon, Princeton	14	pts.	14
Olsen, Yale	13	pts.	13
Lee, Columbia	12	pts.	12
Haldor, Cor. I.	11	pts.	11
Schmidt, Princeton	10	pts.	10
Dwyer, Columbia	9	pts.	9
Dunn, Yale	8	pts.	8
Winship, Dartm.	7	pts.	7
Gill, Princeton	6	pts.	6

TENER GIVES OUT APPROVED LIST

NEW YORK—John K. Tener, president of the National Baseball League, has announced that 33 contracts with players had been approved and officially promulgated. Among the lists of names are those of Arthur Fletcher and George J. Burns of the Giants.

Cincinnati has 22 of its men signed up, and the Boston three. Chicago has signed two of its players. The full list of those whose contracts have been approved and promulgated is as follows:

New York—George J. Burns, Arthur Fletcher, Cincinnati—R. C. Hoblitzel, J. C. Rowan, M. Berghammer, Earl H. Yingling, J. A. Sihoff, Henry K. Grob (for three years), J. C. Benton, Frank C. Mellon, Maurice W. Thier, W. D. Kellough, Charles B. Leer, Irving M. Porter, Wayne Harham, Karl T. Adams, Alfred Narveson, E. H. Hanna, R. M. Couchman, Phil Douglas, C. M. Markie, R. H. Jagersoll, Alfred von Kolnitz, Edward Kipper.

Boston—Walter J. Maraville, John C. Martin, Leslie Mann.

Chicago—Bert Humphries (three years), John J. Corriden.

IRELAND BEATS THE WELSH TEAM

LONDON—The first international association football match of the season was played at Wrexham yesterday when Ireland defeated the Welsh team by 2 goals to 1. During a large part of the time Ireland was compelled to play with only 10 men.

NEW YORK SIGNS WILLIAMS MAN
NEW YORK—The New York Americans have signed A. T. Burr, a student at Williams College, for this season. Burr is a right-handed pitcher, 19 years old and is 6ft. 3½ in. tall.

DARTMOUTH HAS 26 DATES DOWN FOR 1914 SEASON

Varsity Baseball Team Will Not Make Its Customary Spring Trip to the South This Year

HANOVER, N. H.—That Dartmouth will not send her baseball team South this spring is today assured following the announcement of the 1914 schedule by Graduate Manager H. C. McAllister Monday afternoon. The team will, however, have a strong schedule with 25 games already arranged and one yet to be named.

That the southern trip has been given up is due to the fact that weather conditions last year proved very unsatisfactory for the development of the team and it was felt that the large cost of financing such a trip was not justified.

Athletic relations between Dartmouth and Syracuse and Dartmouth and Pennsylvania are further strengthened in this schedule.

One half of the games are to be played in Hanover. Three new teams have been added, Penn State, Colgate and Wesleyan. Exclusive of the spring training trip schedule, Lafayette and the University of Maine have been dropped.

The commencement trip this year will be unusually long, as four games are scheduled for as many commencements, Dartmouth playing at the Williams, Vermont and Amherst and Dartmouth exercises on successive days. The schedule follows:

April 22, Colby at Hanover; 23, unsettled; 24, Holy Cross College at Worcester; 25, Syracuse at Syracuse; 26, Cornell at Ithaca; 27, Syracuse at Hanover.

May 2, Massachusetts Agricultural College at Hanover; 3, Penn State at Hanover; 4, University of Vermont at Hanover; 5, Wesleyan at Hanover; 12, Tufts at Medford; 13, Yale at New Haven; 15, Tufts at Hanover; 16, Williams at Hanover; 18, Princeton at Princeton; 21, Holy Cross College at Hanover; 23, Norwich at Hanover; 27, Harvard at Cambridge; 28, University of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia; 29, Wesleyan at Middletown; 30, Holy Cross College at Worcester.

June 3, Colgate at Hanover; 19, Williams at Williamstown; 20, Vermont at Burlington; 21, Amherst at Amherst; 22, Amherst at Hanover.

SIXTEEN GAMES FOR THE BOWDOIN VARSITY TEAM

Baseball Nine Gives Up Trip to Rhode Island and Connecticut—Seven Contests at Home

BRUNSWICK, Me.—Despite the fact that the Bowdoin varsity baseball team will not visit Rhode Island and Connecticut this fall, a good schedule has been arranged for the 1914 season. Last year the team had eight contests as against 16 for the coming spring.

Owing to the fact that new regulations have gone into effect this year providing that a certain percentage of the games played shall take place on the home grounds, it was found necessary by Manager D. R. Ewell to give up the spring trip. No less than seven of the 16 games will take place at home as against three for 1913.

Under the new regulations, the annual games with Brown, Rhode Island State, Wesleyan and Andover will not be played this year. New teams on the schedule are the Portland of the New England League, Norwich University and New Hampshire State College. The schedule follows:

April 14, Harvard at Cambridge; 15, Bates at Brunswick (exhibition); 20, Portland New England League team at Portland; 24, pending; 25, Trinity at Hartford; 26, Norwich University at Brunswick; 27, Colby at Brunswick; 28, Tufts at Medford; 29, Maine at Orono; 30, Tufts at Portland; 31, Colby at Waterville; 28, New Hampshire State at Brunswick; 30, Bates at Lewiston; June 5, Ivy Day; Bates at Brunswick; 24, Alumni at Brunswick.

YALE HONORS FOOTBALL MEN

NEW HAVEN—H. H. Ketcham of Brooklyn, N. Y., captain of last year's football team, is the man most to be admired, and P. G. Cornish, Jr., of Albuquerque, N. M., another member of the eleven, is the most popular man and best all-around athlete in the class, according to the vote of the Yale academic senior class as contained in the compilation of class statistics, announced Monday.

FOOTBALL DATES FOR LEHIGH TEAM

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, Pa.—The football schedule of Lehigh University has been announced by Manager Carl S. Wagner. It calls for nine games, as follows:

Sept. 26, Franklin and Marshall at home; Oct. 3, Carlisle Indians at home; 10, Yale at New Haven; 17, Carnegie Tech. at home; 24, Muhlenberg at home; 31, Johns Hopkins at home.

Nov. 7, Penn State at home; 14, Villanova at home; 21, Lafayette at Easton, Pa.

LAKE SIGNS WITH FEDERALS

NEW YORK—Lake, a pitcher of the Detroit American League club, has signed to play with the Baltimore team of the Federal league, according to a report published here. Lake is a resident of Brooklyn.

KLING RELEASED BY HERRMANN

CINCINNATI, O.—August Herrmann, president of the Cincinnati baseball club, has announced that John Kling, the catcher, had been unconditionally released.

ENGLAND TAKES THIRD TEST GAME FROM SO. AFRICA

Later Team Plays Well in Its Second Innings, but Is Unable to Keep Visitors From Winning by Margin of 91 Runs

HOBBS BATS STRONGLY

(Special to the Monitor)
JOHANNESBURG, Transvaal—The third test match, played recently at Johannesburg, ended, as mentioned in The Christian Science Monitor's cable despatches, in a victory for England by 91 runs. South Africa played well in their second innings against heavy odds and for the first time during the present tour, apart from a few drawn matches, England failed to win by an innings. Probably most people, Englishmen and South Africans alike, hoped that South Africa would win as the fact that the rubber has been definitely won by England takes away from the interest of the remaining two tests.

In their first innings England ran up a total of 238, to which South Africa replied with 151. Hobbs was once again the hero of the English side so far as batting went, and almost scored another century. He was, however, caught by Ward off Dixon's bowling when he had made 92 and with Rhodes he made another stand of over 100 for the first wicket. Rhodes was the next highest scorer with 35. Mr. Douglas scored 30, Hearne 27, and the Hon. L. H. Tennyson 21. The best play for the South Africans was shown by Mr. Zulch, who made 38, and P. Hands, who hit his wicket in pulling a "googly" from Hearne after scoring a confident 25. Taylor was the most successful bowler against the Englishmen taking three wickets for 15 runs in 10 overs, of which five were maidens. Blackenberg had three wickets for 54. Hearne and Barnes were the most successful English bowlers, the former taking five wickets for 49 runs and the latter three for 26. In the second innings England scored 308 runs. Mr. Douglas and Mead being the big scorers with 77 and 86 respectively. Hobbs had 41, Woolley 37, Relf 25 and Mr. Bird 20 not out.

South Africa for a time shaped as though they intended to make the 390 they required to win. H. W. Taylor and J. W. Zulch putting on 153 for the first wicket. Subsequently however there was a collapse and, although Ward and Blackenberg made a determined stand later, the side were all dismissed for 304 runs, England winning by 91 runs as stated. Taylor's 70, Zulch's 82, Ward's 40, and Blackenberg's 59 were all innings of great merit but the feature of the second innings was again the work of Barnes who although ineffective at first bowled magnificently in the later stages of the match. At one point he bowled five overs, including four maidens, and took three wickets for five runs. Altogether in the match he had eight wickets for 148 and in the three tests so far he has taken 35 wickets for 392 runs. The fielding of the Englishmen was again of the highest class, Tennyson and Relf being exceptionally good.

M'LOUGHLIN TO COACH COLUMBIA

NEW YORK—H. McLaughlin of the New York A. C. has been appointed as wrestling coach for Columbia University. The new coach has been trying out since it was learned that William Bingham, the famous English wrestler, could not act again this year.

The schedule shows three of the six dual meets at home, including Cornell, the present intercollegiate champion, as follows:

Feb. 7, Lehigh at South Bethlehem; 12, Pennsylvania at Columbia; 20, Yale at Columbia; 27, Cornell at Columbia.

March 7, Navy at Annapolis; 13, Princeton at Princeton; 27, intercollegiate preliminaries at Philadelphia; 28, intercollegiate finals at Philadelphia.

TRINITY TO PLAY THIRTEEN GAMES

HARTFORD, Conn.—Thirteen games have been arranged by the Trinity College baseball management for the coming season, as follows:

April 25, Bowdoin at Hartford; 29, Rhode Island State at Hartford; May 1, Yale at New Haven; 2, Stevens at Hartford; 6, Worcester Tech at Hartford; 9, Brown at Providence; 13, Norwich Academy at Hartford; 16, Wesleyan at Hartford; 20, Wesleyan at Middletown; 23, Williams at Williamstown; 27, Y. M. C. A. College at Hartford; 30, Wesleyan at Middletown; June 6, New York University at Hartford.

HARVARD RELAY TEAMS TO ENTER

Harvard has decided to enter the short and long distance relay teams at the Irish-American A. C. meet in New York Feb. 14.

Manager Charles G. Squibb of the Crimson team has written to the New York authorities and if favorable matches can be made it is expected that Harvard will enter.

PRINCETON 5, WEST POINT 0
WEST POINT, N. Y.—Princeton and West Point met on Lake reservoir Monday at hockey. Princeton, with H. A. H. Baker in their lineup, won from the cadets by 5 to 0.

PICKUPS

Richard Bayless has been appointed captain of the Venice club of the Pacific Coast league.

Dr. Albert Daly, recently inaugurated mayor of Bayonne, N. J., was a member of the Athletics at one time.

It is expected that the Portland team of the Pacific Coast league will do its spring training at Santa Maria.

President Fultz of the Baseball Players' Fraternity says that any member who jumps a contract will be expelled.

Sam Kennedy, who is to scout for the Detroit Americans this summer, formerly served in that capacity for the Philadelphia Athletics.

The late Andrew Hillerich, who was a famous maker of baseball bats, had a fine collection of some of those used by the great players of bygone days.

Manager Connell of the New Haven club of the Eastern association has the unique record of having played with that club for 13 successive years.

The grading for the new New York American league baseball grounds has been completed and the infield built. It is planned to build a single story stand that will seat 30,000 persons.

Manager Carrigan of the Boston Americans has refused to consent to the trading or selling of Janvrin, the utility infielder. He expects him to show major league form this summer.

The Austin club of the Texas league has signed A. F. Mulholland, who managed and played center field on the Victoria team in 1913. He is one of the fastest fielders and hardest hitters in this state.

Los Angeles is just now the stopping place of a number of famous baseball players, including Mathewson, Tesreau, Myers, Wilson, Fromme, Snodgrass, Shaffer, Whaling, Duguey, Russell, Eastery, Hall, Daley and Stovall.

According to John M. Ward, the former New York Giant shortstop and later part owner of the Boston Nationals, Edward Hanlon of the Baltimore and Brooklyn Nationals and Connie Mack of the Athletics are the best managers ever developed.

HARVARD TRIALS ARE TOMORROW

Trials for the Harvard varsity relay teams will be held at Cambridge tomorrow afternoon for the purpose of selecting the men that will compete in the coast artillery meet at Irvington army on Saturday night. This will be the first race for the teams this year.

Based on the showing made by the men to date it is expected that Capt. W. A. Barron '14, A. Biddle '16, E. W. Mahan '16 and Wingate Rollins '16 will make up the 390-yard team. W. J. Bingham '16, F. W. Capper '15, J. C. Rock '15 and E. P. Stone '15 are the men expected to make the 780-yard quartet.

TUFTS TO PICK TEAM THURSDAY

MEDFORD, Mass.—Coach McDonald of the Tufts College track team plans to send his candidates for the 390-yard relay team through a trial test Thursday afternoon for the purpose of selecting the four men that will meet Massachusetts Agricultural College in the Coast Artillery meet Saturday night.

It is several years since Tufts had such a fast squad to select from as is the case this year. The men who have done the best work in practice are Captain Teel '15, Heys '16, Holden '16 and Stafford '16.

WANDERERS TO MEET I. A. C.

NEW YORK—The Wanderers Hockey Club meets the Irish-American A. C. seven in St. Nicholas rink tonight in the first of their amateur hockey league games for 1914. The two teams are now tied for last place in the standing with 2 defeats.

BROOKS SUCCEEDS BELL

ORONO, Me.—At last meeting of the University of Maine athletic board, the resignation of R. W. Bell '16 as cross-country captain for next fall was accepted, and the election of J. S. Brooks '15 to fill the vacancy was ratified.

BROOKLINE SWIMMERS MEET

The annual swimming exhibition of the Brookline Municipal Gymnasium Athletic Association will be held in the gymnasium today. A number of events are planned.

POOTLE WINS AT PINEHURST

PINEHURST, N. C.—F. B. Pootle of Jefferson was the gold medal winner in Monday's tin whistle golf play on the six-point system. Twenty-seven qualified for future rounds.

N. Y. AMERICANS SIGN RUDDY
NEW YORK—Frank Ruddy, a local semiprofessional player has been signed with the New York Americans. Ruddy plays either infield or behind the bat. He is 21 years old.

TUFTS MEETS TECH. TONIGHT
The Tufts College hockey seven meets the Massachusetts Institute of Technology tonight in the Boston Arena.

HARVARD COACH PLANS TO SHIFT CREW VETERANS

Compulsory Practise Will Start Feb. 9, and Most Promising Men Will Be Tried Out in Various Seats in the Shell

FRESHMEN ARE LIGHT

Although the official call for candidates for the Harvard varsity and freshman crews will not be issued by Head Coach James C. Wray until Feb. 9, the Monday following the close of the mid-year examinations at the university, a good sized squad of both veteran oarsmen and first year men have been turning out for voluntary practise which ends Wednesday on the machines in the boathouse. Some 15 varsity candidates have reported thus far, while about double that number of freshmen have been working out daily to bring themselves into condition by the time the men are called out next month. Coach Wray is at the boathouse every afternoon, and in the morning Tuesday and Thursday, and while he is not yet officially listing the men, the work being entirely voluntary, they are drilling under his direction.

It is not Mr. Wray's plan this season to try the varsity men who rowed in last year's crew in the same positions they occupied in the boat, but it is his intention to shift the men around, and try out new material for each place so that all the candidates for the first boat will be given an opportunity to show what they can do. A number of the best oarsmen have not come out yet, and are either engaged in other branches of sport, or are working for the examinations, and have not the time to give for practise until after the first call is made. Mr. Wray is confident that the men will turn out strong this year for both the varsity boats and the freshman crew, and that he will have an unusually large number of candidates to pick from.

Among the varsity men who have turned out for voluntary practise are Capt. Quentin Reynolds '14, who was bow in the varsity last year; Bartlett Harwood '15, who rowed 4; Leverett Stanton '14, who was bow in the varsity last year; and Henry A. Murray, Jr., '15, who was 3 in the same boat. Of the other members of the varsity eight F. H. Trumbull '14, G. M. McVicar '15 and L. S. Chanler '14 are busy with their studies, and are expected to report with the first call, while E. D. Morgan, Jr., A. M. Goodale and G. F. Stratton are lost through graduation. William T. Gardiner '14, who stroked the four last year, will be out later; while T. J. D. Fuller, Jr., who was 2 in the four, will not row this year.

Of last year's freshman eight, James Talcott, Jr., who rowed 2, D. P. Morgan, Jr., who was 4, and K. B. G. Parson, C. E. Schall and L. S. Chichester, who were 6, 7 and stroked respectively, have reported so far, while the other members of the crew, A. T. Lyman, bow, E. W. Soucy and T. H. Potter, will not be able to report for work until after the mid-year examinations. Other veteran oarsmen who have turned out for voluntary work are Henry Middendorf '16, M. B. Metcalf '16, J. A. Jeffries '16 and C. C. Lund, who stroked the third crew last year.

The freshman squad that has turned out for work, while it has several men that are very promising, is as a whole too light, and the addition of several heavy men will be necessary to make up a first year boat strong enough to hold its own against other college freshman crews. However, nearly all the men who have come out for voluntary work are new, very few of them being members of the freshman crew of last fall. J. C. White, '17, who stroked this crew being the only one that has reported regularly so far, and Coach Wray feels confident that when the call is issued next month the first year men will turn out strong, and that there will be enough heavy men among them with rowing ability to make up the necessary weight, and that the freshman boat this year will be fully up to the standard.

FEDERAL PARK FOR BALTIMORE

BALTIMORE—A contract has been let for the grading of the Federal league grounds here, and work will start in a few days. Director Edward Hanlon of the local club, who returned from Chicago Monday, said that the Federal league was in a stronger position now than at any other time.

He added that too much publicity had played into the hands of the opposition, and there would be no more publication of names of signed players until the league was ready to show its strength.

ZIMMERMAN SIGNS FOR 3 YEARS

CHICAGO—Henry Zimmerman has signed a three-year contract to play third base for the Chicago National league club. The new contract is for the seasons of 1915-16-17, his present contract with the Cubs holding over the coming season.

BAKER SOLD TO MONTGOMERY

PITTSFIELD—Howard Baker, who played at second base for Pittsfield in 1913, has been sold to the Montgomery club of the Southern league.

SIX TEAMS WILL ENTER MEET FOR RACQUET TITLE

Amateur Doubles Championship Scheduled to Be Played on Courts of N. Y. Club

NEW YORK—Drawings have been made for six teams to compete in the national amateur doubles racquet championship to be held on Thursday, Friday and Saturday on the courts of the New York Racquet and Tennis Club. For the first time in many years Philadelphia will not be represented. This is due to the absence of R. K. Cassatt in Europe and the inability of G. H. Brooke to get a partner.

Lawrence Waterbury, the national singles champion, has entered, and his partner will probably be Payne Whitney. Should the latter be unable to play, Mr. Waterbury will team up with another member of the New York Racquet and Tennis Club. George C. Clark, Jr., is also drawn for the opening day's play, but has yet to name his partner. Boaton is represented by G. R. Fearing and H. D. Scott, two veterans; Chicago will send C. G. Osborne and G. A. Thorne, and St. Louis will have Dwight Davis, donor of the Davis international lawn tennis trophy, and J. W. Weur.

Two games will be played on Thursday. In the opening match G. C. Clark, Jr., and partner will face their club-mates, George M. Heckscher and Stanley Mortimer, while Lawrence Waterbury and partner are drawn against the Chicago pair, C. G. Osborne and G. A. Thorne. In the upper half of the draw for the second day's play G. R. Fearing and H. D. Scott will play the winners of the first match, while the lower half will bring together J. W. Weur and Dwight Davis and the successful pair in the second contest. The final match will be played on Saturday. The draw follows:

Thursday, 11:30 a. m., G. C. Clark, Jr., and partner, New York Racquet and Tennis Club, vs. George M. Heckscher and Stanley Mortimer, New York Racquet and Tennis Club; 1:30 p. m., C. G. Osborne and G. A. Thorne, Chicago Racquet Club, vs. Lawrence Waterbury and partner, New York Racquet and Tennis Club.
Friday, 11:30 a. m., George R. Fearing and Hugh D. Scott, Boston Racquet and Tennis Club, vs. winner of Clark and partner-Heckscher and Mortimer match; 1:30 p. m., J. W. Weur and Dwight Davis, St. Louis, vs. winner of Osborne and Thorne-Waterbury and partner match.
Saturday, 1:30 p. m., winners of semifinal round.

JENNINGS NOT TO BE FEDERAL

SCRANTON, Pa.—Hugh Jennings, manager of the Detroit American league team, has denied emphatically the story that he is going to jump to the Federal league.

"Would you consider an offer from the Federal league now?" Jennings was asked.

"I would not consider any offer from any Federal league club now under any conditions," was Jennings' answer. "I have signed a 1914 contract with the Detroit club."

THREE DETROIT PLAYERS SIGN

DETROIT, Mich.—The signed contracts of pitcher George Daus and Bauman, second baseman, have been received by the Detroit American League Baseball Club, according to official announcement.

It was also stated the club had been informed that shortstop Owen Bush had mailed his signed contract from Indianapolis, but it has not been received here.

JOHNSON NAMES UMPIRES

CHICAGO—Eight of the nine umpires who will officiate in the American league have been announced by President Johnson. The list includes Sheridan, O'Loughlin, Connolly, Dineen, Evans, Egan, Hildebrand and Chell, who was in the American Association last year.

VARITY CLUB FOR ILLINOIS

URBANA, Ill.—Efforts are being made to establish an "I" club at the University of Illinois along the lines of the varsity clubs now in existence at Harvard and some of the other colleges. A man must win his letter in some major sport to secure membership in these clubs.



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THE HOME FORUM

TEACHING BY STORY TELLING

IN all American newspaper offices every article published is called a story, even if it is some statement of stocks and bonds or report of legislative debate. This use of the word has real significance. Humanity likes story telling, not because it is fiction but just to the degree that it is true. A story in this sense is a teacher of true things. The newspaper standard for what shall attract and instruct the public—that it shall have the interest of a story—has the highest authority. Jesus used stories to teach his profound lessons. They were stories and yet they were never fiction. They were all accounts of true things, the simplest actual experiences of every day, which every one had known. This kind of a story is a very different thing from fiction, which seeks its end by mere invention and aims to startle or amuse.

Story telling as a means of education in the schools therefore is held worthy of respectful study. The revival of folk-song and dancing which has taken such a hold in the United States did not start here; but it is said that the revival of oral story telling is a distinctively American movement. People make a definite artistic study of story telling, and few of these stories are without

their kernel of really lofty purpose. It is of course an interesting reversion to old ways, when all literature and thus all teaching had to be conveyed orally. Many of the most important pieces of literature, including of course the parables and sermons of Jesus, were transmitted orally and written down from memory by some one else than the originator. The revival of this ancient form today is accompanied by modern aids. There is a magazine for oral story tellers and books are written on the subject. The work is chiefly educational, he it said; that is, it is chiefly in the hands of teachers, though some people appear before a general public.

"Good Morning"

There is little substance in the words, "Good morning," and yet mankind has no influence comparable to what they may mean. Uttered in the beginning of the day, they set the tone for the feeling and conduct of the population. There are more smiles; there are better relations; there are finer feelings; there are more wholesome compensations in the goings and comings of the life of the community.—Woman's World.

Descendants of the Clockmaker Naundorff

THE Paris civil law court has decided that the descendants of Naundorff, the clockmaker, who belonged to the early part of last century, have the right to call themselves "Bourbons." His two grandsons, Jean Louis and Charles once brought an action against the Paris newspaper, *Patric*, because Henri Rochefort wrote in an article in that paper that they had usurped the family name of Bourbon illegally. The court assessed the damages at 5,000 for each of the plaintiffs. Their claim was for \$15,000. The grandfather, Karl Wilhelm Naundorff settled early in the nineteenth century in Crossen, Prussia, as a clockmaker, and made a very scanty living. But in 1833 he came to Paris and claimed to be the son of Louis XVI, who had been in prison but had escaped, and, according to tradition, been apprenticed to a clockmaker. There had been several pretenders before Naundorff, but they were all treated as swindlers and put in prison. Although the Princess Maria Theresa Charlotte, the daughter of Louis XVI, refused to see him or recognize him as the brother with whom she had been in the temple prison, there were many people who believed him and

assisted him in furthering his claim to the family fortune of the Bourbons which amounted then to \$300,000,000. In 1836 the French government ordered his deportation. He went to England and later to Delft in Holland where he lived up to 1845. Not very long ago the French Senate received a petition signed by Charles Louis of Bourbon praying for himself and his brothers the grant of French citizenship, the referee gave his assent to the petition, and thus the grandsons' right to sue in the name of Bourbon has been recognized by the law courts.

Commodities Travel Fast

What shows the marvelous development and efficiency of modern transportation so clearly as fruit? No commodity is more quickly perishable, yet the north has its oranges, bananas, grapefruit, pomegranates, guavas, alligator pears and persimmons quite as freely as the South, where they grow. Among savages, trade between widely separated places is only in the imperishable things; but Boston eats Florida strawberries in February or March, and Florida has Maine apples all winter.—Youths' Companion.

MUSIC OF ETHELBERT NEVIN

VANCE THOMPSON'S newly published sketch of Ethelbert Nevin is said by the writer or compiler to be practically autobiographical, and it has indeed the intimate charm of a story told by the friends who knew and loved "the man and by his own letters, written to those he loved and trusted. We see the eager and yet self-distrustful boy taking his first lessons with B. J. Lang, good friend to all struggling genius that sought Boston as its mecca. He goes to hear Mr. Lang practice in the old Chickering hall and pronounces him the "cleanest, broadest and most truly artistic pianist" he has yet heard—quite above any little trickery that speaks effect. The influence of this sane and kindly teacher of youth is seen in all Nevin's after experience. He writes of his admission to the orchestra which was rehearsing for the Berlioz "Requiem" under Mr. Lang. The latter wanted him to study the piece in this way, and so Nevin makes his debut as a player of the cymbals!

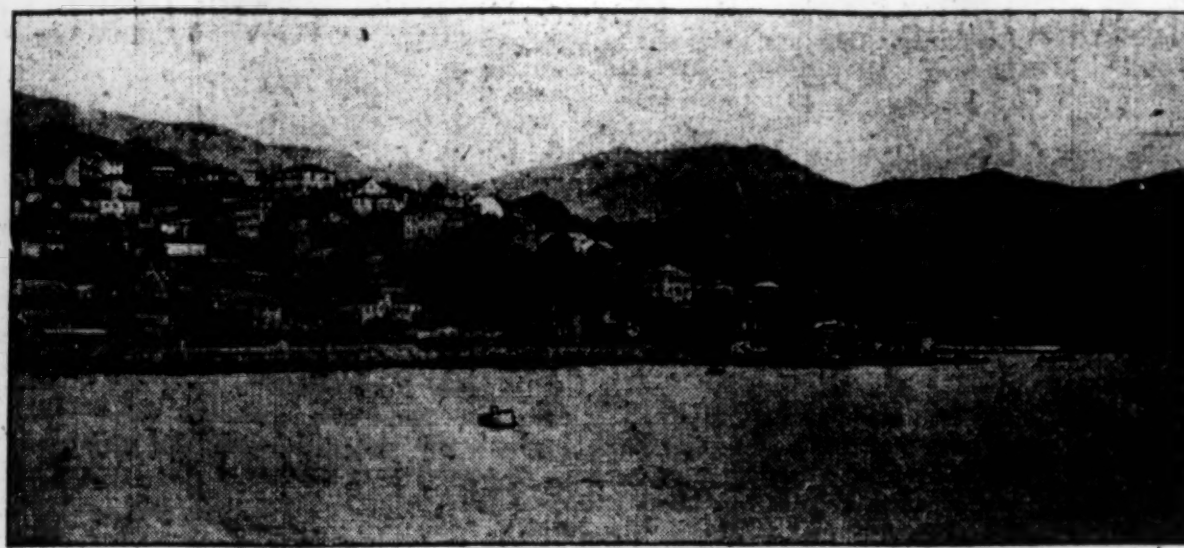
He composes an "Impromptu" which is so hard to play that he thinks of asking Mr. Lang to give it to him for a piano lesson. With all the encouragement he is sometimes disheartened and wonders whether a contented clerk is not better than a discontented artist. He is housed on Mt. Vernon street when a lady who has the site above objects to his constant playing and he is asked to move. She called on the young student before he went, however, and they became such good friends that we presently find her sending him flowers from her greenhouse and oranges from Florida, with a note saying how she misses his playing. His mother writes him a birthday letter wherein she thanks God for the gift of

NOAH WEBSTER ON SHIPBOARD

WHEN Noah Webster went to Europe to study in the libraries during the compilation of the dictionary he sent back to his family an amusing account of the voyage. They were 23 days on the trip to London in a sailing ship that carried 21 passengers and a crew of 20. The entire company, so Webster writes, consisted of "dozens of gallinaceous fowls [those wrote the lexicographer], a dozen ducks and about as many turkeys, half a dozen geese, about as many pigs and sheep, a goat and three kids; three French ladies, one female servant, one English colonel from Canada, an English gentleman and lady with their son and a servant, eight or 10 Frenchmen, three or four Americans, one German, one Swede, etc."

When the waves rolled mountain

CASTELNUOVO IN HERZEGOVINA



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Japanese Literature

Under the title, "Life and Literature in Japan," the editor of the Japan magazine comments thus:

In the west every newspaper and periodical has some reference to the latest books, and is regarded as lacking in public interest if reviews of current literature are not given from time to time; yet how inconsistently meager is the attention devoted to the output of the Japanese press, where fiction, essays and current periodicals have the same relation to life that they have in the west. If the occidental public took the same interest in Japanese literature as a reflection of life that Japan takes in western literature there would be a more hopeful outlook for the progress of internationalism. The west cannot, of course, be expected to read Japanese literature, though nearly all educated Japanese can read either English, French or German; but the occidental public might reasonably be expected to give some intelligent attention to reviews of Japanese modern literature and so get some conception of what Japan is thinking, grasp her present point of view.

New Hope With Us

We are living in the age of a great regeneration. There is hardly a man in whose face I do not see some form of it. New hope is with us.—John Jay Chapman.

Models Better

Children have more need of models than of critics.—Progressive Teacher.

this son to her. She encloses some money to buy himself a gift and he goes out to buy something for her, which he sends back with his thanks for the happiness she has given him.

His "Narcissus" was so popular that when he was giving concerts in the West he tells how he earns applause with the very first bar of the piece which he calls "that nasty little 'Narcissus'." "That nasty little piece." On one occasion the lights went out in the hall and a panic threatened before they could be restored. So he simply began to play "Narcissus" and everybody sat still.

The lyric power of Nevin is insisted on throughout the book in citations from critics of note, who claim for him a place apart, where there is always frank and pure melody instead of the fragmentary groping of much modern music. Mme. Schumann-Heink's enthusiastic estimate of the "Rosary" is recorded. She says it is a song with which she can win tumultuous applause, not only in America, but abroad. She tells of singing it in private for the Emperor, the Empress and Queen Alexandra, then the guest of the Kaiser. The original manuscript of the "Rosary" has been given by Mrs. Nevin to the Congressional Library at Washington.

Thankfulness Essential

Now, thankfulness is not a minor virtue. It is not one of the elementary virtues which may be left behind as we become more mature. I believe that thankfulness is essential to the strength of every virtue, and that without it every other branch is starved and lean.—J. H. Jovett.

NOAH WEBSTER ON SHIPBOARD

high, as they seemed from the tiny ship, they all "had a little comfort from the bird in the cage. This bird was suspended in the round house over the gangway, and safe from the wind, and amidst the roaring of the sea and the agitation of the ship, we were several times cheered by the notes of the little songster. . . . Indeed we have a great variety of music and discords. The squealing of the pigs, the bleating of the sheep and goats, the crowing of the cocks, and the squalling of the Englishman's child, alternately or jointly salute our ears. . . . "We are well furnished with eatables and drinkables. We usually have on table at dinner beef or mutton, pork and two or three kinds of fowls. Our last dish is a plum pudding or rice pudding or apple pie—yes, apple pie in the midst of the Atlantic!"

JOHN HOWARD PAYNE'S CAREER

STRANGELY like the portraits of Michelangelo is the reproduced daguerrotype of John Howard Payne straight to the world's heart. One hundred thousand copies were sold in less than a year of its first publication. But though the song is cherished the world over, the author is often remembered only by the story that represents him as wandering about the streets homeless and in want and looking into the windows of opulent homes whence issued the strains of his tender song—a story that is probably pure fiction. At any rate the feature of extreme poverty is entirely lacking in any true story of his career, for though he did not reach the heights of fame toward which his youthful precocity as an actor seemed to point, and though his great song yielded him a mere bagatelle pecuniarily, yet as a playwright and dramatic critic he passed many interesting and honorable years, and afterward served his country in Indian affairs and as consul to Turin.

Although Payne was a New York boy he spent much of his childhood at the country home of his grandmother on Long Island, and thus it was out of his own youthful memories that he could sing of the lowly cottage, the birds singing gaily and the dear peace of an unworldly home. Payne was but 17 when he made his debut at the Park theater in New York and directly became extravagantly popular.

In Boston and other large cities his triumphs were repeated, and later he was "superlatively praised" abroad. But he had not the material for a great actor in him; his brilliant effects while honesty obtained were not so much achievement as intuition; they were largely spontaneous and not grounded in study and patient industry. In a few years his acting was exchanged for dramatic writing, and he either wrote or adapted with translations about 60 plays. One song in one of these plays, "Clari, the

Dr. Robert Bridges Slow to Enter Upon Duties

Apropos of the Christmas hymn addressed to King George by Dr. Bridges, whose appointment to the office of poet laureate dates from the 15th of last July, the Observer (London) says:

Mr. Robert Bridges has been longer than most of the laureates in getting to his official labors. His predecessor, Mr. Alfred Austin, was only 10 days in office before he turned out the lamentable verses on the Jameson raid. "There are Girls in the Gold-reef City." His appointment was announced in the New Year's honors list of 1896, and the poem appeared in the Times (London) of Jan. 11. Tennyson, who became laureate in November, 1850, inscribed a dedication to the Queen in a fresh edition of his collected poems published early in the following year. Southey produced his first official ode—one on the New Year—just 100 years ago; he had worn the bays in silence since September. Wordsworth, oddly enough, did not write a line of poetry during his laureateship of seven years. As a matter of fact, his only literary output during the entire period was two letters in 1844 on the projected Kendal and Windermere railway.

Continue in Justice

It is not enough to be just where there is honor to be gotten, but to continue so, in defiance of infamy and danger.—Seneca.

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With

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Truth Supreme

The garnered wisdom of the past she drew
Into her life, as flowers the sun and dew;
Yet valued all her varied lore
But as the avenue and door
That opened to the Primal Beam
And sense of Truth supreme.
—Christopher Cranch.

"UNTIL SEVENTY TIMES SEVEN"

WRITTEN FOR THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

CHRIST JESUS taught that resentment is unlike God, therefore foreign to the thought of the man that God created. During the three years of his teaching and working he was always loving and never offended by any discourteous treatment or any exhibition of hate. The people turned him out of their cities and synagogues; they were constantly seeking to kill him, but never a word or sign of resentment had this glorious Son of God to return to them. He called even Judas, who had just betrayed him with a kiss, "Friend." When suffering on the cross he prayed, "Father, forgive them; for they know not what they do." Peter, one of his apostles, sums up his character in these words: "Who did no sin, neither was guile found in his mouth: Who, when he was reviled, reviled not again; when he suffered, he threatened not; but committed himself to him that judgeth righteously." Here is our example of how to love. The result of this absolute lack of resentment was the ability to heal sin and disease instantaneously and to vanquish that seeming arch-enemy, death. Jesus was offended only when the offense was against God; as when he was tempted by Satan (evil suggestions) and by Peter to take upon himself God's powers and attributes. Then his sentence was quick and terrible. The ruler of the synagogue rebuked him for healing on the Sabbath day and he said, "Thou hypocrite!" The Master knew that his authority for doing good and his protection was in divine Love. Under every provocation he kept himself simply and sweetly loving, and wrongdoing, sin, disease and death fled at his reproof.

Now, our Father, who is ever present, loves us even in greater degree with this steadfast, constant love. He sees us as his perfect ideas, his children. How patient He is with us! If we were to strive to be as patient and loving and true with one another the earth would become a different place—an abode of peace and harmony. The man who is busy thinking loving thoughts, busy about his Father's business, has not time to take offense. The Discoverer and

Founder of Christian Science, Mary Baker Eddy, has this uplifting thought in her "Miscellaneous Writings" (p. 224): "We should go forth into life with the smallest expectations, but with the largest patience . . . determined not to be offended when no wrong is meant, nor even when it is, unless the offense be against God. Nothing short of our own errors should offend us. He who can willfully attempt to injure another is an object of pity rather than of resentment."

The offender in the last analysis hates the one he tries to injure and the moment resentment arises in the thought of the other he also hates. Now, if the offender is met with pity, which is akin to love, instead of resentment, an upward step has been taken. When the erring one is apprehended as a child of God; when we see beyond the false man to the spiritual idea of God, love for the offender begins and heaven, harmonious thought, is instantly "used." The loving thought is reflected to the one who would offend and harmony in his consciousness descends. This is the only road to take which will enable us to pray sincerely, "Forgive us our debts, as we forgive our debtors." There are no cross-lot ways to go. Hate is always hate and of the carnal or mortal mind. The material mind does not know how to correct itself. Only some degree of understanding of the one Mind, the God who is Love, qualifies us to dissipate resentment from consciousness and to begin to love our brother as our Father loves us. Then we forget the offense and forgive the offender.

Peter asked Christ Jesus if he should forgive his brother seven times. The reply was, "Until seventy times seven." It may seem like a stupendous work to undertake to forgive our so-called enemy again and again; it may seem almost a hopeless task to win back a friend who hates falsely that we are trying to wrong him, but Christian Science is showing the way. Mrs. Eddy, through the inspiration gained by forgiving in the Christ-like way, writes: "The last act of the tragedy on Calvary rent the veil of matter, and unveiled Love's great

legacy to mortals: Love forgiving its enemies. This grand act crowned and still crowns Christianity: it manifests mortals: it translates love: it gives to suffering, inspiration; to patience, experience; to hope, hope; to faith, faith; to understanding, understanding. Love triumphant!" (Miscellaneous Writings, p. 124).

To understand God is to comprehend His eternal existence, His meaning, His universe, His infinite manifestations or expressions, the highest of which are His children, made in His likeness. The Christian Science text-book, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" by Mrs. Eddy, points the truth that we may begin now to understand that God's existence is Spirit, that His meaning is Love, that He created His universe and His children spiritual, and that they are spiritual now. The opening of thought to the wondrous truth that God is Love, that He is the one Mind, and sends only everlasting love to His children gathers us into at-onement with Him whom Christian Science names our Father-Mother, and brings an apprehension of the true significance of brotherly love. The human consciousness grows pure and holy with this thought entertained, until resentment fades away as darkness gives place to the rays of the rising sun and we take up our inheritance "in the secret place of the most High" where Love abides eternally.

Missions and the Churches

Thoughtful observers have long been aware that the revived interest and zeal in foreign missions, which have marked the religious life of this country during the past 50 years, must vitally affect the relation of the different Christian bodies with each other, an editorial writer in the Times (London) says. Years ago Bishop Westcott, with that wide and lofty vision which placed him in the true succession of the prophets, declared that reunion, when it comes, will come from the circumference rather than from the center. He looked for the first movement towards a deeper fellowship in those mission outposts where devoted men representing various Christian churches learn how small their differences are in comparison with their fundamental agreement and how the matters to which all give cordial assent are just those which they must needs emphasize in their dealings with non-Christian races. As this becomes plain, and it becomes plainer every year, Christian missionaries will inevitably attempt to sink their differences and seek for methods of cooperative action. Confronted with a native population roughly estimated at 4,000,000, mainly pagan and readily responding to the efforts of Muhammadan missionaries who are vigorously at work in East Africa, it is natural that Christian leaders there should come to feel the shame of their separation and the great advantage of closer union.

From "Songs of the Average Man"

There's morning dew upon the grass
That smiles in sparkles as we pass,
The sunrise gilds the lifted crest
Of yon fair mountain in the West
And we are strong to travel far
From sunrise to the Evening Star.
Oh! ye far mountains rise sublime,
Our days are in their earliest prime,
And 'tis the work of youth to climb
All mountains. Further summits still
The echo of our cry shall give,
And roll from hill to sounding hill
"We, who are about to live
Salute you!"
—Sam Walter Foss.

Wild Turkey in Oklahoma

It is reported that the wild turkey is becoming rapidly extinct in Oklahoma and can now be found only in the wild mountainous section in the southeastern part of the state.

CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT

Picture Puzzle

REGARD YO
WITH STRONG
APPROVAL



What U. S. S. officer?

ANSWER TO YESTERDAY'S PUZZLE
Zulu.

Nimble Jackrabbits

Whoever rides out along the prairies of western Kansas early one morning in fine weather will find the big jackrabbits busy at work feeding, but the moment they catch sight of any one, off they fly as fast as the powerful springs in their hind legs will carry them. Sometimes they enter the settler's cornfields to nibble at the stray grains. When the dog appears, says a writer in Our Dumb Animals, off they dash, their long ears laid down flat against their neck as they go bobbing down the furrows, leaving Rover to wonder.

Moonlight in Winter

It is a fact that there are a greater number of hours of moonlight in winter than in summer. It is also true that the moonlight of winter is brighter than that of summer. The first circumstance arises from the fact that the moon being in nearly the same plane as the sun and earth, and being at full when it is on the opposite side of the earth from the sun, it is higher in the sky when the sun is lowest (as in winter). The moon therefore being higher or farther north when it is full, rises earlier and sets later in winter than in summer, giving a longer period of moonlight each day. In other words, it is above the horizon for a longer time owing to its more northerly position in the heavens when it is full and capable of shine, just as the sun is above the horizon for a longer time and gives a greater number of hours of light during the summer when it is farther north.

The foregoing applies especially to the northern hemisphere, but similar conditions also hold for the southern hemisphere and its winter.

That the moonlight of winter is brighter than that of summer is due partly, continues a writer in the Woman's National Weekly, to the circumstance that the moon being higher up in the heavens actually gives more light to the earth. In other words, the earth's surface is more favorably placed to receive the moon's light, and the moonlight has a shorter path through the earth's atmosphere and is less absorbed by it.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

"First the blade, then the ear,  then the full grain in the ear"

EDITORIAL

Boston, Mass., Tuesday, January 20, 1914

Anglo-German Relations Are Improving

IT HAS been an open secret for many months that the relations of Germany and the United Kingdom have been undergoing a steady process of improvement. The visit of Lord Haldane to Berlin was, perhaps, the turning-point. In interested circles every effort was made to show that that visit had utterly failed in its intention, but it was known to those who were better informed that the inch gained by that statesman had been steadily lengthening into the proverbial ell. The work so initiated by Lord Haldane was renewed with even greater effect by Sir Edward Grey during the days of the ambassadors' meetings in London. Sir Edward had, until then, not been regarded popularly as a particular friend of the German entente. In Germany, indeed, he was regarded rather as the protagonist of the policy of Agadir. From the moment, however, that he took his seat as president of the ambassadors' meetings his relations with the German representative grew in cordiality, with the result that his services in the cause of peace have found possibly their most generous appreciation in the mouths of Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg and Herr von Jagow in the Reichstag.

The immediate effect of all this has been seen in the loosening of the fleets in the North sea. For a year or so past the British fleet in the North sea has been augmented at the expense of the Mediterranean and every other station, whilst the contractors' men worked feverishly at the great new naval station at Rosyth. Simultaneously the German fleet was concentrated round Cuxhaven, and tireless efforts were made to perfect the improved bolt-hole of the Kiel canal. Today Downing street and the Wilhelmstrasse have so far recovered their senses, or have so far recovered their nerve, in declining to permit the sensational efforts of certain interests to dictate to them, that the great fleets, always lying out opposite each other in expectation of war, have been reduced to their normal capacity. A large percentage of the English ships have gone back to the Mediterranean from whence they came, whilst a corresponding section of the German fleet has steered out into the Atlantic on a cruise in the direction of South America.

The most noticeable contribution, however, to the chorus of voices proclaiming peace has come with the new year from Mr. Lloyd George. The chancellor of the exchequer was the man to whom it fell to put down the official foot at the moment of the Agadir crisis. It is he who now takes it up no less emphatically, and declares that that crisis has been in the nature of a blessing in disguise, inasmuch as it has forced both nations to see how near they were to the edge of the precipice. The day, he declares, of the scaremonger, whether as journalist, militarist or exploiter of armaments, is over and for the future the two countries will begin their return to the path of friendship, along which they walked together for so many centuries until they were tempted from it by the organized insanity of the armament competition.

The fact that it is going to be no longer possible to play off the suspicions of Berlin and London against one another will constitute a new and important factor in the game of European diplomacy, and no man will welcome the fact more than the Kaiser, who for a whole decade has stood absolutely immovable, in the face often of misrepresentation and even calumny, in his determination to maintain the peace of the two great branches of the Germanic family.

Increasing Use of Cotton Fabrics

STATEMENTS made in these columns a few months ago to the effect that artistic treatment of cotton in the weaving of fabrics was bringing the latter into fashionable recognition and wide popularity are now confirmed fully in several quarters, in none more emphatically and satisfactorily than on the shelves and counters of the great retail dry goods houses and in the costumes turned out by the modistes. A dream of the southern section of the United States is thus being realized, but in a most unexpected manner. In the days of cheap cotton and consequent dull times in that section, the hope was that cotton might somehow or other be brought into more general use at home and abroad. The outlook seemed unsatisfactory at home, because United States women as a rule were wearing goods made of every other fiber than the great staple of their own country, and it appeared that with them cotton would always be "common." Better things were expected from the Orient, however. If China, for instance, could only be opened to American trade, cotton would go up, perhaps to 7, or it might even jump to 10 cents a pound.

It is unnecessary to talk of cotton prices in this place. What happened with relation to cotton consumption was not even to be imagined in the early nineties. Suffice that it has been put to scores of new uses. Moreover, as it has come into greater use it has also come into greater fashion. The mills are no longer content with turning out plain cotton or calico. They are producing some cotton weaves that place the fabrics on a level with those composed of much costlier fibers. Cotton goods and clothing made from cotton goods are no longer essentially common. The work and the art that enter into the manufacture of cotton goods are now appraised, and with the result that people are already heard to wonder how it ever happened that cotton wear was thought below the notice of the rich and the fashionable.

Cotton is not, nor can it ever be, linen, wool, silk, satin or velvet. It must remain cotton. But as cotton, and standing upon its own merits, it now ranks, in its place, with the best. It is not "cheap" in the offensive sense, it is not "common," it is not "low." It can be treated so as to present a very dignified appearance; it can be made up so as to carry an air of gentility. It is worn today openly by the proudest, as it is worn comfortably by the humblest. The great American staple has come into its own.

A VANCOUVER, B. C., housewife who is fond of dealing in facts has figured it out that in going about her occupations she walks thirteen miles every day. Her case, of course, is not exceptional, although there are men who think that housework involves little activity.

SECRETARY DANIELS turns out to be a true prophet. He believed that the enlisted men of the navy would respond to his provision for schools in which they could acquire knowledge when at sea, knowledge useful to them whether remaining in the service or reassuming civilian activities. His view has been proved one of insight. Reports from vessels of the fleet indicate a high percentage of possible enrolment, with ardent enthusiasm shown by the men. There is nothing at all surprising about this. The human material enlisted of late years for the United States navy has been of a kind very different from that of the traditional past. Standards for the crews have risen greatly, as was inevitable with the duties involved in handling modern machinery of a highly intricate kind. Recruits to a considerable extent have come from inland towns and villages. They have brought with them not only stalwart bodies but also good schooling and decent habits. Working upon this material the officers already have wrought into shape a body of youth and men that call forth admiration when, on cruises, they touch at overseas ports.

This being so, a provision for combining school with ship service, for adding to personal assets greater stores of information and manual aptitudes, naturally has been appreciated. Involving little increased cost moneywise, the venture spells gain to the men and to the navy. Whatever their subsequent lot and calling they will be better equipped for the work. For those of them who stay with the flag, more education means chance for recognition, promotion and honor.

WHILE grandstand seats on the Detroit baseball grounds are to be reduced from \$1 to 75 cents next season, the price of box seats is to be raised from \$1 to \$1.25, so that where a fan economizes one day he is liable to be extravagant the next.

Splendid Gift for Detroit

MANY good things have come and are coming to Detroit, Mich., in these later years, and something more than a passing or conventional compliment is intended when it is said that all of them have been and are deserved. Detroit has long nourished influences and forces that combine for communal advancement in the highest sense, and hence the opportunities, activities and responsibilities—and the rewards—that have seemingly crowded upon her recently have not found her unprepared. Her growth almost from the beginning has been along cultural as well as commercial lines. She has had and has now many citizens of the stamp of Clarence Monroe Burton who have given her wise direction and from the character of whom she has taken a civic impress that promises to endure.

If Mr. Burton had stopped with his literary and historical work, his contribution to the permanent wealth of Detroit would have been great enough to insure lasting recognition and gratitude. His "Sketch of the Life of Antoine de la Mothe Cadillac," his "Cadillac's Village or Detroit, 1701-1711," his "In the Footsteps of Cadillac," and his "Revised Landmarks of Detroit," works of inestimable present value, will be indispensable to historians of the future. In pursuit of information concerning Detroit and the early Northwest at its sources, Mr. Burton has accumulated one of the largest and most valuable libraries of Americana in the United States West. It includes about 30,000 volumes, 40,000 pamphlets and 600,000 unpublished documents, including copies of archives in France, Canada and the United States.

This magnificent library, together with the fireproof buildings housing it, Mr. Burton now proposes to present to the city he loves so well and for which he has already done so much. It would be impossible to place a money valuation upon such a gift. The collection has cost many years of seeking and searching; it probably contains, in thousands of instances, historical data that cannot be duplicated. At all events, it represents largely the life-work of a devoted student, scholar and patriot. Detroit will surely accept it gratefully and eagerly, and cherish it as a priceless heritage.

SIX HUNDRED cases of eggs from China have recently been received in San Francisco. These, however, are not china eggs and their importation has nothing to do with the revival of darning.

WISCONSIN must be alert or Kansas will out-point her in making journalism a matter of social concern, university education and professional pride. For the plans now working out for a national and a state conference on journalism to be held at Topeka next May, under the combined direction of the Kansas Editorial Association and the state university, indicate a movement of importance. Four days prior to the annual meeting of the editorial association at Manhattan, are to be given over to discussion at the university by working editors and by instructors in the school of journalism, of such matters as printing costs, advertising, news and newspaper accounting and typography.

Among other subjects of a more general sort, to be dealt with by men of national reputation, are these: Should a paper publish reports of crime? Is the newspaper a private interest or a public utility? Is the adoption of a code of ethics advisable or feasible? Should the publisher by law be responsible for the advertisement he carries? Is the influence of the press a myth? How does annual expenditure of a billion dollars in advertising affect the cost of living? These are only specimens of the sort of queries that in Kansas people are asking about journalism, and that journalists are keenly seeking light upon.

We can detect no similar alertness among editors in any of the six New England states, and not much more in any part of the country east of the Alleghanies. Yet, as the projectors of this conference say in their bulletin, "Wholesale criticism of the newspaper is undermining the influence of the editor; states are passing half-baked bills for its regulation, and Congress is considering radical legislation." It is high time that journalism everywhere should be made a subject of scrutiny, within and without the calling. Fortunately are those states where editorial associations have other conceptions of their duties than those which are chiefly gastronomic and convivial, and where, in union with university departments of journalism, both active workers in the profession and those interested in journalism are getting some understanding of the technical and ethical demands of newspaper-making.

Navy School Courses Popular

PRESIDENT WHEELER of the National Chamber of Commerce and the institution for which he speaks must, in all reason, be regarded as constructive forces. The organization named was formed for the sole purpose of strengthening the business interests of the United States by bringing them into closer and more sympathetic relationship with the interests of the government. If it has any aim or mission whatever, any reason for existence, it is that of striving through moral suasion to influence legislation touching upon business affairs along rational, conservative, safe lines. Mr. Wheeler made an address in Milwaukee, the other night significant of the change that has recently come over the business sense—or better, the business consciousness—of the United States. It goes farther than any other utterance we have seen or heard recently toward showing the business attitude of the nation in its new lights.

For example, as reported by the Journal, Mr. Wheeler in the course of his remarks traced briefly the history of the railroads in their relation to the public. He pointed out that the community, state and nation combined had given the former over \$1,000,000,000. Presently, however, the railroads forgot this help and adopted an attitude toward the public which resulted in government regulation. Through the protective tariff, toward the building of infant industries, etc., the people contributed much more than \$1,000,000,000 to business, and the great concerns thus built up also too often forgot the favors they had received and the people who granted them, with the result that regulation for business is also a possibility. Business is now realizing its errors, says Mr. Wheeler. It knows that the old methods of influencing legislation in its favor are going forever. It sees that it can no longer seek more than its share of legislative favor. Special privilege is a thing of the past.

This is no utterance from a radical source. It is a calm summing up of the situation by a man who is aiming to bring business, the people and their government into a more equitable and friendly relationship. But it reveals a change of thought in the commercial sentiment of the United States that is little short of revolutionary in character.

THINNING out the forests of Arizona under government supervision, and for their good, is a very different matter from despoiling the forests in other states, under private management and regardless of consequences.

A QUESTION seems to be raised regarding the soundness of the generally accepted theory of astronomy. This will not hurt the generally accepted theory of astronomy if that theory be true.

For evidence that the notion persists, and not only persists but grows, that society can be made over by enactment of laws, reference may be had to the fact that over 2100 bills with petitions have been filed with the clerks of the two branches of the Massachusetts Legislature. The spectacle of men climbing Beacon hill on the last days for the introduction of new business, thronging the corridors of the State House and standing in long line to offer their proposals of new regulations, arouses admiration for the patriotism of the people. Never so many bills, never so many petitioners. And is the equation that there was never such interest in good government?

Examination of the bills presented would show that they were not originated in selfish design. The petitioner with the bill under his arm is not a self-seeker. His ardor is that of the man who would serve his fellow men. Only, the service is to be done by the General Court and at the expense of the commonwealth. Patriotism it is, but patriotism somewhat qualified by the fact that it costs no more than the trouble to climb a historic hill and make a request of an overworked Legislature, for a principle—and an appropriation. The Massachusetts system lends itself ideally to the process. No petition can be ignored. There are no pigeonholes in which it may disappear. Not till the Legislature has passed upon every one of these more than two thousand projects may the Governor promulgate the General Court.

So far as these measures have been assigned, it is revealed that the greatest number going to one committee is assigned to that on social welfare. Here we have a hint of the motive power of this great outpouring. Only recently has there been a social welfare committee. It was added to the list in order to have attention paid to the many measures of reconstruction of society that have come to be the expression of a new movement. Social welfare there may have been in other days, but it is distinctly new as sought by legislative enactments in such number as to exceed all others. If all the 2100 measures were to be enacted there would be a new state, a new code, completely new methods of enforcing it, nothing lacking but a new sort of men and women to live under and conduct themselves by it.

The Legislature of Massachusetts will doubtless be excused by the people if it deals rather summarily with the bulk of these bills. It cannot be difficult to determine which of them the people can get along reasonably well without. We respectfully propose a new rule of conduct, that no laws be made for which there is not a positively shown necessity. The choice should include not all that it may be shown will be of possible use and benefit, but only those that the people of the state can hardly get on without.

AT A cost comparable with that of the Panama canal, forty railroads operating in the Chicago industrial zone are contemplating the electrification of their terminals. Plans and estimates for the undertaking have alone cost \$500,000, it is said. Comment upon this might easily be confined to the two words, why not? The longer electrification is put off the greater will be the cost.

TWENTY years is the legal limit of a traction franchise in Chicago, and the \$150,000,000 subway undertaking for that city seems to hinge upon the prospects of getting out of it all that was put into it, with reasonable profit, in that time. Twenty years has been a long period in Chicago in the past, and it looks as if it might be in the future.

JUST as an illustration of the breadth of variety of thought and interest in the United States, it may be well to mention that a contest is on between the leading cities of Texas with the view of determining how they rank in the matter of paying the poll tax.

New Lights in Business

Too Much Asked of the Lawmakers

Journalists to Talk Journalism